# Calendar No. 520

109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3521

[Report No. 109-283]

To establish a new budget process to create a comprehensive plan to rein in spending, reduce the deficit, and regain control of the Federal budget process.

# IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

June 15, 2006

Mr. Gregg (for himself, Mr. Frist, Mr. Allard, Mr. Enzi, Mr. Sessions, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Ensign, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Alexander, Mr. Graham, Mr. Kyl, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Craig, Mr. Brownback, Mr. Isakson, Mr. Demint, Mr. McCain, Mr. Vitter, Mr. Thune, Mr. Chambliss, Mr. McConnell, Mr. Bunning, Mr. Domenici, Mr. Inhofe, Mr. Sununu, Mr. Santorum, Mrs. Dole, Mr. Allen, and Mr. Martinez) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Budget

July 14, 2006

Reported by Mr. GREGG, with an amendment

[Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

# A BILL

To establish a new budget process to create a comprehensive plan to rein in spending, reduce the deficit, and regain control of the Federal budget process.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE: TABLE OF CONTENTS...

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be eited as the
- 3 "Stop Over Spending Act of 2006".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents for
- 5 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title: Table of contents..
  - Sec. 2. Purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Severability.

#### TITLE I—LEGISLATIVE LINE ITEM VETO ACT OF 2006

- Sec. 101. Short title.
- See. 102. Legislative line item veto.

#### TITLE II—DEFICIT REDUCTION

#### Subtitle A—Definitions, Administration, and Sequestration

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Administration, reconciliation, and effect of sequestration.
- Sec. 203. GAO Compliance Report.

#### Subtitle B—Discretionary Spending Limits

- Sec. 211. Discretionary Sequestration Reports.
- Sec. 212. Limits.

#### Subtitle C-Maximum Deficit Amount Limitation

- See. 221. Maximum Deficit Amount.
- Sec. 222. Reporting of excess deficits.
- Sec. 223. Congressional response to OMB and CBO Reconciliation Report.
- Sec. 224. Revised estimates and final maximum deficit amount sequestration reports.
- Sec. 225. Maximum deficit amount-Presidential order.
- Sec. 226. Congressional response to low growth.
- Sec. 227. Exemptions from sequestration.
- Sec. 228. Submission of President's budget; maximum deficit amount may not be exceeded.

## TITLE III—BIENNIAL BUDGETARY AND APPROPRIATIONS

- Sec. 301. Revision of timetable.
- Sec. 302. Amendments to the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control
  Act of 1974.
- Sec. 303. Amendments to title 31, United States Code.
- Sec. 304. Two-year appropriations; title and style of appropriations Acts.
- Sec. 305. Multiyear authorizations.
- Sec. 306. Government plans on a biennial basis.
- Sec. 307. Biennial appropriation bills.
- Sec. 308. Report on changes in law.
- Sec. 309. Effective date.

#### TITLE IV—COMMISSIONS

#### Subtitle A—National Commission on Entitlement Solveney

- Sec. 401. Definitions.
- Sec. 402. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 403. Expedited consideration of Commission recommendations.

# Subtitle B—Commission on Congressional Budgetary Accountability and Review of Federal Agencies

- Sec. 411. Definitions.
- Sec. 412. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 413. Duties of the Commission.
- Sec. 414. Powers of the Commission.
- Sec. 415. Commission personnel matters.
- Sec. 416. Expedited consideration of reform proposals.
- Sec. 417. Termination of the Commission.
- Sec. 418. Authorization of appropriations.

#### TITLE V—BUDGET PROCESS REFORMS

- Sec. 501. Definitions.
- Sec. 502. Annual Concurrent Resolution on the Budget.
- Sec. 503. Committee allocations.
- Sec. 504. Budget resolution adoption.
- Sec. 505. Consideration of the budget resolution.
- Sec. 506. Budget projections.
- Sec. 507. Reconciliation.
- Sec. 508. Budgeting levels.
- Sec. 509. Determinations and points of order.
- Sec. 510. Extraneous matter in reconciliation legislation.
- Sec. 511. Adjustments.
- Sec. 512. Direct spending limitation.
- Sec. 513. Appropriations requests of the President.

#### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are—
- 3 (1) to enable the President and Congress to re-
- 4 scind wasteful spending in an expedited manner;
- 5 (2) to effectively balance the budget by 2012;
- 6 (3) to reinstate statutory discretionary caps;
- 7 (4) to reduce the practice of using spending
- 8 designated as an "emergency" as a mechanism to
- 9 <u>circumvent spending caps;</u>

1	(5) to establish targets for the deficit as its
2	share of the United States economy, specifically as
3	a percentage of Gross Domestic Product;
4	(6) to require automatic spending reduction rec-
5	onciliation directives to achieve annual deficit tar-
6	<del>gets;</del>
7	(7) to put in place automatic sequester proce-
8	dures to reduce discretionary and mandatory spend-
9	ing when either statutory caps have been exceeded
10	or deficit targets have not been met;
11	(8) to require Congress to act upon legislation
12	to ensure the solveney of the Social Security and
13	Medicare Programs;
14	(9) to require Congress to act upon legislation
15	to identify and eliminate waste and duplication in
16	Federal programs;
17	(10) to establish biennial budgeting;
18	(11) to strengthen and improve the Congres-
19	sional budget resolution and reconciliation process;
20	<del>and</del>
21	(12) to provide short term and long term solu-
22	tions to ensure the financial security of our nation
23	so that our children and grandchildren will not be
24	saddled with insurmountable debt.

#### SEC. 3. SEVERABILITY.

- 2 If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
- 3 this Act, or the application of such provision or amend-
- 4 ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
- 5 tutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made
- 6 by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such
- 7 to any person or circumstance shall not be affected there-
- 8 by.

# 9 TITLE I—LEGISLATIVE LINE

# 10 **ITEM VETO ACT OF 2006**

- 11 SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
- 12 This title may be eited as the "Legislative Line Item
- 13 Veto Act of 2006".
- 14 SEC. 102. LEGISLATIVE LINE ITEM VETO.
- 15 (a) In General.—Title X of the Congressional
- 16 Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
- 17 621 et seq.) is amended by striking part C and inserting
- 18 the following:
- 19 "Part C—Legislative Line Item Veto
- 20 "EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN PROPOSED
- 21 RESCISSIONS
- 22 "Sec. 1021. (a) Proposed Rescissions.—The
- 23 President may send a special message, at the time and
- 24 in the manner provided in subsection (b), that proposes
- 25 to rescind dollar amounts of discretionary budget author-
- 26 ity, items of direct spending, and targeted tax benefits.

1	"(b) Transmittal of Special Message.—
2	"(1) SPECIAL MESSAGE.—
3	"(A) IN GENERAL.—
4	"(i) Four Messages.—The President
5	may transmit to Congress not to exceed 4
6	special messages per calendar year, pro-
7	posing to rescind dollar amounts of discre-
8	tionary budget authority, items of direct
9	spending, and targeted tax benefits.
10	"(ii) Timing.—Special messages may
11	be transmitted under clause (i)—
12	"(I) with the President's budget
13	submitted pursuant to section 1105 of
14	title 31, United States Code; and
15	"(II) 3 other times as determined
16	by the President.
17	"(iii) Limitations.—
18	"(I) IN GENERAL. Special mes-
19	sages shall be submitted within 1 cal-
20	endar year of the date of enactment of
21	any dollar amount of discretionary
22	budget authority, item of direct
23	spending, or targeted tax benefit the
24	President proposes to rescind pursu-
25	ant to this Act.

1	"(H) RESUBMITTAL.—If Con-
2	gress rejects or does not complete ac-
3	tion on a bill introduced under this
4	Act, the President may resubmit some
5	or all of the dollar amounts of discre-
6	tionary budget authority, items of di-
7	rect spending, and targeted tax bene-
8	fits in that bill in not more than 1 ad-
9	ditional special message under this
10	part or part B.
11	"(B) CONTENTS OF SPECIAL MESSAGE.—
12	Each special message shall specify, with respect
13	to the dollar amount of discretionary budget au-
14	thority, item of direct spending, or targeted tax
15	benefit proposed to be rescinded—
16	"(i) the dollar amount of discretionary
17	budget authority available and proposed
18	for rescission from accounts, departments,
19	or establishments of the government and
20	the dollar amount of the reduction in out-
21	lays that would result from the enactment
22	of such rescission of discretionary budget
23	authority for the time periods set forth in
24	subparagraph (A)(iii);

1	"(ii) the specific items of direct spend-
2	ing and targeted tax benefits proposed for
3	rescission and the dollar amounts of the
4	reductions in budget authority and outlays
5	or increases in receipts that would result
6	from enactment of such rescission for the
7	time periods set forth in subparagraph
8	(A)(iii);
9	"(iii) the budgetary effects of pro-
10	posals for rescission, estimated as of the
11	date the President submits the special
12	message, relative to the most recent levels
13	calculated consistent with the methodology
14	described in section 257 of the Balanced
15	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
16	of 1985 and included with a budget sub-
17	mission under section 1105(a) of title 31,
18	United States Code, for the time periods
19	<del>of</del>
20	"(I) the fiscal year in which the
21	proposal is submitted; and
22	"(H) each of the 10 following fis-
23	eal years beginning with the fiscal
24	year after the fiscal year in which the
25	proposal is submitted;

1	"(iv) any account, department, or es-
2	tablishment of the Government to which
3	such dollar amount of discretionary budget
4	authority or item of direct spending is
5	available for obligation, and the specific
6	project or governmental functions involved;
7	"(v) the reasons why such dollar
8	amount of discretionary budget authority
9	or item of direct spending or targeted tax
10	benefit should be rescinded;
11	"(vi) the estimated fiscal and eco-
12	nomic impacts, of the proposed rescission;
13	"(vii) to the maximum extent prac-
14	ticable, all facts, circumstances, and con-
15	siderations relating to or bearing upon the
16	proposed reseission and the decision to ef-
17	feet the proposed reseission, and the esti-
18	mated effect of the proposed rescission
19	upon the objects, purposes, and programs
20	for which the budget authority or items of
21	direct spending or targeted tax benefits are
22	<del>provided; and</del>
23	"(viii) a draft bill that, if enacted,
24	would rescind the budget authority, items
25	of direct spending and targeted tax bene-

1	fits proposed to be rescinded in that spe-
2	eial message.
3	"(2) Analysis by congressional budget
4	OFFICE AND JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION.—
5	"(A) In General.—Upon the receipt of a
6	special message under this section proposing to
7	rescind dollar amounts of discretionary budget
8	authority, items of direct spending, and tar-
9	geted tax benefits—
10	"(i) the Director of the Congressional
11	Budget Office shall prepare an estimate of
12	the savings in budget authority or outlays
13	resulting from such proposed rescission
14	and shall include in its estimate, an anal-
15	ysis prepared by the Joint Committee on
16	Taxation related to targeted tax benefits;
17	and
18	"(ii) the Director of the Joint Com-
19	mittee on Taxation shall prepare an esti-
20	mate and forward such estimate to the
21	Congressional Budget Office, of the sav-
22	ings from repeal of targeted tax benefits.
23	"(B) METHODOLOGY.—The estimates re-
24	quired by subparagraph (A) shall be made rel-
25	ative to the most recent levels calculated con-

sistent with the methodology used to calculate a baseline under section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Control Act of 1985 and included with a budget submission under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and transmitted to the chairmen of the Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and Senate.

## "(3) Enactment of rescission bill.—

"(A) DEFICIT REDUCTION.—Amounts of budget authority or items of direct spending or targeted tax benefit that are rescinded pursuant to enactment of a bill as provided under this section shall be dedicated only to deficit reduction and shall not be used as an offset for other spending increases or revenue reductions.

"(B) Adjustment of Budget tarGets.—Not later than 5 days after the date of
enactment of a rescission bill as provided under
this section, the chairs of the Committees on
the Budget of the Senate and the House of
Representatives shall revise spending and revenue levels under section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and adjust the
committee allocations under section 302(a) of

1	the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 or any
2	other adjustments as may be appropriate to re-
3	fleet the reseission. The adjustments shall re-
4	flect the budgetary effects of such rescissions as
5	estimated by the President pursuant to para
6	graph (1)(B)(iii). The appropriate committees
7	shall report revised allocations pursuant to see
8	tion 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of
9	1974. Notwithstanding any other provision of
10	law, the revised allocations and aggregates shall
11	be considered to have been made under a con-
12	current resolution on the budget agreed to
13	under the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
14	and shall be enforced under the procedures of
15	that Act.
16	"(C) ADJUSTMENTS TO CAPS.—After en
17	actment of a rescission bill as provided under
18	this section, the President shall revise applica
19	ble limits under the Stop Over Spending Act or
20	2006, as appropriate.
21	"(e) Procedures for Expedited Consider
22	ATION.—
23	"(1) In GENERAL.
24	"(A) Introduction.—Before the close of
25	the second day of session of the Senate and the

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House of Representatives, respectively, after the date of receipt of a special message transmitted to Congress under subsection (b), the majority leader of each House, for himself, or minority leader of each House, for himself, or a Member of that House designated by that majority leader or minority leader shall introduce (by request) the President's draft bill to rescind the amounts of budget authority or items of direct spending or targeted tax benefits, as specified in the special message and the President's draft bill. If the bill is not introduced as provided in the preceding sentence in either House, then, on the third day of session of that House after the date of receipt of that special message, any Member of that House may introduce the bill.

## "(B) REFERRAL AND REPORTING.—

"(i) ONE COMMITTEE. The bill shall be referred by the presiding officer to the appropriate committee. The committee shall report the bill without any revision and with a favorable, an unfavorable, or without recommendation, not later than the fifth day of session of that House after the date of introduction of the bill in that

1 House. If the committee fails to report the
2 bill within that period, the committee shall
3 be automatically discharged from consider
4 ation of the bill, and the bill shall be
5 placed on the appropriate calendar.
6 "(ii) Multiple committees.—
7 "(I) Referrals.—If a bill con
8 tains provisions in the jurisdiction of
9 more than 1 committee, the bill shall
10 be jointly referred to the committees
of jurisdiction and the Committee or
12 the Budget.
13 "(H) VIEWS OF COMMITTEE.—
14 Any committee, other than the Com
15 mittee on the Budget, to which a bil
is referred under this clause may sub
17 <u>mit a favorable, an unfavorable ree</u>
18 <u>ommendation</u> , <u>without</u> <u>recommenda</u>
19 tion with respect to the bill to the
20 Committee on the Budget prior to the
21 reporting or discharge of the bill.
22 "(III) REPORTING.—The Com
23 mittee on the Budget shall report the
24 bill not later than the fifth day of ses
25 sion of that House after the date of

introduction of the bill in that House,
without any revision and with a favorable or unfavorable recommendation,
or without recommendation, together
with the recommendations of any
committee to which the bill has been
referred.

"(IV) DISCHARGE.—If the Committee on the Budget fails to report the bill within that period, the committee shall be automatically discharged from consideration of the bill, and the bill shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

"(C) Final Passage.—A vote on final passage of the bill shall be taken in the Senate and the House of Representatives on or before the close of the 10th day of session of that House after the date of the introduction of the bill in that House. If the bill is passed, the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall cause the bill to be transmitted to the Senate before the close of the next day of session of the House.

1	"(2) Consideration in the house of rep-
2	RESENTATIVES.—
3	"(A) MOTION TO PROCEED TO CONSIDER
4	ATION.—A motion in the House of Representa-
5	tives to proceed to the consideration of a bil
6	under this subsection shall be highly privileged
7	and not debatable. An amendment to the mo-
8	tion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in
9	order to move to reconsider the vote by which
10	the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.
11	"(B) LIMITS ON DEBATE.—Debate in the
12	House of Representatives on a bill under this
13	subsection shall not exceed 4 hours, which shall
14	be divided equally between those favoring and
15	those opposing the bill. A motion further to
16	limit debate shall not be debatable. It shall not
17	be in order to move to recommit a bill under
18	this subsection or to move to reconsider the
19	vote by which the bill is agreed to or disagreed
20	<del>to.</del>
21	"(C) APPEALS.—Appeals from decisions of
22	the chair relating to the application of the
23	Rules of the House of Representatives to the
24	procedure relating to a bill under this section

shall be decided without debate.

Except to the extent specifically provided in this section, consideration of a bill under this section shall be governed by the Rules of the House of Representatives. It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any bill introduced pursuant to the provisions of this section under a suspension of the rules or under a special rule.

# "(3) Consideration in the senate.—

"(A) MOTION TO PROCEED TO CONSIDERATION.—A motion to proceed to the consideration of a bill under this subsection in the Senate shall not be debatable. A motion to proceed to consideration of the bill may be made even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to. It shall not be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion to proceed is agreed to or disagreed to.

"(B) LIMITS ON DEBATE.—Debate in the Senate on a bill under this subsection, and all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall not exceed a total of 10 hours, equally divided and controlled in the usual form.

1	"(C) DEBATABLE MOTIONS AND AP-
2	PEALS.—Debate in the Senate on any debatable
3	motion or appeal in connection with a bill under
4	this subsection shall be limited to not more
5	than 1 hour from the time allotted for debate,
6	to be equally divided and controlled in the usual
7	<del>form.</del>
8	"(D) MOTION TO LIMIT DEBATE.—A mo-
9	tion in the Senate to further limit debate on a
10	bill under this subsection is not debatable.
11	"(E) MOTION TO RECOMMIT.—A motion to
12	recommit a bill under this subsection is not in
13	order.
14	"(F) Consideration of the house
15	BHLL.—
16	"(i) In General.—If the Senate has
17	received the House companion bill to the
18	bill introduced in the Senate prior to the
19	vote required under paragraph (1)(C), then
20	the Senate shall consider, and the vote
21	under paragraph (1)(C) shall occur on, the
22	House companion bill.
23	"(ii) Procedure after vote on
24	SENATE BILL.—If the Senate votes, pursu-
25	ant to paragraph (1)(C), on the bill intro-

1	duced in the Senate, the Senate bill shall
2	be held pending receipt of the House mes-
3	sage on the bill. Upon receipt of the House
4	companion bill, the House bill shall be
5	deemed to be considered, read for the third
6	time, and the vote on passage of the Sen-
7	ate bill shall be considered to be the vote
8	on the bill received from the House.
9	"(d) Amendments and Divisions Prohibited.
10	"(1) In General.—No amendment to a bill
11	considered under this section shall be in order in ei-
12	ther the Senate or the House of Representatives.
13	"(2) No division.—It shall not be in order to
14	demand a division of the question in the House of
15	Representatives (or in a Committee of the Whole).
16	"(3) No suspension.—No motion to suspend
17	the application of this subsection shall be in order
18	in the House of Representatives, nor shall it be in
19	order in either the House of Representatives or the
20	Senate to suspend the application of this subsection
21	by unanimous consent.
22	"(e) Temporary Presidential Authority Te
23	WITHHOLD.—
24	"(1) AVAILABILITY.—The President may not
25	withhold any dollar amount of discretionary budget

authority until the President transmits and Congress receives a special message pursuant to subsection (b). Upon receipt by Congress of a special message pursuant to subsection (b), the President may direct that any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority proposed to be reseinded in that special message shall be withheld from obligation for a period not to exceed 45 calendar days from the date of receipt by Congress.

"(2) EARLY AVAILABILITY.—The President may make any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority withheld from obligation pursuant to paragraph (1) available at an earlier time if the President determines that continued withholding would not further the purposes of this Act.

16 "(f) Temporary Presidential Authority To
17 Suspend.—

"(1) Suspend.—The President may not suspend the execution of any item of direct spending or targeted tax benefit until the President transmits and Congress receives a special message pursuant to subsection (b). Upon receipt by Congress of a special message, the President may suspend the execution of any item of direct spending or targeted tax benefit proposed to be reseinded in that message for a

- period not to exceed 45 calendar days from the date
   of receipt by Congress.
- 3 "(2) EARLY AVAILABILITY.—The President
  4 may terminate the suspension of any item of direct
  5 spending or targeted tax benefit suspended pursuant
  6 to paragraph (1) at an earlier time if the President
  7 determines that continuation of the suspension
  8 would not further the purposes of this Act.
  - "(g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- "(1) APPROPRIATION LAW.—The term 'appropriation law' means any general or special appropriation Act, and any Act or joint resolution making supplemental, deficiency, or continuing appropriations.
- "(2) CALENDAR DAY.—The term 'calendar day' means a standard 24-hour period beginning at midnight.
- "(3) DAYS OF SESSION.—The term 'days of session' means only those days on which both Houses of Congress are in session.
- "(4) Dollar amount of discretionary

  BUDGET AUTHORITY.—The term 'dollar amount of discretionary budget authority' means the dollar amount of budget authority and obligation limitations—

1	"(A) specified in an appropriation law, or
2	the dollar amount of budget authority required
3	to be allocated by a specific proviso in an ap-
4	propriation law for which a specific dollar figure
5	was not included;
6	"(B) represented separately in any table,
7	chart, or explanatory text included in the state-
8	ment of managers or the governing committee
9	report accompanying such law;
10	"(C) required to be allocated for a specific
11	program, project, or activity in a law (other
12	than an appropriation law) that mandates obli-
13	gations from or within accounts, programs,
14	projects, or activities for which budget authority
15	or an obligation limitation is provided in an ap-
16	propriation law;
17	"(D) represented by the product of the es-
18	timated procurement cost and the total quantity
19	of items specified in an appropriation law or in-
20	eluded in the statement of managers or the gov-
21	erning committee report accompanying such
22	<del>law; or</del>
23	"(E) represented by the product of the es-
24	timated procurement cost and the total quantity
25	of items required to be provided in a law (other

1	than an appropriation law) that mandates obli-
2	gations from accounts, programs, projects, or
3	activities for which dollar amount of discre-
4	tionary budget authority or an obligation limita-
5	tion is provided in an appropriation law.
6	"(5) RESCIND OR RESCISSION.—The term 're-
7	scind' or 'rescission' means—
8	"(A) in the case of a dollar amount of dis-
9	eretionary budget authority, to reduce or repeal
10	a provision of law to prevent that budget au-
11	thority or obligation limitation from having
12	legal force or effect; and
13	"(B) in the ease of direct spending or tar-
14	geted tax benefit, to repeal a provision of law
15	in order to prevent the specific legal obligation
16	of the United States from having legal force or
17	effect.
18	"(6) Direct spending.—The term 'direct
19	spending' means budget authority provided by law
20	(other than an appropriation law), mandatory spend-
21	ing provided in appropriation Acts, and entitlement
22	authority.
23	"(7) ITEM OF DIRECT SPENDING.—The term
24	'item of direct spending' means any specific provi-
25	sion of law enacted after the effective date of the

Legislative Line Item Veto Act of 2006 that is estimated to result in an increase in budget authority or outlays for direct spending relative to the most recent levels calculated consistent with the methodology described in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and included with a budget submission under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and, with respect to estimates made after that budget submission that are not included with it, estimates consistent with the economic and technical assumptions underlying the most recently submitted President's budget.

"(8) Suspend the execution' means, with respect to an item of direct spending or a targeted tax benefit, to stop the earrying into effect of the specific provision of law that provides such benefit; and

"(9) TARGETED TAX BENEFIT.—The term 'targeted tax benefit' means only those provisions—

"(A) estimated by the Joint Committee on Taxation to result in a loss of revenues relative to the most recent levels calculated consistent with the methodology described in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit

Control Act of 1985 and included with a budget submission under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and with respect to estimates made after that budget submission that are not included with it, estimates consistent with the economic and technical assumptions underlying the most recently submitted President's budget; and

"(B) having the practical effect of providing more favorable tax treatment to a particular taxpayer or limited group of taxpayers when compared with other similarly situated taxpayers.

14 <u>"(h) Congressional Identification of Tar-</u> 15 <u>Geted Tax Benefits.</u>

"(1) STATEMENT BY JOINT TAX COMMITTEE.—
The Joint Committee on Taxation shall review any revenue or reconciliation bill or joint resolution which includes any amendment to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that is being prepared for filing by a committee of conference of the 2 Houses, and shall identify, prior to consideration of such conference report, whether such bill or joint resolution contains any targeted tax benefits. The Joint Committee on Taxation shall provide to the committee of

- conference a statement identifying any such targeted
  tax benefits or declaring that the bill or joint resolution does not contain any targeted tax benefits. The
  statement shall be included in the statement of managers to accompany such conference report and
  made available to any Member of Congress by the
  Joint Committee on Taxation immediately upon re-
- 9 <del>"(2)</del> STATEMENT INCLUDED  $\frac{1}{1}$ LEGISLA-TION.—Notwithstanding any other rule of the House 10 11 of Representatives or any rule or precedent of the 12 Senate, any revenue or reconciliation bill or joint 13 resolution, which includes any amendment to the In-14 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 reported by a com-15 mittee of conference of the House of Representatives 16 and the Senate, may include, as a separate section 17 of such bill or joint resolution, the information con-18 tained in the statement of the Joint Committee on 19 Taxation.".
- 20 (b) Exercise of Rulemaking Powers.—Section 21 904 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C.
- 22 <del>621 note) is amended—</del>

quest.

23 (1) in subsection (a), by striking "and 1017" 24 and inserting "1017, and 1021"; and

1	(2) in subsection (d), by striking "section	
2	1017" and inserting "sections 1017 and 1021".	
3	(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—	
4	(1) SHORT TITLE.—Section 1(a) of the Con-	
5	gressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of	
6	1974 is amended by—	
7	(A) striking "Parts A and B" before "title	
8	X" and inserting "Parts A, B, and C"; and	
9	(B) striking the last sentence and inserting	
10	at the end the following new sentence: "Part C	
11	of title X also may be eited as the 'Legislative	
12	Line Item Veto Act of 2006'.".	
13	(2) Table of contents.—The table of con-	
14	tents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional	
15	Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is	
16	amended by deleting the contents for part C of title	
17	X and inserting the following:	
	"Part C—Legislative Line Item Veto	
	"Sec. 1021. Expedited consideration of certain proposed rescissions.".	
18	(d) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this Act or	
19	the amendments made by it is held to be unconstitutional,	
20	the remainder of this Act and the amendments made by	
21	it shall not be affected by the holding.	
22	(e) EFFECTIVE DATE AND EXPIRATION.—	
23	(1) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made	
24	by this Act shall—	

1	(A) take effect on the date of enactment of
2	this Act; and
3	(B) apply to any dollar amount of discre-
4	tionary budget authority, item of direct spend-
5	ing, or targeted tax benefit provided in an Act
6	enacted on or after September 1, 2006.
7	(2) Expiration.—The amendments made by
8	this Act shall expire on December 31, 2010.
9	TITLE II—DEFICIT REDUCTION
10	Subtitle A—Definitions,
11	Administration, and Sequestration
12	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this subtitle:
14	(1) Account.—The term "account" means—
15	(A) for discretionary budget authority, ar
16	item for which appropriations are made in any
17	appropriation Act; and
18	(B) for items not provided for in appro-
19	priation Acts, direct spending and outlays
20	therefrom identified in the program and finance
21	schedules contained in the appendix to the
22	Budget of the United States for the current
23	<del>year.</del>
24	(2) Breach.—The term "breach" means, for
25	any fiscal year, the amount by which discretionary

1	budget authority enacted for that year exceeds the
2	spending limit for budget authority for that year.
3	(3) BUDGET AUTHORITY; NEW BUDGET AU-
4	THORITY; AND OUTLAYS.—The terms "budget au-
5	thority", "new budget authority", and "outlays"
6	have the meanings given to such terms in section
7	of the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Con-
8	trol Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 622). For purposes of
9	subtitle B an obligation limitation shall be treated as
10	budget authority.
11	(4) BUDGET YEAR.—The term "budget year"
12	means, with respect to a session of Congress, the fis-
13	eal year of the Government that starts on October
14	1 of the calendar year in which that session begins
15	(5) CBO.—The term "CBO" means the Direc-
16	tor of the Congressional Budget Office.
17	(6) Current.—The term "current" means—
18	(A) with respect to the Office of Manage
19	ment and Budget estimates included with ε
20	budget submission under section 1105(a) of
21	title 31, United States Code, the estimates con-
22	sistent with the economic and technical assump-
23	tions underlying that budget;
24	(B) with respect to estimates made after

that budget submission that are not included

with it, the estimates consistent with the economic and technical assumptions underlying the most recently submitted President's budget; and

- (C) with respect to the Congressional Budget Office, estimates consistent with the economic and technical assumptions as required by section 202(e)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.
- (7) CURRENT YEAR.—The term "current year" means, with respect to a budget year, the fiscal year that immediately precedes that budget year.
- (8) DEFICIT.—The term "deficit" means, with respect to any fiscal year, the amount by which total budget outlays for such fiscal year exceed total governmental receipts for such fiscal year. In calculating the deficit for purposes of comparison with the maximum deficit amount under section 221 and in calculating the excess deficit for purposes of subtitle C (notwithstanding section 710(a) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 911)) for any fiscal year, the receipts of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund for such fiscal year and the taxes payable under sections 1401(a), 3101(a), and

1 3111(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 2 U.S.C. 1401, 3101, 3111) during such fiscal year 3 shall be included in total revenues for such fiscal year, and the disbursements of each such Trust 4 5 Fund for such fiscal year shall be included in total 6 budget outlays for such fiscal year. Notwithstanding 7 any other provision of law except to the extent pro-8 vided by section 710(a) of the Social Security Act 9 (42 U.S.C. 911) the receipts, revenues, disburse-10 ments, budget authority, and outlays of each off-11 budget Federal entity for a fiscal year shall be in-12 eluded in total budget authority, total budget out-13 lays, and total revenues and the amounts of budget 14 authority and outlays set forth for each major func-15 tional category, for such fiscal year.

- (9) Direct spending.—The term "direct spending" shall have the meaning given such term in section 3(3) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.
- (10) DISCRETIONARY BUDGET AUTHORITY.—
  The term "discretionary budget authority" means budgetary authority (except to fund mandatory programs) provided in appropriation Acts.

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1	(11) Discretionary spending limit.—The
2	term "discretionary spending limit" shall mean the
3	amounts specified in section 212.
4	(12) Excess deficit amount.—The term "ex-
5	cess deficit amount", with respect to any fiscal year
6	means the amount of the deficit reduced by the esti-
7	mated reductions of outlays resulting from any se-
8	questration in subtitle C, that exceeds the maximum
9	deficit amount.
10	(13) OMB.—The term "OMB" means the Di-
11	rector of the Office of Management and Budget.
12	(14) Sequestration.—The term "sequestra
13	tion" —
14	(A) with respect to discretionary budget
15	authority, means the cancellation or reduction
16	of budget authority (except budget authority to
17	fund mandatory programs) provided in appro-
18	priation Acts; and
19	(B) with respect to the excess deficit
20	amount, means the amount cancelled or re-
21	duced from direct spending and outlays flowing
22.	therefrom-

### 1 SEC. 202. ADMINISTRATION, RECONCILIATION, AND EF-

## 2 **FECT OF SEQUESTRATION.**

3 (a) TIMETABLE.—The timetable with respect to this

### 4 title is as follows:

<del>Date</del>	Action to be completed
5 days before the President's budget submission	CBO Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Preview Report.
The President's budget submission	OMB Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Preview Report.
August 15	CBO Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Reconcili- ation Report.
August 20	OMB Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Reconcili- ation Report.
September 15	Budget Committee Reconciliation Directives.
20 days after Budget Committee Action	Committees Respond to Reconciliation Directives
10 days after end of session	CBO Final Discretionary Sequestra- tion and Maximum Deficit Amount Sequestration Report.
15 days after end of session	OMB Final Discretionary Sequestra- tion and Maximum Deficit Amount Sequestration Report/Presidential Sequestration Order.

- 5 (b) Presidential Order.—On the date specified in
- 6 subsection (a), if in its Final Sequestration Report, OMB
- 7 estimates that any sequestration is required, the President
- 8 shall issue an order fully implementing without change all
- 9 sequestrations required by the OMB calculations set forth
- 10 in that report. This order shall be effective on issuance.
- 11 (c) Effects of Sequestration.—The effects of
- 12 sequestration shall be as follows:

- (1) Budgetary resources sequestered from any account shall be permanently cancelled, except as provided in paragraph (5).
  - (2) Except as otherwise provided, the same percentage sequestration shall apply to all programs, projects, and activities within a budget account (with programs, projects, and activities as delineated in the appropriation Act or accompanying report for the relevant fiscal year covering that account).
  - (3) Administrative regulations or similar actions implementing a sequestration shall be made within 120 days of the sequestration order. To the extent that formula allocations differ at different levels of budgetary resources within an account, program, project, or activity, the sequestration shall be interpreted as producing a lower total appropriation, with the remaining amount of the appropriation being obligated in a manner consistent with program allocation formulas in substantive law.
  - (4) Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, obligations or budgetary resources in sequestered accounts shall be reduced only in the fiscal year in which a sequester occurs.
- (5) Budgetary resources sequestered in special fund accounts and offsetting collections sequestered

- 35 1 in appropriation accounts shall not be available for 2 obligation during the fiscal year in which the seques-3 tration occurs, but shall be available in subsequent 4 years to the extent otherwise provided in law. 5 (d) Submission and Availability of Reports.— Each report required by this section shall be submitted, in the ease of CBO, to the House of Representatives, the 8 Senate, and OMB and, in the ease of OMB, to the House of Representatives, the Senate, and the President on the 10 day it is issued. On the following day a notice of the report shall be printed in the Federal Register. SEC. 203. GAO COMPLIANCE REPORT. 13 Upon request of the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives or the Senate, the Comptroller 14 General shall submit to the Congress and the President 15 a report on-16 17 (1) the extent to which each order issued by the 18 President under this title complies with all of the re-19 quirements contained in this title, either certifying 20 that the order fully and accurately complies with
- which it does not; and

  (2) the extent to which each report issued by

  OMB or CBO under this section complies with all of

  the requirements contained in this title, either certi-

such requirements or indicating the respects in

1	fying that the report fully and accurately complies
2	with such requirements or indicating the respects in
3	which it does not.
4	Subtitle B—Discretionary
5	Spending Limits
6	SEC. 211. DISCRETIONARY SEQUESTRATION REPORTS.
7	(a) Discretionary Sequestration Preview Re-
8	PORTS.—
9	(1) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—
10	(A) In General.—On the dates specified
11	in section 202(a), OMB shall report to the
12	President and Congress and CBO shall report
13	to Congress a Discretionary Sequestration Pre-
14	view Report regarding discretionary sequestra-
15	tion based on laws enacted through those dates.
16	(B) PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—When the
17	President submits the budget under section
18	1105 of title 31, United States Code, OMB
19	shall calculate and the budget shall include ad-
20	justments to discretionary spending limits (and
21	those limits as cumulatively adjusted) for the
22	budget year and each outyear to reflect changes
23	in concepts and definitions.
24	(C) Consultation.—Any determination
25	or change under subparagraph (B) may only be

1 made after consultation with the Committees on
2 Appropriations and the Budget of the House of
3 Representatives and the Senate, and that con4 sultation shall include written communication to
5 such committees that affords such committees
6 the opportunity to comment before official ac7 tion is taken with respect to such changes.

- (2) DISCRETIONARY.—The Discretionary Sequestration Preview Report shall set forth estimates for the current year and each subsequent year through 2009 of the applicable discretionary spending limits and an explanation of any adjustments in such limits under section 212, and a projection of budget authority exceeding discretionary caps subject to sequester.
- (3) EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES.—The
  OMB reports shall explain the differences between
  OMB and CBO estimates for each item set forth in
  this subsection.
- 20 (b) DISCRETIONARY SEQUESTRATION REPORTS.—On
  21 the dates specified in section 202(a), OMB and CBO shall
  22 issue Discretionary Sequestration Reports, reflecting laws
  23 enacted through those dates, containing all of the informa24 tion required in the Discretionary Sequestration Preview
  25 Reports.

1	(e) Final Discretionary Sequestration Re-
2	<del>PORTS.</del>
3	(1) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—On the dates
4	specified in section 202(a), OMB and CBO shall
5	each issue a Final Discretionary Sequestration Re-
6	port, updated to reflect laws enacted through those
7	<del>dates.</del>
8	(2) Discretionary spending.—The Final
9	Discretionary Sequestration Reports shall set forth
10	estimates for each of the following:
11	(A) For the current year and each subse-
12	quent year through 2009; the applicable discre-
13	tionary spending limits.
14	(B) For the current year, if applicable, and
15	the budget year; the new budget authority and
16	the breach, if any.
17	(C) The sequestration percentages nee-
18	essary to eliminate the breach.
19	(D) For the budget year, for each account
20	to be sequestered, the level of enacted,
21	sequesterable budget authority and resulting es-
22	timated outlays to be sequestered.
23	(3) Explanation of differences.—The
24	OMB report shall explain any differences between
25	OMB and CBO estimates for any breach and any

- 1 required discretionary sequestration percentages.
- 2 The OMB report shall also explain differences in the
- 3 amount of sequesterable resources for any budget
- 4 account to be reduced if such difference is greater
- 5 than \$5,000,000.
- 6 (d) Economic and Technical Assumptions.—In
- 7 all reports required by this section, OMB shall use the
- 8 same economic and technical assumptions as used in the
- 9 most recent budget submitted by the President under sec-
- 10 tion 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.
- 11 (e) Adjustments.—When OMB submits a report
- 12 under this section for a fiscal year, OMB shall calculate,
- 13 and the subsequent reports and budgets submitted by the
- 14 President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
- 15 Code shall include, adjustments to discretionary spending
- 16 limits (and those limits as adjusted) for the fiscal year
- 17 and each succeeding year.
- 18 **SEC. 212. LIMITS.**
- 19 (a) Discretionary Spending Limits.—As used in
- 20 this subtitle, the term "discretionary spending limit"
- 21 means—
- 22 (1) with respect to fiscal year 2007,
- 23 \$872,504,000,000 in new budget authority;
- 24 (2) with respect to fiscal year 2008,
- 25 \$895,358,000,000 in new budget authority;

1 (3) with respect to fiscal year 2009, 2 \$919,516,000,000 in new budget authority; and

(4) with respect to fiscal years following 2009,

The President shall recommend and the Congress
shall consider legislation setting limits for those fiscal years.

### (b) ADJUSTMENTS.—

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- (1) EMERGENCY SPENDING.—If, for fiscal year 2007, 2008, or 2009, appropriations for discretionary accounts are enacted that the President designates as emergency requirements, and that the Congress so designates in statute, the adjustment shall be the total of such appropriations in discretionary accounts designated as emergency requirements, but not to exceed \$90,000,000,000 for fiscal 2007\$50,000,000,000 for <del>2008,</del> vear and \$30,000,000,000 for 2009. Appropriations ignated as emergencies in excess of these limitations shall be treated as new budget authority for the purpose of calculating a breach of the discretionary spending limits.
- (2) FEDERAL TAX GAP INITIATIVE.—If an appropriation bill or joint resolution is enacted for fiscal year 2007, 2008, or 2009, that includes \$6,824,000,000 plus an additional amount for the

1	enhanced tax enforcement initiative of the Internal
2	Revenue Service, the adjustment shall be the amount
3	of budget authority in that measure for that initia-
4	tive but not to exceed—
5	(A) with respect to fiscal year 2007.
6	\$274,000,000 in new budget authority;
7	(B) with respect to fiscal year 2008,
8	\$414,000,000 in new budget authority; and
9	(C) with respect to fiscal year 2009,
10	\$554,000,000 in new budget authority.
11	(e) Enforcement.—
12	(1) SEQUESTRATION.—On the date specified in
13	section 202(a), there shall be a sequestration to
14	eliminate a budget-year breach.
15	(2) ELIMINATING A BREACH.—Each account
16	shall be reduced by a dollar amount calculated by
17	multiplying the enacted level of budget authority for
18	that year in that account at that time by the uni-
19	form percentage necessary to eliminate a breach of
20	the discretionary spending limit.
21	(3) PART-YEAR APPROPRIATIONS.—If, on the
22	date the report is issued under paragraph (1), there
23	is in effect an Act making continuing appropriations
24	for part of a fiscal year for any budget account, then

the dollar sequestration calculated for that account
under paragraph (2) shall be subtracted from—

- (A) the annualized amount otherwise available by law in that account under that or a subsequent part-year appropriation; and
- (B) when a full-year appropriation for that account is enacted, from the amount otherwise provided by the full-year appropriation.
- (4) LOOK-BACK.—If, after June 30, an appropriation for the fiscal year in progress is enacted that causes a breach for that year (after taking into account any previous sequestration), the discretionary spending limit for the next fiscal year shall be reduced by the amount of that breach.
- (5) WITHIN-SESSION SEQUESTRATION REPORTS
  AND ORDER.—If an appropriation for a fiscal year
  in progress is enacted (after Congress adjourns to
  end the session for that budget year and before July
  1 of that fiscal year) that causes a breach, 10 days
  later CBO shall issue a report containing the information required in section 211(c). Fifteen days after
  enactment, OMB shall issue a report containing the
  information required in section 211(c). On the same
  day as the OMB report, the President shall issue an
  order fully implementing without change all seques-

trations required by the OMB calculations set forth 1 2 in that report. This order shall be effective on 3 issuance. 4 (d) Estimates.-(1) CBO ESTIMATES.—As soon as practicable 6 after Congress completes action on any legislation 7 providing discretionary appropriations, CBO shall 8 provide an estimate to OMB of that legislation. 9 (2) OMB ESTIMATES.—Not later than 7 cal-10 endar days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal 11 holidays) after the date of enactment of any discre-12 tionary appropriations, OMB shall transmit a report 13 to the House of Representatives and to the Senate 14 containing— 15 (A) the CBO estimate of that legislation; (B) an OMB estimate of that legislation 16 17 using current economic and technical assump-18 tions; and 19 (C) an explanation of any difference be-20 tween the 2 estimates. 21 (3) DIFFERENCES.—If during the preparation 22 of the report under paragraph (2), OMB determines 23 that there is a difference between the OMB and CBO estimates, OMB shall consult with the Com-24

mittees on the Budget of the House of Representa-

1	tives and the Senate regarding that difference and
2	that consultation, to the extent practicable, shall in-
3	elude written communication to such committees
4	that affords such committees the opportunity to
5	comment before the issuance of that report.
6	(4) Assumptions and guidelines. OMB
7	and CBO shall prepare estimates under this para-
8	graph in conformance with scorekeeping guidelines
9	determined after consultation among the House and
10	Senate Committees on the Budget, CBO, and OMB
11	Subtitle C—Maximum Deficit
12	Amount Limitation
1 4	
13	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.
13	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.
13 14	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount"
13 14 15	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means—
13 14 15 16	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means—  (1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of
13 14 15 16	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means—  (1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2007, as estimated
113 114 115 116 117	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means—  (1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2007, as estimated by OMB for 2007;
113 114 115 116 117 118 119	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means—  (1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2007, as estimated by OMB for 2007;  (2) with respect to 2008, equals 2.25 percent of
113 114 115 116 117 118 119 220	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.  In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means—  (1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2007, as estimated by OMB for 2007;  (2) with respect to 2008, equals 2.25 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2008, as estimated
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount" means  (1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2007, as estimated by OMB for 2007;  (2) with respect to 2008, equals 2.25 percent of the Gross Domestic Product for 2008, as estimated by OMB for 2008;

1	(4) with respect to 2010, equals 1.25 percent of
2	the Gross Domestic Product for 2010, as estimated
3	by OMB for 2010;
4	(5) with respect to 2011, equals 0.75 percent of
5	the Gross Domestic Product for 2011, as estimated
6	by OMB for 2011; and
7	(6) with respect to 2012 and thereafter, equals
8	0.5 percent of Gross Domestic Product for 2012 and
9	thereafter, as estimated by OMB for 2012, and
10	thereafter.
11	SEC. 222. REPORTING OF EXCESS DEFICITS.
12	(a) Maximum Deficit Amount Preview Report
13	BY OMB AND CBO.—
14	(1) Estimates and determinations.—On
15	the dates specified in section 202(a), OMB and CBO
16	shall with respect to each fiscal year estimate—
17	(A) the deficit;
18	(B) the maximum deficit amount; and
19	(C) any excess deficit amount for the
20	budget year.
21	(2) REPORT.—OMB shall report to the Presi-
22	dent and Congress and CBO shall report to Con-
23	gress estimating the budget base levels of total reve-
24	nues and total budget outlays for the budget year,
25	identifying the deficit, the maximum deficit amount,

and the amount of any deficit excess for such fiscal year, the base from which direct spending reductions are taken and the amounts and percentages by which such direct spending accounts must be reduced for the budget year, in accordance with the succeeding provisions of this part, in order to eliminate such excess based on laws enacted through those dates.

(3) DETERMINATION OF REDUCTIONS.—The amounts and percentages by which accounts must be reduced for the budget year shall be determined by, subject to the exemptions set forth in section 227, the reductions necessary to eliminate the excess deficit amount for the fiscal year.

### (4) Basis for directors' estimates, determinations, and specifications.—

(A) BUDGET BASE.—In computing the amounts and percentages by which accounts must be reduced during a fiscal year as set forth in the report required under paragraph (2) for such fiscal year, OMB and CBO shall use current economic and technical assumptions consistent with the methodology set forth in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Enforcement Deficit Control Act of 1985.

1	(B) Deferrals and rescissions.—De-
2	ferrals and rescissions proposed under the Im-
3	poundment Control Act of 1974 for the budget
4	year shall not be taken into account in deter-
5	mining such budget base.
6	(C) EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES.—
7	The OMB shall explain the differences between
8	OMB and CBO estimates for each item in the
9	report.
10	(b) REVISED ESTIMATES AND MAXIMUM DEFICIT
11	Amount Reconciliation Reports.—
12	(1) RECONCILIATION REPORT BY OMB AND
13	cbo.—On the date specified in section 202(a), the
14	Director of OMB shall submit to the President and
15	Congress, and the Director of CBO shall submit to
16	Congress, a revised report—
17	(A) indicating whether and to what extent,
18	as a result of laws enacted and regulations pro-
19	mulgated after the submission of their max-
20	imum deficit amount preview report under sub-
21	section (a), the excess deficit identified in the
22	report submitted under such subsection has
23	been eliminated, reduced, or increased; and

1 (B) adjusting the determinations for the
2 effects of any discretionary sequestration that
3 may be required under subtitle B.

The reconciliation report submitted under this paragraph shall contain estimates, determinations, and specifications for all of the items contained in the preview report and the OMB report shall be based on the same economic and technical assumptions and employ the same methodologies as applied in the supplemental budget estimates submitted under section 1106 of title 31, United States Code, and the CBO report shall be based on the most recent report required by section 202(e)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. Estimates shall be consistent with methodology in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Enforcement Act Deficit Control Act of 1985. The reports shall provide for the determination of reductions in the manner specified in subsection (a)(3).

- (2) EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES.—The OMB shall explain the differences between OMB and CBO estimates for each item in the reconciliation report.
- 24 (e) Dates for Submission of Reports and 25 Issuance of Orders.—If the date specified for the sub-

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- 1 mission of a report by the Director of OMB under this
- 2 section falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, such report shall
- 3 be submitted or such order issued on the following day.
- 4 (d) Printing of Reports.—Each report submitted
- 5 under this section shall be printed in the Federal Register
- 6 on the date it is issued; and the reports of the Director
- 7 of OMB submitted to the Congress under subsection (b)
- 8 shall be printed as documents of the House of Representa-
- 9 tives and the Senate.
- 10 SEC. 223. CONGRESSIONAL RESPONSE TO OMB AND CBO
- 11 RECONCILIATION REPORT.
- 12 (a) Reporting of Resolutions, and Reconcili-
- 13 ATION BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS, IN THE SENATE.—
- 14 (1) Committee alternatives to presi-
- 15 DENTIAL ORDER.—For the purpose of assisting the
- 16 Committees on the Budget of the House and Senate
- in preparing Reconciliation Directive Reports under
- 18 paragraph (3) and not later than 20 days after the
- 19 submission of the OMB Reconciliation Report, each
- 20 standing committee of the House and Senate may
- 21 submit to the Committees on the Budget of the
- House and Senate information of the type described
- in section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of
- 24 1974 with respect to alternatives to the order envi-

1	sioned by such report insofar as such order affects
2	laws within the jurisdiction of the committee.
3	(2) CBA.—Sections 305 and 310 of the Con-
4	gressional Budget Act of 1974 shall apply to any bill
5	considered under this section, except as otherwise
6	provided in this section.
7	(3) RECONCILIATION DIRECTIVES.—On the
8	date specified in section 202(a), the Chairmen of the
9	Committees on the Budget of the House and Senate
10	shall submit a Reconciliation Directive Report to the
11	President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House
12	for appropriate referral to the committees of its
13	House, the OMB Reconciliation Report containing
14	the maximum deficit amount and the excess deficit
15	and reconciliation directives. Such directives shall—
16	(A) specify the total amount by which—
17	(i) direct spending budget authority
18	and outlays for such fiscal year; and
19	(ii) governmental receipts, other than
20	income taxes, estate and gift taxes, excise
21	taxes, payroll taxes, or tariffs, for such fis-
22	eal year, are to be changed; and
23	(B) include directives to committees to rec-
24	ommend changes in laws within their jurisdic-
25	tion to accomplish the total amount of deficit

reduction necessary to eliminate the excess deficit so that the deficit does not exceed the maximum deficit amount set forth in the OMB Reconciliation Report.

- (4) RESPONSE OF COMMITTEES.—Committees directed pursuant to paragraph (3), shall submit their recommendations to comply with the directives to the Budget Committee no later than 20 days after the directives referred to in paragraph (3) are issued.
- 11 (5) BUDGET COMMITTEE ACTION.—Upon re12 ceipt of the recommendations received in response to
  13 directives referred to in paragraph (3), the Budget
  14 Committees shall report to the House and Senate, a
  15 reconciliation bill carrying out all such recommenda16 tions.
- 17 (b) LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE.—If a Reconciliation
  18 Directive Report containing reconciliation directives to 1
  19 or more committees to determine and recommend changes
  20 in laws, bills, or resolutions is issued in accordance with
  21 subsection (a)(3)—
  - (1) each such committee so directed shall make such recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of its House, which upon receiving all such recommendations, shall report to its House reconcili-

- ation legislation carrying out all such recommenda tions without any substantive revision; and
- (2) in the event that any committee fails to
  comply with its directive, then the Committees on
  the Budget may report amendments recommending
  changes within the jurisdiction of the noncompliant
  committee to achieve the changes contained in the
- 8 directive. 9 (c) Adjustment of Budget Targets.—Upon en-10 actment of a reconciliation bill conference report, the chairmen of the Committees on the Budget of the Senate and the House of Representatives shall revise spending and revenue levels under section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and adjust the committee allocations under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, or any other adjustments as may be appropriate to reflect any changes made in the reconciliation bill. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the revised allocations and aggregates shall be considered to have been made under a concurrent resolution on the budget agreed to under the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, and shall be enforced under the procedures of that 23 Act.
- 24 (d) Compliance With Reconciliation Direct.

  25 Tives.—Secondary or indirect effects of the legislative

- 1 recommendations submitted by any committee of the
- 2 House of Representatives or the Senate that is directed,
- 3 shall be attributed to the committee proposing the change
- 4 in law, but shall not be considered for the purpose of de-
- 5 termining compliance with such directives.

ATION BILLS.—

- 6 (e) Limitation on Amendments to Reconcili-
  - (1) House of Representatives.—It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any amendment to a reconciliation bill if such amendment would have the effect of increasing any specific budget outlays above the level of such outlays provided in the bill (for the fiscal years covered by the reconciliation directives), or would have the effect of reducing any specific governmental receipts below the level of such governmental receipts provided in the bill (for such fiscal year), unless such amendment makes at least an equivalent reduction in other specific budget outlays, an equivalent increase in other specific governmental receipts, or an equivalent combination thereof (for such fiscal year).
    - (2) SENATE.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any amendment to a reconciliation bill if such amendment would have the effect of increasing any specific budget outlay level above

the level of such outlay reductions provided (for the fiscal year covered) in the reconciliation directives or would have the effect of reducing governmental receipts increases below the level of such increases in such governmental receipts provided (for such fiscal year) in the reconciliation directives, unless such amendment makes a reduction in other specific budget outlays, an increase in other specific governmental receipts, or a combination thereof (for such fiscal year) at least equivalent to any increase in outlays or decrease in governmental receipts provided by such amendment, except that a motion to strike a provision shall always be in order.

(3) BUDGET AUTHORITY, OUTLAYS, AND RECEIPTS.—For purposes of this section, the levels of budget authority, outlays, and governmental receipts for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, as the ease may be.

(4) House Rules.—The Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives may make in order amendments to achieve changes specified by reconciliation directives if a committee or committees of the House fail to submit recommended changes to

1 its Committee on the Budget pursuant to its instruc-2 tion.

#### (f) Procedure in the Senate.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the provisions of section 305 for the consideration in the Senate of concurrent resolutions on the budget and conference reports thereon, shall also apply to the consideration in the Senate of reconciliation bills reported under this subsection, motions in relation to a request for conference, and conference reports thereon.
- (2) SENATE CONSIDERATION.—Consideration in the Senate on any reconciliation bill reported under this subsection, and all amendments thereto and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than 20 hours.
- 17 (g) Limitation on Changes to the Social Secu18 RITY ACT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
  19 it shall not be in order in the Senate or the House of Rep20 resentatives to consider any reconciliation bill, or any
  21 amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that con22 tains recommendations with respect to the old-age, sur23 vivors, and disability insurance program established under
  24 title H of the Social Security Act.

### 2 islation.

(1) In GENERAL. When the Senate is considering a reconciliation bill pursuant to this section (whether that bill originated in the Senate or the House), upon a point of order being made by any Senator against material extraneous to the instructions to a committee which is contained in any title or provision of the bill or offered as an amendment to the bill, and the point of order is sustained by the Chair, any part of said title or provision that contains material extraneous to the directives to said Committee as defined in paragraph (2), shall be deemed stricken from the bill and may not be offered as an amendment from the floor.

## (2) Extraneous provisions.—Except as provided in paragraph (3)—

(A) a provision of a reconciliation bill considered pursuant to this subsection shall be considered extraneous if such provision does not produce a decrease in outlays or an increase in governmental receipts, including changes in outlays and governmental receipts brought about by changes in the terms and conditions under

1	which outlays are made or governmental re-
2	ceipts are required to be collected;
3	(B) a provision that is not in the jurisdic-
4	tion of the Committee with jurisdiction over
5	said title or provision shall be considered extra-
6	neous (except that amendments reported by the
7	Committee on the Budget to achieve compliance
8	with reconciliation directives shall not be
9	deemed extraneous);
10	(C) a provision shall be considered to be
11	extraneous if it increases, or would increase, net
12	outlays, or if it decreases, or would decrease,
13	governmental receipts during a fiscal year after
14	the fiscal years covered by such reconciliation
15	bill, and such increases or decreases are greater
16	than outlay reductions or governmental receipts
17	increases resulting from other provisions in
18	such title in such year; and
19	(D) a provision shall be considered extra-
20	neous if it violates section 310(g) of the Con-
21	gressional Budget Act of 1974.
22	(3) Senate-Originated Provisions.—A Sen-
23	ate-originated provision shall not be considered ex-
24	traneous under paragraph (2) if the Chairman and
25	Ranking Minority Member of the Committee on the

1	Budget and the Chairman and Ranking Minority
2	Member of the Committee which reported the provi-
3	sion certify that—
4	(A) the provision mitigates direct effects
5	clearly attributable to a provision changing out-
6	lays or revenue and both provisions together
7	produce a net reduction in the deficit;
8	(B) the provision will result in a substan-
9	tial reduction in outlays or a substantial in-
10	erease in governmental receipts during fiscal
11	years after the fiscal years covered by the rec-
12	onciliation bill or reconciliation resolution;
13	(C) a reduction of outlays or an increase in
14	governmental receipts is likely to occur as a re-
15	sult of the provision, in the event of new regula-
16	tions authorized by the provision or likely to be
17	proposed, court rulings on pending litigation, or
18	relationships between economic indices and stip-
19	ulated statutory triggers pertaining to the pro-
20	vision, other than the regulations, court rulings,
21	or relationships currently projected by the Con-
22	gressional Budget Office for scorekeeping pur-
23	<del>poses; or</del>
24	(D) such provision will be likely to produce
25	a significant reduction in outlays or increase in

1	governmental receipts but, due to insufficient
2	data, such reduction or increase cannot be reli-
3	ably estimated.
4	(4) COMMITTEE REPORTED PROVISIONS.—a
5	provision reported by a committee shall not be con-
6	sidered extraneous under paragraph (2) if—
7	(A) the provision is an integral part of a
8	provision or title, which if introduced as a bill,
9	would be referred to such committee, and the
10	provision sets forth the procedure to carry out
11	or implement the substantive provisions that
12	were reported and which fall within the jurisdic-
13	tion of such committee; or
14	(B) the provision states an exception to, or
15	a special application of, the general provision or
16	title of which it is a part and such general pro-
17	vision or title if introduced as a bill, would be
18	referred to such committee.
19	(5) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-
20	MENTS.—Technical and conforming provisions shall
21	not be considered extraneous under this subsection.
22	(6) Extraneous materials.—Upon the re-
23	porting of a reconciliation bill pursuant to this sub-
24	section in the Senate, and again upon the submis-
25	sion of a conference report on such a reconciliation

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bill, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate shall submit for the record a list of material considered to be extraneous under paragraph (2) (A), (C), and (D), to the instructions of a committee as provided in this section. The inclusion or exclusion of a provision shall not constitute a determination of extraneousness by the Presiding Officer of the Senate.

(7) Conference Reports.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a reconciliation bill pursuant to this section, upon a point of order being made by any Senator against extraneous material meeting the definition of this subsection, and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report or amendment shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed, without intervening action or motion, to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the ease may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable for two
hours. In any case in which such point of order is
sustained against a conference report (or Senate
amendment derived from such conference report by
operation of this subsection), no further amendment
shall be in order.

7 (i) DETERMINATIONS AND POINTS OF ORDER.—Not-8 withstanding any other law or rule of the Senate, it shall be in order for a Senator to raise a single point of order that several provisions of a bill, resolution, amendment, 10 motion, or conference report violate this section. The Presiding Officer may sustain the point of order as to some 12 or all of the provisions against which the Senator raised the point of order. If the Presiding Officer so sustains the 14 15 point of order as to some of the provisions (including provisions of an amendment, motion, or conference report) against which the Senator raised the point of order, then 17 only those provisions (including provisions of an amend-18 ment, motion, or conference report) against which the Pre-19 siding Officer sustains the point of order shall be deemed 20 21 stricken pursuant to this section. Before the Presiding Officer rules on such a point of order, any Senator may move to waive such a point of order as it applies to some or all of the provisions against which the point of order was raised. Such a motion to waive is amendable in accordance

- 1 with the rules and precedents of the Senate. After the Pre-
- 2 siding Officer rules on such a point of order, any Senator
- 3 may appeal the ruling of the Presiding Officer on such
- 4 a point of order as it applies to some or all of the provi-
- 5 sions on which the Presiding Officer ruled.
- 6 SEC. 224. REVISED ESTIMATES AND FINAL MAXIMUM DEF-
- 7 ICIT AMOUNT SEQUESTRATION REPORTS.
- 8 (a) Revised Estimates, Determinations, and
- 9 Final Maximum Deficit Amount Sequestration Re-
- 10 PORTS.—On the dates specified in section 202(a), OMB
- 11 shall submit to the President and Congress, and CBO
- 12 shall submit to Congress, a revised report—
- 13 (1) indicating whether and to what extent, as a
- 14 result of laws enacted and regulations promulgated
- 15 after the submission of their preview report under
- section 222(a), the excess deficit identified in the re-
- 17 port submitted under such subsection has been
- 18 eliminated, reduced, or increased; and
- 19 (2) adjusting the determinations made under
- section 222(a) to the extent necessary.
- 21 The final report submitted under this subsection shall con-
- 22 tain estimates, determinations, and specifications for all
- 23 of the items contained in the maximum deficit amount rec-
- 24 onciliation report and shall be based on the same economic
- 25 and technical assumptions and employ the same meth-

- 1 odologies shall be based on the supplemental budget esti-
- 2 mates under section 1106 of title 31, United states Code,
- 3 and the CBO report shall be based on the most recent
- 4 report required by section 202(e)(2) of the Congressional
- 5 Budget Act of 1974. Estimates shall be consistent with
- 6 section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Enforcement Act
- 7 Deficit Control Act of 1985. The reports shall provide for
- 8 the determination of reductions in the manner specified
- 9 in section 222(a)(3).
- 10 (b) Dates for Submission of Reports and
- 11 Issuance of Orders.—If the date specified for the sub-
- 12 mission of a report by the Director of OMB under this
- 13 section falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, such report shall
- 14 be submitted or such order issued on the following day.
- 15 (e) Printing of Reports.—Each report submitted
- 16 under this section shall be printed in the Federal Register
- 17 on the date it is issued; and the reports of the Director
- 18 of OMB submitted to the Congress under subsection
- 19 (a)(1) shall be printed as documents of the House of Rep-
- 20 resentatives and the Senate.
- 21 SEC. 225. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT-PRESIDENTIAL
- 22 **ORDER.**
- 23 (a) In General.—On the date specified in section
- 24 202(a) and following the submission of a report by the
- 25 Director of OMB to the President and Congress under

- 1 section 224 that identifies an amount by which the deficit
- 2 for a fiscal year will exceed the maximum deficit amount
- 3 for such fiscal year the President, in strict accordance with
- 4 the requirements set forth in section 227, shall eliminate
- 5 the full amount of the deficit excess by issuing an order
- 6 that eliminates the direct spending authority and outlays
- 7 resulting therefrom in accordance with such report from
- 8 each budget account activity as identified in the program
- 9 and financing schedules contained in the appendix to the
- 10 Budget of the United States Government for that fiscal
- 11 year, applying the same reduction percentage as the per-
- 12 centage by which the account is reduced in such report.
- 13 (b) Order To Be Based on OMB Report.—The
- 14 order must provide for reductions in the manner specified
- 15 in section 224, and must be consistent with such report
- 16 in all respects. The President may not modify or recal-
- 17 eulate any of the estimates, determinations, specifications,
- 18 bases, amounts or percentages set forth in the report sub-
- 19 mitted under section 224 in determining the reductions
- 20 to be specified in the order with respect to budget activi-
- 21 ties, within an account.
- 22 (c) Effect of Sequestration Under Presi-
- 23 DENTIAL ORDER.—Amounts sequestered under an order
- 24 issued by the President under subsection (a) for a fiscal

- 1 year shall be permanently cancelled in accordance with
- 2 such final order.
- 3 (d) Accompanying Message.—At the time the ac-
- 4 tions described in the preceding provisions of this sub-
- 5 section with respect to any fiscal year are taken, the Presi-
- 6 dent shall transmit to both Houses of the Congress a mes-
- 7 sage containing all the information required by this sec-
- 8 tion and further specifying in strict accordance with sub-
- 9 section (b)—
- 10 (1) within each account, and the amounts which
- are to be sequestered or reduced for each such pro-
- 12 gram, project, and activity or budget account activ-
- 13 ity; and
- 14 (2) such other supporting details as the Presi-
- dent may determine to be appropriate.
- 16 Upon receipt in the Senate and the House of Representa-
- 17 tives, the message shall be referred to all committees with
- 18 jurisdiction over programs, projects, and activities affected
- 19 by the order.
- 20 (e) Effective Date of Initial Order.—The
- 21 order issued by the President under subsection (a) with
- 22 respect to any fiscal year shall be effective as of the date
- 23 of its issuance.

# 1 SEC. 226. CONGRESSIONAL RESPONSE TO LOW GROWTH. 2 (a) Special Procedures in the Event of Low

4 (1) In GENERAL.—The Director of the Congressional Budget Office shall notify the Congress at any time if—

(A) during the period consisting of the quarter during which such notification is given, the quarter preceding such notification, and the four quarters following such notification, such Office or the Office of Management and Budget has determined that real economic growth is projected or estimated to be less than zero with respect to each of any two consecutive quarters within such period, or

(B) the Department of Commerce preliminary reports of actual real economic growth (or any subsequent revision thereof) indicate that the rate of real economic growth for each of the most recent reported quarter and the immediately preceding quarter is less than one percent.

Upon such notification the majority leader of each House shall introduce a joint resolution (in the form set forth in paragraph (2)) declaring that the conditions specified in this paragraph are met and sus-

Economic Growth.

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pending the relevant provisions of this title for the remainder of the current fiscal year or for the following fiscal year or both.

### (2) FORM OF JOINT RESOLUTION.—

(A) MATTER.—The matter after the resolving clause in any joint resolution introduced pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be as follows: "That the Congress declares that the conditions specified in section 226(a)(1) of the Stop Over Spending Act of 2006 are met and the provisions of that Act, including sequestration of diseretionary spending under subtitle B of that Act are suspended for the remainder of the current year, and for the fiscal year following the current year. This joint resolution shall not have the effect of suspending any final order which was issued for the current fiscal year under the SOS Act if such order was issued before the date of the enactment of this joint resolution. -

(B) TITLE.—The title of the joint resolution shall be "Joint resolution suspending certain provisions of law pursuant to SOS Act." and the joint resolution shall not contain any preamble.

1 (b) COMMITTEE ACTION.—Each joint resolution introduced pursuant to subsection (a) shall be referred to the Committee on the Budget of the House involved; and 3 4 such Committee shall report the joint resolution to its House without amendment on or before the fifth day on which such House is in session after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced. If the Committee fails 8 to report the joint resolution within the five-day period referred to in the preceding sentence, it shall be automati-10 cally discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, and the joint resolution shall be placed on the 12 appropriate calendar.

### 13 (e) Consideration of Joint Resolution.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—A vote on final passage of a joint resolution reported to a House of the Congress or discharged pursuant to subsection (b) shall be taken on or before the close of the fifth calendar day of session of such House after the date on which the joint resolution is reported to such House or after the Committee has been discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution. If prior to the passage by one House of a joint resolution of that House, that House received the same joint resolution from the other House, then—

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1	(A) the procedure in that House shall be
2	the same as if no such joint resolution had been
3	received from the other House, but
4	(B) the vote on final passage shall be or
5	the joint resolution of the other House.
6	When the joint resolution is agreed to, the Clerk of
7	the House of Representatives (in the case of $\epsilon$
8	House joint resolution agreed to in the House of
9	Representatives) or the Secretary of the Senate (in
10	the case of a Senate joint resolution agreed to in the
11	Senate) shall cause the joint resolution to be en-
12	grossed, certified, and transmitted to the other
13	House of the Congress as soon as practicable.
14	(2) House.—
15	(A) Proceeding.—A motion in the House
16	of Representatives to proceed to the consider-
17	ation of a joint resolution under this subsection
18	shall be highly privileged and not debatable. Ar
19	amendment to the motion shall not be in order
20	nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider
21	the vote by which the motion is agreed to or
22	disagreed to.
23	(B) DEBATE.—Debate in the House of
24	Representatives on a joint resolution under this

subsection shall be limited to not more than 5

hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the joint resolution. A motion to postpone, made in the House of Representatives with respect to the consideration of a joint resolution under this subsection, and a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, shall not be in order. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. It shall not be in order to move to table or to recommit a joint resolution under this subsection or to move to reconsider the vote by which the joint resolution is agreed to or disagreed to.

(C) APPEALS.—All appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to a joint resolution under this subsection shall be decided without debate.

(D) FORM OF RESOLUTION.—Except to the extent specifically provided in this subsection or in paragraph (4), consideration of a joint resolution under this paragraph shall be governed by the Rules of the House of Representatives.

### (3) Senate.

(A) PROCEEDING.—A motion in the Senate to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolution under this subsection shall be privileged and not debatable. An amendment to the motion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

(B) DEBATE. Debate in the Senate on a joint resolution under this subsection, and all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited to not more than five hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.

(C) Motions and appeals.—Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion or appeal in connection with a joint resolution under this subsection shall be limited to not more than one hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the joint resolution, except that in the event the manager of the joint resolution is in favor of any such motion or appeal, the time in opposi-

1	tion thereto shall be controlled by the minority
2	leader or his designee.

3 (D) LIMIT DEBATE OR RECOMMIT.—A mo-4 tion in the Senate to further limit debate on a joint resolution under this subsection is not de-6 batable. A motion to table or to recommit a 7 joint resolution under this subsection is not in <del>order.</del>

- 9 (4) No amendment to a 10 joint resolution considered under this subsection 11 shall be in order in either the House of Representa-12 tives or the Senate.
- SEC. 227. EXEMPTIONS FROM SEQUESTRATION.
- 14 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection 15 (b), all direct spending and outlays flowing therefrom shall be subject to the sequestration procedures under this sub-17 title.
- 18 (b) Exceptions.—
- 19 (1) Social security benefits and tier i 20 RAILROAD RETIREMENT BENEFITS.—Benefits pay-21 able under the old-age, survivors, and disability in-22 surance program established under title H of the So-23 cial Security Act, or in benefits payable under sec-24 tion 3(a), 3(f)(3), 4(a), or 4(f) of the Railroad Re-

tirement Act of 1974, shall be exempt from any reduction under any order issued under this part.

# (2) IN BUDGET.—

- (A) PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—The President shall include in the budget submitted pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, exemptions from sequestration procedures for specific accounts or activities where amounts are not available for sequestration (which includes outlays for interest on the public debt, outlays for claims against the United States, outlays for miscellaneous permanent appropriations and outlays for existing contracts.)
- (B) JUSTIFICATION.—The President shall include a justification for each exemption submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (C) APPLICATION.—The exemptions provided in paragraph (1) and the exemptions submitted by the President under this paragraph shall stand as the only exemptions to sequestration procedures under this subtitle, unless otherwise provided by law.

1	SEC. 228. SUBMISSION OF PRESIDENT'S BUDGET; MAXIMUM
2	DEFICIT AMOUNT MAY NOT BE EXCEEDED.
3	Section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, is
4	amended by adding at the end thereof the following:
5	"(i) The budget transmitted pursuant to subsection
6	(a) for a fiscal year shall be prepared consistent with sec-
7	tion 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit
8	Control Act of 1985, in such a manner as to ensure that
9	the deficit for such fiscal year shall not exceed the max-
10	imum deficit amount for such fiscal year.".
11	TITLE III—BIENNIAL BUDG-
12	ETARY AND APPROPRIATIONS
13	SEC. 301. REVISION OF TIMETABLE.
14	Section 300 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
15	(2 U.S.C. 631) is amended to read as follows:
16	"TIMETABLE
17	"Sec. 300. (a) In General.—Except as provided by
18	subsection (b), the timetable with respect to the congres-
19	sional budget process for any Congress (beginning with
20	the One Hundred Tenth Congress) is as follows:
	"First Session
	On or before:  Action to be completed:
	First Monday in February.  President submits the biennial budget recommendations.
	February 15 Congressional Budget Office submits report to Budget Committees.
	Not later than 6 weeks after the biennial budg-  Committees submit views and estimates to Budget Committees.
	et submission.  April 1 Budget Committees report concurrent resolution on the biennial budget.

# "First Session—Continued

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May 15	Congress completes action on concurrent reso-
	lution on the biennial budget.
May 15	Biennial appropriation bills may be consid-
	ered in the House.
<del>June</del> <del>10</del>	House Appropriations Committee reports last
	biennial appropriation bill.
<del>June 30</del>	House completes action on biennial appropria-
	tion bills.
August 1	Congress completes action on reconciliation
	<del>legislation.</del>
October 1	Biennium begins.
	Second Session
On or before:	Action to be completed:
February 15	President submits biennial budget review.
Not later than 6 weeks	Congressional Budget Office submits report
after President submits	to Budget Committees.
budget review.	
The last day of the ses-	Congress completes action on bills and resolu-
sion.	tions authorizing new budget authority for
	the succeeding biennium.

- 1 "(b) Special Rule.—In the case of any first session
- 2 of Congress that begins in any year immediately following
- 3 a leap year and during which the term of a President (ex-
- 4 cept a President who succeeds himself or herself) begins,
- 5 the following dates shall supersede those set forth in sub-
- 6 section (a):

### "First Session

On or before:	Action to be completed:
First Monday in April	President submits the biennial budget recommendations.
April 20	Committees submit views and estimates to Budget Committees.
May 15	Budget Committees report concurrent resolution on the biennial budget.
June 1	Congress completes action on concurrent resolution on the biennial budget.
<del>July 1</del>	Biennial appropriation bills may be considered in the House.
<del>July</del> 20	House completes action on biennial appropriation bills.
August 1	Congress completes action on reconciliation legislation.
October 1	Biennium begins.".

1	SEC. 302. AMENDMENTS TO THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET
2	AND IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT OF 1974.
3	(a) Declaration of Purpose.—Section 2(2) of the
4	Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
5	1974 (2 U.S.C. 621(2)) is amended by striking "each
6	year" and inserting "biennially".
7	(b) DEFINITIONS.—
8	(1) Budget resolution. Section 3(4) of
9	such Act (2 U.S.C. 622(4)) is amended by striking
10	"fiscal year" each place it appears and inserting "bi-
11	ennium".
12	(2) BIENNIUM.—Section 3 of such Act (2)
13	U.S.C. 622) is further amended by adding at the
14	end the following new paragraph:
15	"(11) The term 'biennium' means the period of
16	2 consecutive fiscal years beginning on October 1 of
17	any odd-numbered year.".
18	(e) Biennial Concurrent Resolution on the
19	Budget.
20	(1) Section Heading.—The section heading of
21	section 301 of such Act is amended by striking "AN-
22	NUAL" and inserting "BIENNIAL".
23	(2) Contents of resolution.—Section
24	301(a) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(a)) is amended—
25	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)
26	<del>lv-</del>

1	(i) striking "April 15 of each year"
2	and inserting "May 15 of each odd-num-
3	bered year";
4	(ii) striking "the fiscal year beginning
5	on October 1 of such year" the first place
6	it appears and inserting "the biennium be-
7	ginning on October 1 of such year"; and
8	(iii) striking "the fiscal year beginning
9	on October 1 of such year" the second
10	place it appears and inserting "each fiscal
11	year in such period";
12	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "for the
13	fiscal year" and inserting "for each fiscal year
14	in the biennium"; and
15	(C) in paragraph (7), by striking "for the
16	fiscal year" and inserting "for each fiscal year
17	in the biennium".
18	(3) Additional matters.—Section 301(b)(3)
19	of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(b)) is amended by strik-
20	ing "for such fiscal year" and inserting "for either
21	fiscal year in such biennium".
22	(4) VIEWS OF OTHER COMMITTEES.—Section
23	301(d) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(d)) is amended by
24	inserting "(or, if applicable, as provided by section
25	300(b))" after "United States Code".

1	(5) Hearings.—Section 301(e)(1) of such Act
2	(2 U.S.C. 632(e)) is amended by—
3	(A) striking "fiscal year" and inserting
4	"biennium"; and
5	(B) inserting after the second sentence the
6	following: "On or before April 1 of each odd-
7	numbered year (or, if applicable, as provided by
8	section 300(b)), the Committee on the Budget
9	of each House shall report to its House the con-
10	current resolution on the budget referred to in
11	subsection (a) for the biennium beginning on
12	October 1 of that year.".
13	(6) Goals for reducing unemployment.—
14	Section 301(f) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(f)) is
15	amended by striking "fiscal year" each place it ap-
16	pears and inserting "biennium".
17	(7) ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS.—Section
18	301(g)(1) of such Act $(2  U.S.C. 632(g)(1))$ is
19	amended by striking "for a fiscal year" and insert-
20	ing "for a biennium".
21	(8) Table of contents.—The item relating
22	to section 301 in the table of contents set forth in
23	section 1(b) of such Act is amended by striking "An-
24	nual" and inserting "Biennial".

1	(d) Committee Allocations.—Section 302 of such
2	Act (2 U.S.C. 633) is amended—
3	(1) in subsection (a)
4	(A) in paragraph (1), by—
5	(i) striking "for the first fiscal year of
6	the resolution," and inserting "for each
7	fiscal year in the biennium,";
8	(ii) striking "for that period of fiscal
9	years" and inserting "for all fiscal years
10	covered by the resolution"; and
11	(iii) striking "for the fiscal year of
12	that resolution" and inserting "for each
13	fiscal year in the biennium"; and
14	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking "April
15	15" and inserting "May 15 or June 1 (under
16	section 300(b))";
17	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "budget year"
18	and inserting "biennium";
19	(3) in subsection (e) by striking "for a fiscal
20	year" each place it appears and inserting "for each
21	fiscal year in the biennium";
22	(4) in subsection (f)(1), by striking "for a fiscal
23	vear" and inserting "for a biennium";

1	(5) in subsection $(f)(1)$ , by striking "the first
2	fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year of the bi-
3	ennium'';
4	(6) in subsection $(f)(2)(A)$ , by—
5	(A) striking "the first fiscal year" and in-
6	serting "each fiscal year of the biennium"; and
7	(B) striking "the total of fiscal years" and
8	inserting "the total of all fiscal years covered by
9	the resolution"; and
10	(7) in subsection $(g)(1)(A)$ , by striking "April"
11	and inserting "May".
12	(e) Section 303 Point of Order.—
13	(1) In General.—Section 303(a) of such Act
14	(2 U.S.C. 634(a)) is amended by—
15	(A) striking "the first fiscal year" and in-
16	serting "each fiscal year of the biennium"; and
17	(B) striking "that fiscal year" each place
18	it appears and inserting "that biennium".
19	(2) Exceptions in the house.—Section
20	303(b)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 634(b)) is amend-
21	<del>ed</del>
22	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "the
23	budget year" and inserting "the biennium";
24	and

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "the
2	fiscal year" and inserting "the biennium".
3	(3) Application to the senate. Section
4	303(e)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 634(e)) is amended
5	<del>by</del>
6	(A) striking "fiscal year" and inserting
7	"biennium"; and
8	(B) striking "that year" and inserting
9	"each fiscal year of that biennium".
10	(f) Permissible Revisions of Concurrent Reso-
11	LUTIONS ON THE BUDGET.—Section 304 of such Act (2
12	U.S.C. 635) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "fiscal year" the first two places
14	it appears and inserting "biennium"; and
15	(2) by striking "for such fiscal year" and in-
16	serting "for such biennium".
17	(g) Procedures for Consideration of Budget
18	RESOLUTIONS.—Section 305 of such Act (2 U.S.C.
19	636(3)) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)(3), by striking "fiscal
21	year" and inserting "biennium"; and
22	(2) in subsection $(b)(3)$ , by striking "fiscal
23	vear' and inserting "biennium".

1	(h) Completion of House Action on Appropria-
2	TION BILLS.—Section 307 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 638) is
3	amended—
4	(1) by striking "each year" and inserting "each
5	odd-numbered year";
6	(2) by striking "annual" and inserting "bien-
7	nial";
8	(3) by striking "fiscal year" and inserting "bi-
9	ennium"; and
10	(4) by striking "that year" and inserting "each
11	odd-numbered year''.
12	(i) Completion of Action on Regular Appro-
13	PRIATION BILLS.—Section 309 of such Act (2 U.S.C.
14	640) is amended—
15	(1) by inserting "of any odd-numbered calendar
16	year" after "July";
17	(2) by striking "annual" and inserting "bien-
18	nial"; and
19	(3) by striking "fiscal year" and inserting "bi-
20	ennium''.
21	(j) RECONCILIATION PROCESS.—Section 310(a) of
22	such Act (2 U.S.C. 641(a)) is amended—
23	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
24	striking "any fiscal year" and inserting "any bien-
25	nium", and

1	(2) in paragraph (1) by striking "such fiscal
2	year" each place it appears and inserting "any fiscal
3	year covered by such resolution".
4	(k) Section 311 Point of Order.—
5	(1) In the house.—Section 311(a)(1) of such
6	Act (2 U.S.C. 642(a)) is amended—
7	(A) by striking "for a fiscal year" and in-
8	serting "for a biennium";
9	(B) by striking "the first fiscal year" each
10	place it appears and inserting "either fiscal
11	year of the biennium"; and
12	(C) by striking "that first fiscal year" and
13	inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
14	(2) In the senate.—Section 311(a)(2) of
15	such Act is amended—
16	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "for
17	the first fiscal year" and inserting "for either
18	fiscal year of the biennium"; and
19	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
20	(i) by striking "that first fiscal year"
21	the first place it appears and inserting
22	"each fiscal year in the biennium"; and
23	(ii) by striking "that first fiscal year
24	and the ensuing fiscal years" and inserting
25	"all fiscal years".

1	(3) Social Security Levels.—Section
2	311(a)(3) of such Act is amended by—
3	(A) striking "for the first fiscal year" and
4	inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium";
5	and
6	(B) striking "that fiscal year and the ensu-
7	ing fiscal years" and inserting "all fiscal
8	years''.
9	(l) Maximum Deficit Amount Point of Order.—
10	Section 312(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
11	(2 U.S.C. 643) is amended—
12	(1) by striking "for a fiscal year" and inserting
13	"for a biennium";
14	(2) in paragraph (1), by striking "the first fis-
15	eal year" and inserting "either fiscal year in the bi-
16	ennium'';
17	(3) in paragraph (2), by striking "that fiscal
18	year" and inserting "either fiscal year in the bien-
19	nium"; and
20	(4) in the matter following paragraph (2), by
21	striking "that fiscal year" and inserting "the appli-
22	eable fiscal year''.

1	SEC. 303. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 31, UNITED STATES
2	CODE.
3	(a) Definition.—Section 1101 of title 31, United
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the
5	following new paragraph:
6	"(3) 'biennium' has the meaning given to such
7	term in paragraph (11) of section 3 of the Congres-
8	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
9	1974 (2 U.S.C. 622(11)).".
10	(b) BUDGET CONTENTS AND SUBMISSION TO THE
11	Congress.—
12	(1) Schedule.—The matter preceding para-
13	graph (1) in section 1105(a) of title 31, United
14	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
15	"(a) On or before the first Monday in February of
16	each odd-numbered year (or, if applicable, as provided by
17	section 300(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974),
18	beginning with the One Hundred Tenth Congress, the
19	President shall transmit to the Congress, the budget for
20	the biennium beginning on October 1 of such calendar
21	year. The budget of the United States Government trans-
22	mitted under this subsection shall include a budget mes-
23	sage and summary and supporting information. The
24	President shall include in each budget the following:".
25	(2) Expenditures.—Section 1105(a)(5) of
26	title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking

- "the fiscal year for which the budget is submitted and the 4 fiscal years after that year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium for which the budget is submitted and in the succeeding 4 fiscal years".
  - (3) RECEIPTS.—Section 1105(a)(6) of title 31,
    United States Code, is amended by striking "the fiseal year for which the budget is submitted and the
    4 fiscal years after that year" and inserting "each
    fiscal year in the biennium for which the budget is
    submitted and in the succeeding 4 years".
    - (4) BALANCE STATEMENTS. Section 1105(a)(9)(C) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
    - (5) Functions and activities.—Section 1105(a)(12) of title 31, United States Code, is amended in subparagraph (A), by striking "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
  - (6) Allowances.—Section 1105(a)(13) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".

1	(7) ALLOWANCES FOR UNCONTROLLED EX-
2	PENDITURES.—Section 1105(a)(14) of title 31,
3	United States Code, is amended by striking "that
4	year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the bien-
5	nium for which the budget is submitted".
6	(8) Tax expenditures.—Section 1105(a)(16)
7	of title 31, United States Code, is amended by strik-
8	ing "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year
9	in the biennium".
10	(9) Future years.—Section 1105(a)(17) of
11	title 31, United States Code, is amended—
12	(A) by striking "the fiscal year following
13	the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year
14	in the biennium following the biennium";
15	(B) by striking "that following fiscal year"
16	and inserting "each such fiscal year"; and
17	(C) by striking "fiscal year before the fis-
18	eal year" and inserting "biennium before the bi-
19	ennium''.
20	(10) Prior Year outlays.—Section
21	1105(a)(18) of title 31, United States Code, is
22	<del>amended</del>
23	(A) by striking "the prior fiscal year" and
24	inserting "each of the 2 most recently com-
25	pleted fiscal years,";

1	(B) by striking "for that year" and insert-
2	ing "with respect to those fiscal years"; and
3	(C) by striking "in that year" and insert-
4	ing "in those fiscal years".
5	(11) Prior Year receipts.—Section
6	1105(a)(19) of title 31, United States Code, is
7	amended—
8	(A) by striking "the prior fiscal year" and
9	inserting "each of the 2 most recently com-
10	pleted fiscal years";
11	(B) by striking "for that year" and insert-
12	ing "with respect to those fiscal years"; and
13	(C) by striking "in that year" each place
14	it appears and inserting "in those fiscal years".
15	(c) ESTIMATED EXPENDITURES OF LEGISLATIVE
16	AND JUDICIAL BRANCHES.—Section 1105(b) of title 31,
17	United States Code, is amended by striking "each year"
18	and inserting "each even-numbered year".
19	(d) Recommendations To Meet Estimated De-
20	FICIENCIES.—Section 1105(e) of title 31, United States
21	Code, is amended—
22	(1) by striking "the fiscal year for" the first
23	place it appears and inserting "each fiscal year in
24	the biennium for';

1	(2) by striking "the fiscal year for" the second
2	place it appears and inserting "each fiscal year of
3	the biennium, as the ease may be, for"; and
4	(3) by striking "for that year" and inserting
5	"for each fiscal year of the biennium".
6	(e) Capital Investment Analysis.—Section
7	1105(e)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
8	by striking "ensuing fiscal year" and inserting "biennium
9	to which such budget relates".
10	(f) Supplemental Budget Estimates and
11	CHANGES.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 1106(a) of title 31,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
15	<del>by</del> —
16	(i) inserting after "Before July 16 of
17	each year" the following: "and February
18	15 of each even-numbered year"; and
19	(ii) striking "fiscal year" and insert-
20	ing "biennium";
21	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "that fis-
22	cal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in
23	such biennium";
24	(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "fiscal
25	vear" and inserting "biennium"; and

1	(D) in paragraph (3), by striking "fiscal
2	year" and inserting "biennium".
3	(2) Changes. Section 1106(b) of title 31,
4	United States Code, is amended by—
5	(A) striking "the fiscal year" and inserting
6	"each fiscal year in the biennium";
7	(B) inserting after "Before July 16 of each
8	year" the following: "and February 15 of each
9	even-numbered year"; and
10	(C) striking "submitted before July 16"
11	and inserting "required by this subsection".
12	(g) Current Programs and Activities Esti-
13	MATES.—
14	(1) In General.—Section 1109(a) of title 31,
15	United States Code, is amended—
16	(A) by striking "On or before the first
17	Monday after January 3 of each year (on or be-
18	fore February 5 in 1986)" and inserting "At
19	the same time the budget required by section
20	1105 is submitted for a biennium"; and
21	(B) by striking "the following fiscal year"
22	and inserting "each fiscal year of such period".
23	(2) Joint Economic Committee.—Section
24	1109(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
25	by striking "March 1 of each year" and inserting

- 1 "within 6 weeks of the President's budget submis-
- 2 sion for each odd-numbered year (or, if applicable,
- 3 as provided by section 300(b) of the Congressional
- 4 Budget Act of 1974)".
- 5 (h) Year-Ahead Requests for Authorizing
- 6 Legislation.—Section 1110 of title 31, United States
- 7 Code, is amended by—
- 8 (1) striking "May 16" and inserting "March
- 9 31"; and
- 10 (2) striking "year before the year in which the
- 11 fiscal year begins" and inserting "calendar year pre-
- 12 <u>ceding the calendar year in which the biennium be-</u>
- 13 gins".
- 14 SEC. 304. TWO-YEAR APPROPRIATIONS: TITLE AND STYLE
- 15 OF APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.
- 16 Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amend-
- 17 ed to read as follows:
- 18 "\square 105. Title and style of appropriations Acts
- 19 "(a) The style and title of all Acts making appropria-
- 20 tions for the support of the Government shall be as fol-
- 21 lows: 'An Act making appropriations (here insert the ob-
- 22 ject) for each fiscal year in the biennium of fiscal years
- 23 (here insert the fiscal years of the biennium).'.
- 24 "(b) All Acts making regular appropriations for the
- 25 support of the Government shall be enacted for a biennium

- 1 and shall specify the amount of appropriations provided
- 2 for each fiscal year in such period.
- 3 "(e) For purposes of this section, the term 'biennium'
- 4 has the same meaning as in section 3(11) of the Congres-
- 5 sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2)
- 6 <del>U.S.C.</del> 622(11)).".

### 7 SEC. 305. MULTIYEAR AUTHORIZATIONS.

- 8 (a) In General.—Title III of the Congressional
- 9 Budget Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the
- 10 following new section:
- 11 "AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS
- 12 "Sec. 316. (a) Point of Order.—It shall not be
- 13 in order in the House of Representatives or the Senate
- 14 to consider—
- 15 "(1) any bill, joint resolution, amendment, mo-
- tion, or conference report that authorizes appropria-
- tions for a period of less than 2 fiscal years, unless
- the program, project, or activity for which the ap-
- 19 propriations are authorized will require no further
- 20 appropriations and will be completed or terminated
- 21 after the appropriations have been expended; and
- 22 "(2) in any odd-numbered year, any authoriza-
- 23 tion or revenue bill or joint resolution until Congress
- 24 completes action on the biennial budget resolution,
- 25 all regular biennial appropriations bills, and all rec-
- 26 oneiliation bills.

1	"(b) APPLICABILITY.—In the Senate, subsection (a)
2	shall not apply to—
3	"(1) any measure that is privileged for consid-
4	eration pursuant to a rule or statute;
5	"(2) any matter considered in Executive Ses-
6	sion; or
7	"(3) an appropriations measure or reconcili-
8	ation bill.".
9	(b) AMENDMENT TO TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The
10	table of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congres-
11	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is
12	amended by adding after the item relating to section 315
13	the following new item:
13	222 2223 11228 22211
13	"See. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".
14	
	"See. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".
14 15	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.
14 15	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,
14 15 16	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16 17	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—  (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September
114 115 116 117	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—  (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30, 1997" and inserting "September 30, 2007";
114 115 116 117 118	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—  (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30, 1997" and inserting "September 30, 2007";  (2) in subsection (b)—
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations."  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—  (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30, 1997" and inserting "September 30, 2007";  (2) in subsection (b)—  (A) by striking "five years forward" and
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—  (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30, 1997" and inserting "September 30, 2007";  (2) in subsection (b)—  (A) by striking "five years forward" and inserting "6 years forward";
114 115 116 117 118 119 220 221	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".  SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.  (a) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 306 of title 5,  United States Code, is amended—  (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30, 1997" and inserting "September 30, 2007";  (2) in subsection (b)—  (A) by striking "five years forward" and inserting "6 years forward";  (B) by striking "at least every three years"

1	(3) in subsection (c), by inserting a comma
2	after "section" the second place it appears and add-
3	ing "including a strategic plan submitted by Sep-
4	tember 30, 2007 meeting the requirements of sub-
5	section (a)".
6	(b) BUDGET CONTENTS AND SUBMISSION TO CON-
7	GRESS.—Paragraph (28) of section 1105(a) of title 31,
8	United States Code, is amended by striking "beginning
9	with fiscal year 1999, a" and inserting "beginning with
10	fiscal year 2008, a biennial".
11	(e) Performance Plans.—Section 1115 of title 31,
12	United States Code, is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (a)—
14	(A) in the matter before paragraph (1) by
15	striking "an annual" and inserting "a bien-
16	nial";
17	(B) in paragraph (1) by inserting after
18	"program activity" the following: "for both
19	years 1 and 2 of the biennial plan";
20	(C) in paragraph (5) by striking "and"
21	after the semicolon,
22	(D) in paragraph (6) by striking the period
23	and inserting a semicolon; and inserting "and"
24	after the inserted semicolon, and

1	(E) by adding after paragraph (6) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(7) cover a 2-year period beginning with the
4	first fiscal year of the next biennial budget eyele."
5	(2) in subsection (d) by striking "annual" and
6	inserting "biennial"; and
7	(3) in paragraph (6) of subsection (g) by strik-
8	ing "annual" and inserting "biennial".
9	(d) Managerial Accountability and Flexi-
10	BILITY.—Section 9703 of title 31, United States Code, re-
11	lating to managerial accountability, is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a)—
13	(A) in the first sentence by striking "an-
14	nual"; and
15	(B) by striking "section 1105(a)(29)" and
16	inserting "section 1105(a)(28)";
17	(2) in subsection (e)—
18	(A) in the first sentence by striking "one
19	or" before "years";
20	(B) in the second sentence by striking "a
21	subsequent year" and inserting "a subsequent
22	2-year period"; and
23	(C) in the third sentence by striking
24	"three" and inserting "4".

1	(e) Pilot Projects for Performance Budg-
2	ETING.—Section 1119 of title 31, United States Code, is
3	amended—
4	(1) in paragraph (1) of subsection (d), by strik-
5	ing "annual" and inserting "biennial"; and
6	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "annual" and
7	inserting "biennial".
8	(f) STRATEGIC PLANS.—Section 2802 of title 39,
9	United States Code, is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "September
11	30, 1997" and inserting "September 30, 2005";
12	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "five years
13	forward" and inserting "6 years forward";
14	(3) in subsection (b), by striking "at least every
15	three years" and inserting "at least every 4 years";
16	and
17	(4) in subsection (e), by inserting a comma
18	after "section" the second place it appears and in-
19	serting "including a strategic plan submitted by
20	September 30, 2005 meeting the requirements of
21	subsection (a)".
22	(g) Performance Plans.—Section 2803(a) of title
23	39, United States Code, is amended—
24	(1) in the matter before paragraph (1), by
25	striking "an annual" and inserting "a biennial";

1	(2) in paragraph (1), by inserting after "pro-
2	gram activity" the following: "for both years 1 and
3	2 of the biennial plan";
4	(3) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" after
5	the semicolon;
6	(4) in paragraph (6), by striking the period and
7	inserting "; and"; and
8	(5) by adding after paragraph (6) the following:
9	"(7) cover a 2-year period beginning with the
10	first fiscal year of the next biennial budget eyele.".
11	(h) Committee Views of Plans and Reports.—
12	Section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act (2 U.S.C.
13	632(d)) is amended by adding at the end "Each committee
14	of the Senate or the House of Representatives shall review
15	the strategie plans, performance plans, and performance
16	reports, required under section 306 of title 5, United
17	States Code, and sections 1115 and 1116 of title 31,
18	United States Code, of all agencies under the jurisdiction
19	of the committee. Each committee may provide its views
20	on such plans or reports to the Committee on the Budget
21	of the applicable House.".
22	(i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—
23	(1) IN GENERAL.—The amendments made by
24	this section shall take effect on the date of enact-
25	ment of this Act.

- 1 (2) AGENCY ACTIONS.—Effective on and after
- 2 the date of enactment of this Act, each agency shall
- 3 take such actions as necessary to prepare and sub-
- 4 mit any plan or report in accordance with the
- 5 amendments made by this Act.

## 6 SEC. 307. BIENNIAL APPROPRIATION BILLS.

- 7 (a) In General.—Title III of the Congressional
- 8 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is amended
- 9 by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "Consideration of Biennial Appropriations bills
- 11 "Sec. 317. It shall not be in order in the House of
- 12 Representatives or the Senate in any odd-numbered year
- 13 to consider any regular bill providing new budget authority
- 14 or a limitation on obligations under the jurisdiction of any
- 15 of the subcommittees of the Committees on Appropria-
- 16 tions for only the first fiscal year of a biennium, unless
- 17 the program, project, or activity for which the new budget
- 18 authority or obligation limitation is provided will require
- 19 no additional authority beyond 1 year and will be com-
- 20 pleted or terminated after the amount provided has been
- 21 expended.".
- 22 (b) Amendment to Table of Contents.—The
- 23 table of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congres-
- 24 sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is

1	amended by adding after the item relating to section 316
2	the following new item:
	"Sec. 317. Consideration of biennial appropriations bills.".
3	SEC. 308. REPORT ON CHANGES IN LAW.
4	Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment
5	of this Act, the Director of OMB shall report to the Com-
6	mittees on the Budget of the House of Representatives
7	and the Senate any changes in law to the Congressional
8	Budget Act of 1974 and the provisions of this Act required
9	to conform with a biennial budget process.
10	SEC. 309. EFFECTIVE DATE.
11	Except as provided in sections 306 and 308, this title
12	and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect
13	on January 1, 2007, and shall apply to budget resolutions
14	and appropriations for the biennium beginning with fiscal
15	<del>year 2008.</del>
16	TITLE IV—COMMISSIONS
17	<b>Subtitle A—National Commission</b>
18	on Entitlement Solvency
19	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
20	In this subtitle:
21	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
22	trator" means the Administrator of the Centers for
23	Medicare & Medicaid Services.
24	(2) CALENDAR DAY.—The term "calendar day"
25	means a calendar day other than 1 in which either

1	House is not in session because of an adjournment
2	of more than 3 days to a date certain.
3	(3) Commission.—The term "Commission"
4	means the National Commission on Entitlement Sol-
5	vency established under section 402(a).
6	(4) Commission Bill.—The term "Commission
7	bill" means a bill consisting of the proposed legisla-
8	tive language provisions of the Commission intro-
9	duced under section 403(a).
10	(5) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commis-
11	sioner" means the Commissioner of Social Security.
12	(6) Long-term.—The term "long-term" means
13	a period of not less than 75 years beginning on the
14	date of enactment of this Act.
15	(7) MEDICAID.—The term "Medicaid" means
16	the program established under title XIX of the So-
17	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.)
18	(8) MEDICARE.—The term "Medicare" means
19	the program established under title XVIII of the So-
20	cial Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.).
21	(9) Social Security.—The term "Social Secu-
22	rity" means the program of old-age, survivors, and
23	disability insurance benefits established under title
24	H of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et
25	<del>seq.).</del>

1	(10) Solvency.—The term "solvency"
2	<del>means </del>
3	(A) in relation to Social Security, any year
4	in which the balance ratio (as defined under
5	section 709(b) of the Social Security Act (42
6	U.S.C. 910(b)) of the Federal Old-Age and
7	Survivors Insurance Trust Fund and the Fed-
8	eral Disability Insurance Trust Fund estab-
9	lished under section 201 of the Social Security
10	Act (42 U.S.C. 401) is greater than zero;
11	(B) in relation to the Medicare program,
12	any year in which there is not excess general
13	revenue medicare funding (as defined in section
14	801(e)(1) of the Medicare Prescription Drug,
15	Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003
16	(Public Law 108-173; 117 Stat. 2358)); and
17	(C) In relation to Medicaid, any year after
18	2012 in which Gross Domestic Product growth
19	is greater than zero and growth in total Med-
20	icaid spending does not exceed growth in Gross
21	Domestic Product.
22	SEC. 402. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
23	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
24	mission to be known as the "National Commission on En-
25	titlement Solveney''.

1	(b) Purpose.—The Commission shall conduct a
2	comprehensive review of the Social Security, Medicare,
3	and Medicaid programs for the following purposes:
4	(1) Review.—Reviewing relevant analyses of
5	the current and long-term actuarial financial condi-
6	tion of the Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid
7	<del>programs.</del>
8	(2) IDENTIFYING PROBLEMS.—Identifying
9	problems that may threaten the long-term solvency
10	of the Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid pro-
11	<del>grams.</del>
12	(3) Analyzing potential solutions.—Ana-
13	lyzing potential solutions to problems that threaten
14	the long-term solveney of the Social Security, Medi-
15	eare, and Medicaid programs.
16	(4) Providing recommendations.—Providing
17	recommendations that will ensure the long-term sol-
18	vency of the Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid
19	programs and the provision of appropriate benefits.
20	(e) Duties.—
21	(1) In General.—The Commission shall con-
22	duet a comprehensive review of the Social Security,
23	Medicare, and Medicaid programs consistent with
24	the purposes described in subsection (b) and shall
25	submit the report required under paragraph (2).

1	(2) Report and recommendations.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than May 1,
3	2007, the Commission shall submit a report on
4	the long-term solvency of the Social Security,
5	Medicare, and Medicaid programs that contains
6	a detailed statement of the findings, conclu-
7	sions, and recommendations of the Commission
8	to the President, Congress, the Commissioner,
9	and the Administrator.
10	(B) Findings, conclusions, and rec-
11	OMMENDATIONS.—A finding, conclusion, or rec-
12	ommendation of the Commission shall be in-
13	eluded in the report under subparagraph (A)
14	only if not less than 10 members of the Com-
15	mission voted for such finding, conclusion, or
16	recommendation.
17	(C) LEGISLATIVE LANGUAGE.—If a rec-
18	ommendation submitted under subparagraph
19	(A) involves legislative action, the report shall
20	include proposed legislative language to carry
21	out such action.
22	(d) Membership.—
23	(1) Number and Appointment.—The Com-
24	mission shall be composed of 15 members of

whom-

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1	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President;
2	(B) 3 shall be appointed by the majority
3	leader of the Senate;
4	(C) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
5	leader of the Senate;
6	(D) 3 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
7	the House of Representatives; and
8	(E) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
9	leader of the House of Representatives.
10	(2) Co-chairpersons.—The President shall
11	designate 2 Co-chairpersons from among the mem-
12	bers of the Commission appointed under paragraph
13	(1). The Co-chairpersons may not be affiliated with
14	the same political party.
15	(3) Date.—Members of the Commission shall
16	be appointed by not later than 30 days after the
17	date of enactment of this Act.
18	(4) Period of Appointment. Members shall
19	be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any va-
20	cancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers,
21	but shall be filled in the same manner as the origi-
22	nal appointment.
23	(5) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall ter-
24	minate on the date that is 90 days after the Com-

1	mission submits the report required under sub-
2	section $(e)(2)$ .
3	(e) Administration.—
4	(1) Quorum.—Eight members of the Commis-
5	sion shall constitute a quorum for purposes of vot-
6	ing, but a quorum is not required for members to
7	meet and hold hearings.
8	(2) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at
9	the call of the Chairpersons or a majority of its
10	members.
11	(3) Hearings.—The Commission may, for the
12	purpose of earrying out this subtitle—
13	(A) hold such hearings, sit and act at such
14	times and places, take such testimony, receive
15	such evidence, and administer such oaths the
16	Commission considers advisable;
17	(B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the
18	attendance and testimony of such witnesses the
19	Commission considers advisable; and
20	(C) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the
21	production of such books, records, correspond-
22	ence, memoranda, papers, documents, tapes,
23	and other evidentiary materials relating to any
24	matter under investigation by the Commission.
25	(4) Subpoenas.—

1	(A) Issuance.—
2	(i) In General.—A subpoena may be
3	issued under this subsection only—
4	(I) by the agreement of the Co-
5	<del>chairpersons; or</del>
6	(II) by the affirmative vote of 8
7	members of the Commission.
8	(ii) Signature.—Subpoenas issued
9	under this subsection may be issued under
10	the signature of both Co-chairpersons of
11	the Commission and may be served by any
12	person designated by the chairman or by a
13	member designated by a majority of the
14	Commission.
15	(B) Enforcement.—In the case of contu-
16	macy or failure to obey a subpoena issued
17	under this subsection, the United States district
18	court for the judicial district in which the sub-
19	poenaed person resides, is served, or may be
20	found, may issue an order requiring such per-
21	son to appear at any designated place to testify
22	or to produce documentary or other evidence.
23	Any failure to obey the order of the court may
24	be punished by the court as a contempt of that
25	<del>court.</del>

1	(5) Compensation.—Members of the Commis-
2	sion shall serve without any additional compensation
3	for their work on the Commission. However, mem-
4	bers may be allowed travel expenses, including per
5	diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sec-
6	tions 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code,
7	while away from their homes or regular places of
8	business in performance of services for the Commis-
9	sion.
10	(6) STAFF.—
11	(A) Director.—The Commission shall
12	have a staff headed by an Executive Director.
13	(B) STAFF APPOINTMENT.—The Executive
14	Director may appoint such personnel as the Ex-
15	ecutive Director and the Commission deter-
16	mines to be appropriate.
17	(C) ACTUARIAL EXPERTS AND CONSULT-
18	ANTS.—With the approval of the Commission,
19	the Executive Director may procure temporary
20	and intermittent services under section 3109(b)
21	of title 5, United States Code.
22	(D) Federal Agencies.—
23	(i) DETAIL OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOY-
24	EES.—Upon the request of the Commis-
25	sion, the head of any Federal agency may

detail, without reimbursement by the Commission, any of the personnel of such agency to the Commission to assist in carrying out the duties of the Commission. Any such detail shall not interrupt or otherwise affect the civil service status or privileges of the Federal employee.

(ii) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Upon the request of the Commission, the head of a Federal agency shall provide such technical assistance to the Commission as the Commission determines to be necessary to earry out its duties.

(E) RESOURCES.—The Commission shall have reasonable access to materials, resources, statistical data, and other information the Commission determines to be necessary to carry out its duties from the Library of Congress, the Chief Actuary of Social Security, the Chief Actuary of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, the Congressional Budget Office, and other agencies and representatives of the executive and legislative branches of the Federal Government. The Chairpersons shall make re-

1	quests for such access in writing when nec-
2	essary.
3	(f) Funding.—The Commission shall receive, from
4	amounts appropriated to the Commissioner and the Ad-
5	ministrator, respectively, for fiscal year 2007 for adminis-
6	trative expenses, such sums as are necessary to carry out
7	the purposes of this section.
8	SEC. 403. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF COMMISSION
9	RECOMMENDATIONS.
10	(a) Introduction and Committee Consider-
11	ATION.—
12	(1) Introduction.—The aggregate legislative
13	language provisions submitted pursuant to section
14	402(c)(2)(C) shall be combined into a Commission
15	bill and shall be introduced in the Senate by the ma-
16	jority leader, or the majority leader's designee, and
17	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or
18	the Speaker's designee. Upon such introduction, the
19	Commission bill shall be referred to the appropriate
20	committees of Congress under paragraph (2). If the
21	Commission bill is not introduced in accordance with
22	the preceding sentence, then any member of Con-
23	gress may introduce the Commission bill in their re-
24	spective House of Congress beginning on the date

that is the 5th calendar day that such House is in

session following the date of the submission of such
 aggregate legislative language provisions.

### (2) Committee consideration.—

- (A) REFERAL.—A Commission bill introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Finance of the Senate. A Commission bill introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- (B) REPORTING. Not later than 30 calendar days after the introduction of the Commission bill, each Committee of Congress to which the Commission bill was referred shall report the bill or a committee amendment thereto.
- (C) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE.—If a committee to which is referred a Commission bill has not reported such Commission bill at the end of 30 calendar days after its introduction or at the end of the first day after there has been reported to the House involved a Commission bill, whichever is earlier, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such Commission bill,

and such Commission bill shall be placed on the
 appropriate calendar of the House involved.

# (b) EXPEDITED PROCEDURE.—

# (1) Consideration.—

(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 7 ealendar days after the date on which a committee
has been discharged from consideration of a
Commission bill, the majority leader of the Senate, or the majority leader's designee, or the
Speaker of the House of Representatives, or the
Speaker's designee, shall move to proceed to the
consideration of the committee amendment to
the Commission bill, and if there is no such
amendment, to the Commission bill. It shall
also be in order for any member of the Senate
or the House of Representatives, respectively, to
move to proceed to the consideration of the
Commission bill at any time after the conclusion of such 7-day period.

(B) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion to proceed to the consideration of a Commission bill is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, to a motion to postpone consider-

ation of the Commission bill, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion to proceed is agreed to or not agreed to shall not be in order. If the motion to proceed is agreed to, the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the ease may be, shall immediately proceed to consideration of the Commission bill without intervening motion, order, or other business, and the Commission bill shall remain the unfinished business of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the ease may be, until disposed of.

(C) LIMITED DEBATE.—Debate on the Commission bill and all amendments thereto and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith shall be limited to not more than 50 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the Commission bill. A motion further to limit debate on the Commission bill is in order and is not debatable. All time used for consideration of the Commission bill, including time used for quorum calls (except quorum calls im-

mediately preceding a vote) and voting, shall come from the 50 hours of debate.

- (D) AMENDMENTS. No amendment that is not germane to the provisions of the Commission bill shall be in order in the Senate. In the Senate, an amendment, any amendment to an amendment, or any debatable motion or appeal is debatable for not to exceed 1 hour to be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the amendment, motion, or appeal.
- (E) Vote on final passage.—Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on the Commission bill, the disposition of any pending amendments under subparagraph (D), and a request to establish the presence of a quorum, the vote on final passage of the Commission bill shall occur.
- (F) OTHER MOTIONS NOT IN ORDER.—A motion to postpone consideration of the Commission bill, a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit the Commission bill is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the Commission bill is agreed to or not agreed to is not in order.

1	(2) Consideration by other house.—If, be-
2	fore the passage by one House of the Commission
3	bill that was introduced in such House, such House
4	receives from the other House a Commission bill as
5	passed by such other House—
6	(A) the Commission bill of the other House
7	shall not be referred to a committee and may
8	only be considered for final passage in the
9	House that receives it under subparagraph (C);
10	(B) the procedure in the House in receipt
11	of the Commission bill of the other House, with
12	respect to the Commission bill that was intro-
13	duced in the House in receipt of the Commis-
14	sion bill of the other House, shall be the same
15	as if no Commission bill had been received from
16	the other House; and
17	(C) notwithstanding subparagraph (B), the
18	vote on final passage shall be on the Commis-
19	sion bill of the other House.
20	Upon disposition of a Commission bill that is re-
21	ceived by one House from the other House, it shall
22	no longer be in order to consider the Commission bill
23	that was introduced in the receiving House.
24	(3) Consideration in conference.—

1	(A) Convening of Conference.—Imme-
2	diately upon final passage of a Commission bill
3	that results in a disagreement between the two
4	Houses of Congress with respect to a Commis-
5	sion bill, conferces shall be appointed and a
6	conference convened.
7	(B) ACTION ON CONFERENCE REPORTS IN
8	THE SENATE.—
9	(i) MOTION TO PROCEED.—The mo-
10	tion to proceed to consideration in the Sen-
11	ate of the conference report on a Commis-
12	sion bill may be made even though a pre-
13	vious motion to the same effect has been
14	disagreed to.
15	(ii) Debate.—During the consider-
16	ation in the Senate of the conference re-
17	port (including a message between Houses)
18	on a Commission bill, and all amendments
19	in disagreement, including all amendments
20	thereto, and debatable motions and appeals
21	in connection therewith, consideration shall
22	be limited to 20 hours, equally divided and
23	controlled by the majority leader and the
24	minority leader or their designees. Debate

on any debatable motion or appeal related

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to the conference report (or a message between Houses) shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report (or a message between Houses).

(iii) Conference REPORT <del>DE</del>-FEATED.—Should the conference report be defeated, debate on any request for a new conference and the appointment of conferees shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the manager of the conference report and the minority leader or the minority leader's designee, and should any motion be made to instruct the conferees before the conferees are named, debate on such motion shall be limited to ½ hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report. Debate on any amendment to any such instructions shall be limited to 20 minutes, to be equally divided between and controlled by the mover and the manager of the conference report. In all cases when

1	the manager of the conference report is in
2	favor of any motion, appeal, or amend-
3	ment, the time in opposition shall be under
4	the control of the minority leader or the
5	minority leader's designee.
6	(iv) Amendments in disagree-
7	MENT.—In any ease in which there are
8	amendments in disagreement, time on each
9	amendment shall be limited to 30 minutes,
10	to be equally divided between, and con-
11	trolled by, the manager of the conference
12	report and the minority leader or the mi-
13	nority leader's designee. No amendment
14	that is not germane to the provisions of
15	such amendments shall be received.
16	(v) Limitation on motion to re-
17	COMMIT.—A motion to recommit the con-
18	ference report is not in order.
19	(e) Rules of the Senate and the House of
20	REPRESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted by Con-
21	<del>gress</del>
22	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
23	the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-
24	spectively, and is deemed to be part of the rules of
25	each House, respectively, but applicable only with re-

1	spect to the procedure to be followed in that House
2	in the case of a Commission bill, and it supersedes
3	other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent
4	with such rules; and
5	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
6	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
7	they relate to the procedure of that House) at any
8	time, in the same manner, and to the same extent
9	as in the case of any other rule of that House.
10	Subtitle B—Commission on Con-
11	gressional Budgetary Account-
12	ability and Review of Federal
13	Agencies
14	SEC. 411. DEFINITIONS.
15	In this subtitle:
16	(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" means—
17	(A) an Executive agency, as defined under
18	section 105 of title 5, United States Code; and
19	(B) the Executive Office of the President.
20	(2) CALENDAR DAY.—The term "calendar day"
21	means a calendar day other than 1 on which either
22	House is not in session because of an adjournment
23	of more than 3 days to a date certain.
24	(3) Commission Bill.—The term "Commission
25	bill" means only a bill which is introduced as pro-

1	vided under section 416, and contains the proposed
2	legislation included in the report submitted to Con-
3	gress under section 413(b)(3), without modification.
4	(4) Program.—The term "program" means
5	any activity or function of an agency.
6	SEC. 412. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
7	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established the Com-
8	mission on Congressional Budgetary Accountability and
9	Review of Federal Agencies (referred to in this subtitle
10	as the "Commission").
11	(b) Membership.—
12	(1) In General.—The Commission shall con-
13	sist of 15 members, of which, not later than 30 days
14	after the date of enactment of this Act—
15	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President;
16	(B) 3 shall be appointed by the majority
17	leader of the Senate;
18	(C) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
19	leader of the Senate;
20	(D) 3 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
21	the House of Representatives; and
22	(E) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
23	leader of the House of Representatives.
24	(2) Chairperson and vice chairperson.—
25	The President shall designate a Chairnerson and

1	Vice	<b>Chairperson</b>	<del>from</del>	among	the	members	<del>of</del>	the	•
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- 2 Commission. The Chairperson and the Vice Chair-
- 3 person may not be affiliated with the same political
- 4 party.
- 5 (e) Timing.—Members of the Commission shall be
- 6 appointed by not later than 30 days after the date of en-
- 7 actment of this Act.
- 8 (d) Period of Appointment; Vacancies.—Mem-
- 9 bers shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any
- 10 vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but
- 11 shall be filled in the same manner as the original appoint-
- 12 ment.
- 13 (e) <u>Meetings.</u>—
- 14 (1) Initial meeting.—Not later than 30 days
- 15 after the date on which all members of the Commis-
- sion have been appointed, the Commission shall hold
- 17 its first meeting.
- 18 (2) Subsequent meetings.—The Commission
- shall meet at the eall of the chairperson.
- 20 (f) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the
- 21 Commission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser num-
- 22 ber of members may hold hearings.
- 23 SEC. 413. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.
- 24 (a) Systematic Assessment of Programs by the
- 25 President.—

I	(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after
2	the date of enactment of this Act and each of the
3	next 3 years thereafter, the President shall—
4	(A) establish a systematic method for as-
5	sessing the effectiveness and accountability of
6	agency programs in accordance with paragraph
7	(2) and divide the programs into 4 approxi-
8	mately equal budgetary parts based on the size
9	of the budget and number of personnel of the
10	agency program; and
11	(B) submit, to the Commission each year,
12	an assessment of the programs within each part
13	(one each year) that use the method established
14	under subparagraph $(A)$ .
15	(2) METHOD OBJECTIVES.—The method estab-
16	lished under paragraph (1) shall—
17	(A) recognize different types of Federal
18	<del>programs;</del>
19	(B) assess programs based on the achieve-
20	ment of performance goals (as defined under
21	section 1115(g)(4) of title 31, United States
22	Code);
23	(C) assess programs based in part on the
24	adequacy of the program's performance meas-

1	ures, financial management, and other factors
2	determined by the President;
3	(D) assess programs based in part on
4	whether the program has fulfilled the legislative
5	intent surrounding the creation of the program,
6	taking into account any change in legislative in-
7	tent during the program's existence; and
8	(E) assess programs based in part on col-
9	laborative analysis, with the program or agency,
10	of program policy and goals which may not fit
11	into easily measurable performance goals.
12	(3) Common performance measures.—Not
13	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
14	Act, the President shall identify common perform-
15	ance measures for programs covered in paragraph
16	(1) that have similar functions and, to the extent
17	feasible, provide the Commission with data on such
18	<del>performance</del> measures.
19	(b) EVALUATION AND PLAN BY COMMISSION.—
20	(1) DEVELOPMENT.—The method established
21	under subsection (a) shall be subject to review and
22	change by the Commission. If the Commission
23	makes any changes in the method, the Commission

shall notify Congress not later than 1 year after re-

1	viewing the first assessment from the President
2	under this section.
3	(2) Consideration of Assessments.—The
4	Commission shall consider assessments submitted
5	under subsection (a) when evaluating programs
6	under this subsection.
7	(3) Assessment and Legislation.—
8	(A) In General.—The Commission
9	<del>shall—</del>
10	(i) evaluate all agencies and programs
11	within those agencies in each unit identi-
12	fied in the systemic assessment under sub-
13	section (a) (one each year over the next 4
14	years), using the criteria under subsection
15	(a) subject to modification under para-
16	graph (1); and
17	(ii) submit to Congress each of the
18	next 4 years beginning January 1, 2008,
19	with respect to each evaluation under
20	<del>clause (i)—</del>
21	(I) a plan with recommendations
22	of the agencies and programs that
23	should be realigned or eliminated
24	within each part; and

1	(II) proposed legislation to imple-
2	ment the plan described under sub-
3	elause (I).
4	(B) RELOCATION OF FEDERAL EMPLOY-
5	EES.—The proposed legislation under subpara-
6	graph (A) shall provide that if the position of
7	an employee of an agency is eliminated as a re-
8	sult of the implementation of the plan under
9	subparagraph (A)(i), the affected agency shall
10	make reasonable efforts to relocate such em-
11	ployee to another position within the agency or
12	within another Federal agency.
13	(4) Criteria.—
14	(A) DUPLICATIVE.—If 2 or more agencies
15	or programs are performing the same essential
16	function and the function can be consolidated
17	or streamlined into a single agency or program,
18	the Commission shall recommend that the agen-
19	cies or programs be realigned.
20	(B) Wasteful or inefficient.—The
21	Commission may recommend the realignment or
22	elimination of any agency or program that has
23	wasted Federal funds by—
24	(i) egregious spending;

1	(ii) mismanagement of resources and
2	personnel; or
3	(iii) use of such funds for personal
4	benefit or the benefit of a special interest
5	<del>group.</del>
6	(C) OUTDATED, IRRELEVANT, OR
7	FAILED.—The Commission shall recommend
8	the elimination of any agency or program
9	<del>that</del> —
10	(i) has completed its intended pur-
11	<del>pose;</del>
12	(ii) has become irrelevant; or
13	(iii) has failed to meet its objectives.
14	SEC. 414. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.
15	(a) Hearings.—The chairperson of the Commission,
16	or his or her designee, may, for the purpose of earrying
17	out this subtitle—
18	(1) hold such hearings, sit and act at such
19	times and places, take such testimony, receive such
20	evidence, and administer such oaths as the chair-
21	person of the Commission considers advisable;
22	(2) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the at-
23	tendance and testimony of such witnesses as the
24	chairperson of the Commission considers advisable;
25	and

1	(3) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the pro-
2	duction of such books, records, correspondence,
3	memoranda, papers, documents, tapes, and other
4	evidentiary materials relating to any matter under
5	investigation by the Commission.
6	(b) Subpoenas.—
7	(1) Issuance.—
8	(A) In general.—A subpoena may be
9	issued under this subsection only—
10	(i) by the agreement of the chairman
11	and the vice chairman of the Commission;
12	<del>Or</del>
13	(ii) by the affirmative vote of 8 mem-
14	bers of the Commission.
15	(B) Signature.—Subpoenas issued under
16	this subsection (a) may be issued under the sig-
17	nature of the chairman of the Commission and
18	may be served by any person designated by the
19	chairman or by a member designated by a ma-
20	jority of the Commission.
21	(2) Enforcement.—In the case of contumacy
22	or failure to obey a subpoena issued under sub-
23	section (a), the United States district court for the
24	judicial district in which the subpoenaed person re-
25	sides, is served, or may be found, may issue an order

- 1 requiring such person to appear at any designated
- 2 place to testify or to produce documentary or other
- 3 evidence. Any failure to obey the order of the court
- 4 may be punished by the court as a contempt of that
- 5 court.
- 6 (e) Technical Assistance.—Upon the request of
- 7 the Commission, the head of a Federal agency shall pro-
- 8 vide such technical assistance to the Commission as the
- 9 Commission determines to be necessary to earry out its
- 10 duties.
- 11 (d) Information.—The Commission shall have rea-
- 12 sonable access to budgetary, performance or pro-
- 13 grammatic materials, resources, statistical data, and other
- 14 information the Commission determines to be necessary
- 15 to carry out its duties from the Congressional Budget Of-
- 16 fice, and other agencies and representatives of the execu-
- 17 tive and legislative branches of the Federal Government.
- 18 The Chairpersons shall make requests for such access in
- 19 writing when necessary.
- 20 (e) Receipt, Handling, Storage, and Dissemina-
- 21 TION OF INFORMATION.—Information shall only be re-
- 22 eeived, handled, stored, and disseminated by members of
- 23 the Commission and its staff consistent with all applicable
- 24 statutes, regulations, and Executive orders.

1	(f) Postal Services.—The Commission may use
2	the United States mails in the same manner and under
3	the same conditions as other departments and agencies of
4	the Federal Government.
5	SEC. 415. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.
6	(a) Compensation of Members.—
7	(1) Non-federal members.—Except as pro-
8	vided under subsection (b), each member of the
9	Commission who is not an officer or employee of the
10	Federal Government shall not be compensated.
11	(2) Federal officers or employees.—Al
12	members of the Commission who are officers or em-
13	ployees of the United States shall serve without com-
14	pensation in addition to that received for their serv
15	ices as officers or employees of the United States.
16	(b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the Com-
17	mission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
18	diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ
19	ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
20	5, United States Code, while away from their homes or
21	regular places of business in the performance of services
22	for the Commission.
23	(c) Staff.
24	(1) In General.—The chairperson of the Com-
25	mission may appoint an executive director and such

other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The employment of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by the Commission.

(2) Compensation.—Upon the approval of the chairperson, the executive director may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for the executive director and other personnel may not exceed the maximum rate payable for a position at GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of such title.

#### (3) Personnel as federal employees.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The executive director and any personnel of the Commission who are employees shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, 89A, 89B, and 90 of that title.

(B) MEMBERS OF COMMISSION.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.

1	(d) Detail of Government Employees.—Any
2	Federal Government employee may be detailed to the
3	Commission without reimbursement from the Commission,
4	and such detail shall be without interruption or loss of
5	eivil service status or privilege.
6	(e) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
7	TENT SERVICES.—The chairperson of the Commission
8	may procure temporary and intermittent services under
9	section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates
10	for individuals which do not exceed the daily equivalent
11	of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of
12	the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
13	SEC. 416. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF REFORM PRO-
	SEC. 416. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF REFORM PROPOSALS.
13	
13 14 15	POSALS.
13 14 15	POSALS. (a) Introduction and Committee Consider-
13 14 15 16	POSALS.  (a) Introduction and Committee Consideration.
13 14 15 16 17	(a) Introduction and Committee Consideration.  (1) Introduction.—The Commission bill land
13 14 15 16 17	POSALS.  (a) Introduction and Committee Consideration.  ATION.—  (1) Introduction.—The Commission bill language provisions submitted pursuant to section
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) Introduction and Committee Consideration.—  (1) Introduction.—The Commission bill language provisions submitted pursuant to section 413(b)(3) shall be introduced in the Senate by the
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Introduction and Committee Consideration.—  (1) Introduction.—The Commission bill language provisions submitted pursuant to section 413(b)(3) shall be introduced in the Senate by the majority leader, or the majority leader's designee,
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Introduction and Committee Consideration.—  (1) Introduction.—The Commission bill language provisions submitted pursuant to section 413(b)(3) shall be introduced in the Senate by the majority leader, or the majority leader's designee, and in the House of Representatives, by the Speak-

(2). If the Commission bill is not introduced in ac-

eordance with the preceding sentence, then any member of Congress may introduce the Commission bill in their respective House of Congress beginning on the date that is the 5th calendar day that such House is in session following the date of the submission of such aggregate legislative language provisions.

#### (2) COMMITTEE CONSIDERATION.—

(A) REFERRAL.—A Commission bill introduced under paragraph (1) shall be referred to
any appropriate committee of jurisdiction in the
Senate, any appropriate committee of jurisdiction in the House of Representatives, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate and the
Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives. A committee to which a Commission bill is referred under this paragraph may
review and comment on such bill, may report
such bill to the respective House, and may not
amend such bill.

(B) REPORTING. Not later than 30 calendar days after the introduction of the Commission bill, each Committee of Congress to which the Commission bill was referred shall report the bill.

(C) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE.—If a committee to which is referred a Commission bill has not reported such Commission bill at the end of 30 calendar days after its introduction or at the end of the first day after there has been reported to the House involved a Commission bill, whichever is earlier, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such Commission bill, and such Commission bill shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.

# (b) Expedited Procedure.—

# (1) Consideration.

(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 7 calendar days after the date on which a committee has been discharged from consideration of a Commission bill, the majority leader of the Senate, or the majority leader's designee, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or the Speaker's designee, shall move to proceed to the consideration of the Commission bill. It shall also be in order for any member of the Senate or the House of Representatives, respectively, to move to proceed to the consideration of the

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Commission bill at any time after the conclusion of such 7-day period.

(B) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion to proceed to the consideration of a Commission bill is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, to a motion to postpone consideration of the Commission bill, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion to proceed is agreed to or not agreed to shall not be in order. If the motion to proceed is agreed to, the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the ease may be, shall immediately proceed to consideration of the Commission bill without intervening motion, order, or other business, and the Commission bill shall remain the unfinished business of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the ease may be, until disposed of.

(C) LIMITED DEBATE.—Debate on the Commission bill and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall

be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the Commission bill. A motion further to limit debate on the Commission bill is in order and is not debatable. All time used for consideration of the Commission bill, including time used for quorum calls (except quorum calls immediately preceding a vote) and voting, shall come from the 10 hours of debate.

- (D) AMENDMENTS.—No amendment to the Commission bill shall be in order in the Senate and the House of Representatives.
- (E) VOTE ON FINAL PASSAGE.—Immediately following the conclusion of the debate on the Commission bill, the vote on final passage of the Commission bill shall occur.
- (F) OTHER MOTIONS NOT IN ORDER.—A motion to postpone consideration of the Commission bill, a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit the Commission bill is not in order. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the Commission bill is agreed to or not agreed to is not in order.
- (2) Consideration by other house.—If, before the passage by one House of the Commission

1	bill that was introduced in such House, such House
2	receives from the other House a Commission bill as
3	passed by such other House—
4	(A) the Commission bill of the other House
5	shall not be referred to a committee and may
6	only be considered for final passage in the
7	House that receives it under subparagraph (C)
8	(B) the procedure in the House in receipt
9	of the Commission bill of the other House, with
10	respect to the Commission bill that was intro-
11	duced in the House in receipt of the Commis-
12	sion bill of the other House, shall be the same
13	as if no Commission bill had been received from
14	the other House; and
15	(C) notwithstanding subparagraph (B), the
16	vote on final passage shall be on the Commis-
17	sion bill of the other House.
18	Upon disposition of a Commission bill that is re-
19	ceived by one House from the other House, it shall
20	no longer be in order to consider the Commission bil
21	that was introduced in the receiving House.
22	(c) Rules of the Senate and the House of
23	REPRESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted by Con-
24	gress—

- 1 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of 2 the Senate and the House of Representatives, re-3 spectively, and is deemed to be part of the rules of 4 each House, respectively, but applicable only with re-5 spect to the procedure to be followed in that House 6 in the case of a Commission bill, and it supersedes 7 other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent 8 with such rules; and
- 9 (2) with full recognition of the constitutional
  10 right of either House to change the rules (so far as
  11 they relate to the procedure of that House) at any
  12 time, in the same manner, and to the same extent
  13 as in the case of any other rule of that House.

#### 14 SEC. 417. TERMINATION OF THE COMMISSION.

- The Commission shall terminate 90 days after the date on which the Commission submits the final evaluation and plan report under section 413.
- 18 SEC. 418. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
  as may be necessary for earrying out this Act for each
  of the fiscal years 2007 through 2011.

# **TITLE V—BUDGET PROCESS**2 **REFORMS**

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3	SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.
4	Section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impound-
5	ment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 622) is amended by—
6	(1) redesignating paragraphs (3) through (10)
7	as paragraphs (7) through (14), respectively;
8	(2) adding after paragraph (3) the following:
9	"(3) DIRECT SPENDING.—The term 'direct
10	spending' means—
11	"(A) budget authority provided by law
12	other than appropriation Acts;
13	"(B) mandatory spending provided in ap-
14	propriation Acts; and
15	"(C) entitlement authority.
16	"(4) DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS.—The
17	term 'discretionary appropriations' means budgetary
18	resources (except to fund direct spending programs)
19	provided in appropriation Acts.
20	"(5) GOVERNMENTAL RECEIPTS.—The term
21	'governmental receipts' means revenue or collections
22	from the public based on the government's exercise
23	of its sovereign powers, including but not limited to
24	individual and corporate income taxes, social insur-
25	ance taxes, customs, duties, fines, compulsory license

1	fees, deposits of earnings by the Federal Reserve
2	System, tariffs, other fees, miscellaneous receipts,
3	gifts, and contributions.
4	"(6) SECONDARY OR INDIRECT EFFECTS.—The
5	term 'secondary or indirect effects' means changes
6	in direct spending or government receipts other than
7	the direct, observable effects of changes in legislation
8	on related accounts, including—
9	"(A) the impact of changes in spending
10	legislation on Federal tax receipts or the impact
11	of changes in Federal tax laws on total Federal
12	spending; or
13	"(B) the impacts on spending or govern-
14	ment receipts if there is no statutory connection
15	or established interaction between a legislative
16	proposal and its impact on the operation of cur-
17	rent law."; and
18	(3) adding at the end the following:
19	"(15) BUDGET YEAR.—The term 'budget year'
20	means, with respect to a session of Congress, the fis-
21	eal year of the Government that starts on October
22	1 of the calendar year in which that session begins.
23	"(16) Current Year.—The term 'current
24	year' means, with respect to a budget year, the fiscal
25	year that immediately precedes that budget year.".

1	SEC. 502. ANNUAL CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE
2	BUDGET.
3	Section 301 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
4	(2 U.S.C. 632) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a)—
6	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "Federal
7	revenues" both places it appears and inserting
8	"governmental receipts";
9	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "major
10	functional category" and inserting "standing,
11	select, or special committee of the House of
12	Representatives and the Senate, as appro-
13	priate,";
14	(C) in paragraphs (6) and (7), by striking
15	"For" and inserting "for"; and
16	(D) in the matter following paragraph (7),
17	by striking "old age" and inserting "old-age".
18	(2) in subsection (b)—
19	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "entitle-
20	ment authority" and inserting "direct spend-
21	ing"; and
22	(B) in paragraph (7), by inserting "is de-
23	scribed in detail to allow the Chairman of the
24	Committee on the Budget to determine whether
25	it qualifies for such revision and the legislation"
26	after "that legislation";

1	(3) in subsection (d)—
2	(A) in the caption, by striking "and esti-
3	mates of" and inserting ", estimates, and rec-
4	ommendations for deficit reduction from all";
5	(B) in the first sentence, by striking "its
6	views" and inserting "its specific recommenda
7	tions for changes in law within the jurisdiction
8	of the committee making the submission that
9	result in deficit reduction and its views"; and
10	(C) in the third sentence, by striking "or
11	functions"; and
12	(4) in subsection (e)—
13	(A) in paragraph $(2)$ —
14	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs
15	(B) through (D) as subparagraphs (C)
16	through (E), respectively;
17	(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs
18	(E) and (F) as subparagraphs (G) and
19	(H), respectively;
20	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
21	(A) the following:
22	"(B) with respect to the Committee on Ap-
23	propriations of the House of Representatives
24	and Senate, an estimate of total new budget au-
25	thority and total outlays with the estimates di-

1	vided between discretionary and mandatory
2	amounts"; and
3	(iv) by adding after subparagraph
4	(E), as redesignated, the following:
5	"(F) with respect to each standing, select,
6	or special committee of the House of Represent-
7	atives and Senate, an estimate of governmental
8	receipts within the jurisdiction of that com-
9	mittee;"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (3)(B), by—
11	(i) striking "Federal revenues" and
12	inserting "governmental receipts"; and
13	(ii) striking "such revenues" and in-
14	sert "such governmental receipts".
15	SEC. 503. COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS.
16	Section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
17	(2 U.S.C. 633(a)) is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (3)
19	and inserting the following:
20	"(3) FURTHER DIVISION OF AMOUNTS IN THE
21	HOUSE.—The amounts allocated to each committee
22	of the House of Representatives for each fiscal year,
23	other than the Committee on Appropriations, shall
24	be further divided between amounts provided or re-
25	quired by law on the date of filing of that conference

1	report and amounts not so provided or required. The
2	amounts allocated to the Committee on Appropria-
3	tions shall be further divided between discretionary
4	and mandatory amounts or programs, as appro-
5	priate."; and
6	(2) in subsection $(g)(2)$ , by striking "com-
7	mittee" and inserting "Committee".
8	SEC. 504. BUDGET RESOLUTION ADOPTION.
9	Section 303(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of
10	1974 (2 U.S.C. 634(a)) is amended to read as follows:
11	"(a) In General.—Beginning on the first day of a
12	new session of Congress, and until the concurrent resolu-
13	tion for the fiscal year beginning in October of the year
14	the new session of Congress begins, it shall not be in order
15	to consider with respect to the budget year covered by that
16	resolution, any bill or joint resolution, amendment or mo-
17	tion thereto, or conference report thereon that—
18	"(1) provides budget authority for the budget
19	<del>year;</del>
20	"(2) provides an increase or decrease in govern-
21	mental receipts during the budget year;
22	"(3) provides an increase or decrease in the
23	public debt limit for the budget year;
24	"(4) in the Senate only, provides new direct
25	spending for the budget year; or

1	"(5) in the Senate only, provides for an in-
2	crease or decrease in outlays for the budget year.".
3	SEC. 505. CONSIDERATION OF THE BUDGET RESOLUTION.
4	Section 305 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
5	(2 U.S.C. 636) is amended by—
6	(1) redesignating subsection (d) as subsection
7	<del>(e);</del> and
8	(2) striking subsections (b) and (c) and insert-
9	ing the following:
10	"(b) Procedure in Senate After Report of
11	Committee; Consideration; Amendments.—
12	"(1) Consideration in the Senate on any con-
13	current resolution on the budget, and all amend-
14	ments thereto and debatable motions and appeals in
15	connection therewith, shall be limited to not more
16	than 50 hours, except that with respect to any con-
17	current resolution referred to in section 304 all such
18	debate shall be limited to not more than 15 hours.
19	The time shall be equally divided between, and con-
20	trolled by, the majority leader and the minority lead-
21	er or their designees.
22	"(2) Debate in the Senate on any amendment
23	to a concurrent resolution on the budget shall be
24	limited to 2 hours, to be equally divided between,
25	and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the

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concurrent resolution, and debate on any amendment to an amendment, debatable motion, or appeal shall be limited to 1 hour to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution, except that in the event the manager of the concurrent resolution is in favor of any such amendment, motion, or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee. No dilatory motion, or dilatory amendment shall be in order. Amendments that are not germane to the provisions of such concurrent resolution shall not be in order. For the purpose of this Act, amendments that are predominantly precatory shall not be in order. Such managers, or either leader, may, from the time under their control on the consideration of the concurrent resolution, allot additional time to any Senator during the consideration of any amendment, debatable motion, or appeal.

"(3) Following the presentation of opening statements on the concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate, there shall be a period of up to 4 hours for debate on economic goals and policies.

"(4) Subject to the other limitations of this Act, only if a concurrent resolution on the budget reported by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate sets forth the economic goals (as described in sections 3(a)(2) and 4(b) of the Employment Act of 1946) which the estimates, amounts, and levels (as described in section 301(a)) set forth in such resolution are designed to achieve, shall it be in order to offer to such resolution an amendment relating to such goals, and such amendment shall be in order only if it also proposes to alter such estimates, amounts, and levels in germane fashion in order to be consistent with the goals proposed in such amendment.

"(5) A motion to further limit consideration is not debatable. A motion to recommit (except a motion to recommit with instructions to report back within a specified number of days, not to exceed 3, not counting any day on which the Senate is not in session) is not in order. Debate on any such motion to recommit shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution.

"(6) Notwithstanding any other rule, an amendment or series of amendments to a concurrent

1	resolution on the budget proposed in the Senate
2	shall always be in order if such amendment or series
3	of amendments proposes to change any figure or fig-
4	ures then contained in such concurrent resolution so
5	as to make such concurrent resolution mathemati-
6	eally consistent or so as to maintain such consist-
7	ency.
8	"(c) Request for Conference in the Senate.—
9	Consideration of all motions in relation to a request for
10	a conference with the House of Representatives shall be
11	limited to not more than 1 hour and debate on a motion
12	to instruct the conferees shall be limited to 20 minutes
13	to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover
14	and the manager of the concurrent resolution, except that
15	in the event the manager of the concurrent resolution is
16	in favor of any such amendment, motion, or appeal, the
17	time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minor-
18	ity leader or his designee.
19	"(d) Action on Conference Reports in the
20	SENATE.
21	"(1) A motion to proceed to the consideration
22	of the conference report on any concurrent resolu-
23	tion on the budget (or a reconciliation bill or resolu-

tion) may be made even though a previous motion

to the same effect has been disagreed to.

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"(2) During the consideration in the Senate of a conference report (including a message between Houses) on any concurrent resolution on the budget, including all amendments in disagreement, and all amendments thereto, and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, consideration shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and minority leader or their designees. Debate on any debatable motion or appeal related to the conference report (or a message between Houses) shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report (or a message between Houses).

"(3) Should the conference report be defeated, consideration of any request for a new conference and the appointment of conferees shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the manager of the conference report and the minority leader or his designee, and should any motion be made to instruct the conferees before the conferees are named, debate on such motion shall be limited to 20 minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report. Debate on any amendment to any

- such instructions shall be limited to 10 minutes, to
  be equally divided between and controlled by the
  mover and the manager of the conference report. In
  all eases when the manager of the conference report
  is in favor of any motion, appeal, or amendment, the
  time in opposition shall be under the control of the
  minority leader or his designee.
- 8 "(4) In any ease in which there are amend-9 ments in disagreement, the time for debate on each 10 amendment shall be limited to 30 minutes, to be 11 equally divided between, and controlled by, the man-12 ager of the conference report and the minority lead-13 er or his designee. No amendment that is not ger-14 mane to the provisions of such amendments shall be 15 received.".

#### 16 SEC. 506. BUDGET PROJECTIONS.

- 17 Section 308(e) of the Congressional Budget Act of
- 18 1974 (2 U.S.C. 639(e)) is amended—
- 19 (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "revenues"
- and inserting "governmental receipts"; and
- 21 (2) in paragraph (4), by striking "entitlement"
- 22 and inserting "direct spending".

## 23 SEC. 507. RECONCILIATION.

- 24 Section 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
- 25 (2 U.S.C. 641) is amended—

1	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraphs
2	(1) and (2) and inserting the following:
3	"(1) specify the total amount by which—
4	"(A) new budget authority;
5	"(B) budget authority;
6	"(C) new direct spending authority; and
7	"(D) governmental receipts other than in-
8	come taxes, estate and gift taxes, excise taxes
9	or payroll taxes, or tariffs;
10	contained in laws, bills, and resolutions within the
11	jurisdiction of a committee is to be changed for any
12	of the fiscal years covered by the resolution and di-
13	reet that committee to determine and recommend
14	changes to accomplish a change of such total
15	amount;
16	"(2) specify the total amount by which govern-
17	mental receipts including income taxes, estate and
18	gift taxes, excise taxes or social insurance taxes,
19	miscellaneous receipts, or tariffs are to be changed
20	and direct that the committees having jurisdiction to
21	determine and recommend changes in the govern-
22	mental receipt laws, bills, and resolutions to accom-
23	plish a change of such total amount;";
24	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
25	following:

(((1))	T D
**(b)	LEGISLATIVE PROCEDURE.—
7107	DEGISEATIVE I ROCEDURE.

"(1) If a conference report on a concurrent resolution containing reconciliation instructions to 1 or more committees to determine and recommend changes in laws, bills, or resolutions is agreed to in accordance with subsection (a)—

"(A) each such committee so instructed shall promptly make such determination and recommendations and submit such recommendations to the Committee on the Budget of its House, which upon receiving all such recommendations, shall report to its House recommendation legislation carrying out all such recommendations without any substantive revision; and

"(B) in the event that any committee fails to comply with its instruction, then the Committees on the Budget may report amendments recommending changes within the jurisdiction of the noncompliant committee to achieve the changes contained in the instruction.

"(2) For purposes of this subsection, a reconciliation resolution is a concurrent resolution directing the Clerk of the House of Representatives or the Secretary of the Senate, as the case may be, to

1	make specified changes in bills and resolutions which
2	have not been enrolled.";
3	(3) in subsection (e), by adding at the end the
4	following:
5	"(3) Secondary or indirect effects of the legislative
6	recommendations submitted by any committee of the
7	House of Representatives or the Senate that is instructed
8	pursuant to a concurrent resolution on the budget, shall
9	be attributed to the committee proposing the change in
10	law, but shall not be considered for the purpose of deter-
11	mining compliance with such instructions.";
12	(4) by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) of
13	subsection (d) and inserting the following:
14	"(1) It shall not be in order in the House of Rep-
15	resentatives to consider any amendment to a reconciliation
16	bill or reconciliation resolution if such amendment would
17	have the effect of increasing any specific budget outlays
18	above the level of such outlays provided in the bill or reso-
19	lution (for the fiscal years covered by the reconciliation
20	instructions set forth in the most recently agreed to con-
21	current resolution on the budget), or would have the effect
22	of reducing any specific governmental receipts below the
23	level of such governmental receipts provided in the bill or

25 makes at least an equivalent reduction in other specific

- 1 budget outlays, an equivalent increase in other specific
- 2 governmental receipts, or an equivalent combination there-
- 3 of (for such fiscal years), except that a motion to strike
- 4 a provision providing new budget authority or new entitle-
- 5 ment authority may be in order.
- 6 "(2) It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider
- 7 any amendment to a reconciliation bill or reconciliation
- 8 resolution if such amendment would have the effect of de-
- 9 creasing any specific budget outlay reductions below the
- 10 level of such outlay reductions provided (for the fiscal
- 11 years covered) in the reconciliation instructions which re-
- 12 late to such bill or resolution set forth in a resolution pro-
- 13 viding for reconciliation, or would have the effect of reduc-
- 14 ing governmental receipts increases below the level of such
- 15 increases in such governmental receipts provided (for such
- 16 fiscal years) in such instructions relating to such bill or
- 17 resolution, unless such amendment makes a reduction in
- 18 other specific budget outlays, an increase in other specific
- 19 governmental receipts, or a combination thereof (for such
- 20 fiscal years) at least equivalent to any increase in outlays
- 21 or decrease in governmental receipts provided by such
- 22 amendment, except that a motion to strike a provision
- 23 shall always be in order.
- 24 "(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply if a dec-
- 25 laration of war by the Congress is in effect.

1	"(4) For purposes of this section, the levels of budget
2	authority, outlays, and governmental receipts for a fiscal
3	year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made
4	by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Rep-
5	resentatives or of the Senate, as the ease may be."; and
6	(5) in subsection (e)—
7	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", mo-
8	tions in relation to a request for conference,"
9	after "under subsection (b)"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "Debate"
11	and inserting "Consideration".
12	SEC. 508. BUDGETING LEVELS.
13	Section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of
14	1974 (2 U.S.C.642(a)) is amended—
15	(1) in the matter after subparagraph (C) in
16	paragraph (1), by striking "total revenues" and in-
17	serting "total governmental receipts"; and
18	(2) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "revenues"
19	and inserting "governmental receipts".
20	SEC. 509. DETERMINATIONS AND POINTS OF ORDER.
21	(a) In General.—Section 312 of the Congressional
22	Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 643) is amended—
23	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "revenues"
24	and inserting "governmental receipts";
25	(2) by striking subsections (b) and (c);

1	(3) by redesignating subsections (d) through (f)
2	as subsections (b) through (d), respectively; and
3	(4) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(e) Congressional Budget Office Score for
5	CONFERENCE REPORTS.—It shall not be in order to con-
6	sider a report of a committee of conference unless an offi-
7	eial written cost estimate or table by the Congressional
8	Budget Office is available at the time of consideration.".
9	(b) Supermajority Points of Order.—Sub-
10	sections (e)(1) and (d)(2) of section 904 of the Congres-
11	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2
12	U.S.C. 621 note) are amended by—
13	(1) inserting "312(e)," after "310(d)(2),"; and
14	(2) nserting "and section 223 of the Stop Over
15	Spending Act of 2006" after "of this Act".
16	SEC. 510. EXTRANEOUS MATTER IN RECONCILIATION LEG-
17	ISLATION.
18	Section 313 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
19	(2 U.S.C. 644) is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a) by striking "or section
21	258C" through "1985";
22	(2) in subsection (b), by—
23	(A) striking paragraph (1) and inserting
24	the following:

1 "(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a provision of a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution con-3 sidered pursuant to section 310 shall be considered extra-4 neous if such provision does not produce a change in out-5 lays or governmental receipts, including changes in outlays and governmental receipts brought about by changes in the terms and conditions under which outlays are made 8 or governmental receipts are required to be collected (but a provision in which outlay decreases or governmental re-10 ceipts increases exactly offset outlay increases or governmental receipts decreases shall not be considered extraneous by virtue of this subparagraph); (B) except with respect to consideration of conference reports, any provision producing an increase in outlays or decrease in govern-15 mental receipts shall be considered extraneous if the net effect of provisions reported by the committee reporting the title containing the provision is that the committee fails to achieve its reconciliation instructions, or if the increase in outlays or decreases in governmental receipts ex-19 ceeds 20 percent of the total change required in a commit-20 21 tee's instruction; (C) a provision that is not in the jurisdiction of the Committee with jurisdiction over said title or provision shall be considered extraneous (except that amendments reported by the Committee on the Budget to achieve compliance with reconciliation instructions shall

- 1 not be extraneous); (D) a provision shall be considered to
- 2 be extraneous if it increases, or would increase, net out-
- 3 lays, or if it decreases, or would decrease governmental
- 4 receipts during a fiscal year after the fiscal years covered
- 5 by such reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution, and
- 6 such increases or decreases are greater than outlay reduc-
- 7 tions or governmental receipts increases resulting from
- 8 other provisions in such title in such year; and (E) a provi-
- 9 sion shall be considered extraneous if it violates section
- 10 <del>310(g)."; and</del>
- 11 (B) adding at the end the following:
- 12 "(4) Technical and conforming provisions shall not
- 13 be considered extraneous under this section."; and
- 14 (3) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "(b)(1)(E),
- or (b)(1)(F)" and inserting "(b)(1)(E)".
- 16 SEC. 511. ADJUSTMENTS.
- 17 Title III of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
- 18 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) is amended by—
- 19 (1) striking section 314; and
- 20 (2) redesignating section 315 as section 314.
- 21 SEC. 512. DIRECT SPENDING LIMITATION.
- 22 Title III of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
- 23 (2 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
- 24 the following:

1	**DIRECT SPENDING LIMITATION
2	"Sec. 315. (a) In General.—The chairman of the
3	Committee on the Budget of the Senate may submit to
4	the Senate a notification of a Medicare funding warning
5	if the chairman projects that within 7 years General Fund
6	of the Treasury contributions to Medicare funding, ex-
7	pressed as a percentage of total Medicare outlays, will ex-
8	eeed 45 percent.
9	"(b) Point of Order.—It shall not be in order to
10	consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment or con-
11	ference report that would cause any increase in direct
12	spending, net of proposals to change direct spending, re-
13	ceipts, or revenues contained in the measure, if a Medicare
14	Funding warning has been submitted to the Senate pursu-
15	ant to subsection (a) for 2 consecutive calendar years.
16	"(e) Waiver.—This section may be waived or sus-
17	pended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the
18	members, duly chosen and sworn.
19	"(d) Appeals.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
20	the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required
21	to sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point
22	of order raised under this section.
23	"(e) Determinations.—For the purposes of this
24	section, the determination of whether Medicare funding
25	warrants a funding warning and when it may be appro-

- 1 priate to withdraw such warning, as well as the levels of
- 2 net direct spending as required under subsection (b), shall
- 3 be provided by the chairman of the Committee on the
- 4 Budget.
- 5 "(f) CANCELLATIONS.—If legislation is enacted to re-
- 6 duce the general fund contribution below 45 percent, as
- 7 determined by the chairman of the Committee on the
- 8 Budget, any notification of a Medicare funding warning
- 9 is withdrawn.".
- 10 SEC. 513. APPROPRIATIONS REQUESTS OF THE PRESIDENT.
- 11 Section 1108(e) of title 31, United States Code, is
- 12 amended by striking "Congress or a" and inserting "Con-
- 13 gress and a".
- 14 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE: TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 15 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 16 "Stop Over Spending Act of 2006".
- 17 (b) Table of Contents for
- 18 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title: Table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Severability.

#### TITLE I—LEGISLATIVE LINE ITEM VETO ACT OF 2006

- Sec. 101. Short title.
- Sec. 102. Legislative line item veto.

## TITLE II—DEFICIT REDUCTION

Subtitle A—Definitions, Administration, and Sequestration

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Administration, reconciliation, and effect of sequestration.
- Sec. 203. GAO Compliance Report.

## Subtitle B—Discretionary Spending Limits

- Sec. 211. Discretionary Sequestration Reports.
- Sec. 212. Limits.

#### Subtitle C—Maximum Deficit Amount Limitation

- Sec. 221. Maximum deficit amount.
- Sec. 222. Reporting of excess deficits.
- Sec. 223. Congressional response to OMB and CBO Reconciliation Report.
- Sec. 224. Revised estimates and final maximum deficit amount sequestration reports.
- Sec. 225. Maximum deficit amount-Presidential order.
- Sec. 226. Congressional response to low growth.
- Sec. 227. Exemptions from sequestration.
- Sec. 228. Submission of President's budget; maximum deficit amount may not be exceeded.

### TITLE III—BIENNIAL BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS

- Sec. 301. Revision of timetable.
- Sec. 302. Amendments to the Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974.
- Sec. 303. Amendments to title 31, United States Code.
- Sec. 304. Two-year appropriations; title and style of appropriations Acts.
- Sec. 305. Multiyear authorizations.
- Sec. 306. Government plans on a biennial basis.
- Sec. 307. Biennial appropriation bills.
- Sec. 308. Report on changes in law.
- Sec. 309. Effective date.

### TITLE IV—COMMISSIONS

#### Subtitle A—National Commission on Entitlement Solvency

- Sec. 401. Definitions.
- Sec. 402. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 403. Expedited consideration of Commission recommendations.

## Subtitle B—Commission on Congressional Budgetary Accountability and Review of Federal Agencies

- Sec. 411. Definitions.
- Sec. 412. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 413. Duties of the Commission.
- Sec. 414. Powers of the Commission.
- Sec. 415. Commission personnel matters.
- Sec. 416. Expedited consideration of reform proposals.
- Sec. 417. Termination of the Commission.
- Sec. 418. Authorization of appropriations.

## TITLE V—BUDGET PROCESS REFORMS

- Sec. 501. Definitions.
- Sec. 502. Annual Concurrent Resolution on the Budget.
- Sec. 503. Committee allocations.
- Sec. 504. Budget resolution adoption.
- Sec. 505. Consideration of the budget resolution.

Sec. 506. Budget projections. Sec. 507. Reconciliation. Sec. 508. Budgeting levels.

	Sec. 509. Determinations and points of order. Sec. 510. Extraneous matter in reconciliation legislation. Sec. 511. Adjustments. Sec. 512. Direct spending limitation. Sec. 513. Appropriations requests of the President.
1	SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
2	The purposes of this Act are—
3	(1) to enable the President and Congress to re-
4	scind wasteful spending in an expedited manner;
5	(2) to effectively balance the budget by 2012;
6	(3) to reinstate statutory discretionary caps;
7	(4) to reduce the practice of using spending des-
8	ignated as an "emergency" as a mechanism to cir-
9	cumvent spending caps;
10	(5) to establish targets for the deficit as its share
11	of the United States economy, specifically as a per-
12	centage of Gross Domestic Product;
13	(6) to require automatic spending reduction rec-
14	onciliation directives to achieve annual deficit targets;
15	(7) to put in place automatic sequester proce-
16	dures to reduce discretionary and mandatory spend-
17	ing when either statutory caps have been exceeded or
18	deficit targets have not been met;
19	(8) to require Congress to act upon legislation to
20	ensure the solvency of the Social Security and Medi-
21	care Programs;

1	(9) to require Congress to act upon legislation to
2	identify and eliminate waste and duplication in Fed-
3	eral programs;
4	(10) to establish biennial budgeting;
5	(11) to strengthen and improve the Congressional
6	budget resolution and reconciliation process; and
7	(12) to provide short term and long term solu-
8	tions to ensure the financial security of our nation so
9	that our children and grandchildren will not be sad-
10	dled with insurmountable debt.
11	SEC. 3. SEVERABILITY.
12	If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
13	this Act, or the application of such provision or amendment
14	to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitu-
15	tional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made by
16	this Act, and the application of the provisions of such to
17	any person or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
18	TITLE I—LEGISLATIVE LINE
19	ITEM VETO ACT OF 2006
20	SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.
21	This title may be cited as the "Legislative Line Item
22	Veto Act of 2006".
23	SEC. 102. LEGISLATIVE LINE ITEM VETO.
24	(a) In General.—Title X of the Congressional Budget
25	and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 et

1	seq.) is amended by striking part C and inserting the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"Part C—Legislative Line Item Veto
4	"EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF CERTAIN PROPOSED
5	RESCISSIONS
6	"Sec. 1021. (a) Proposed Rescissions.—The Presi-
7	dent may send a special message, at the time and in the
8	manner provided in subsection (b), that proposes to rescind
9	dollar amounts of discretionary budget authority, items of
10	direct spending, and targeted tax benefits.
11	"(b) Transmittal of Special Message.—
12	"(1) Special message.—
13	"(A) In General.—
14	"(i) Four messages.—The President
15	may transmit to Congress not to exceed 4
16	special messages per calendar year, pro-
17	posing to rescind dollar amounts of discre-
18	tionary budget authority, items of direct
19	spending, and targeted tax benefits.
20	"(ii) Timing.—Special messages may
21	be transmitted under clause (i)—
22	"(I) with the President's budget
23	submitted pursuant to section 1105 of
24	title 31, United States Code; and

1	"(II) 3 other times as determined
2	by the President.
3	"(iii) Limitations.—
4	"(I) In General.—Special mes-
5	sages shall be submitted within 1 cal-
6	endar year of the date of enactment of
7	any dollar amount of discretionary
8	budget authority, item of direct spend-
9	ing, or targeted tax benefit the Presi-
10	dent proposes to rescind pursuant to
11	$this\ Act.$
12	"(II) Resubmittal rejected.—
13	If Congress rejects a bill introduced
14	under this part, the President may not
15	resubmit any of the dollar amounts of
16	discretionary budget authority, items
17	of direct spending, or targeted tax ben-
18	efits in that bill under this part, or
19	part B with respect to dollar amounts
20	of discretionary budget authority.
21	"(III) Resubmital after sine
22	DIE.—If Congress does not complete ac-
23	tion on a bill introduced under this
24	part because Congress adjourns sine
25	die, the President may resubmit some

1	or all of the dollar amounts of discre-
2	tionary budget authority, items of di-
3	rect spending, and targeted tax benefits
4	in that bill in not more than 1 subse-
5	quent special message under this part,
6	or part B with respect to dollar
7	amounts of discretionary budget au-
8	thor ity.
9	"(B) Contents of special message.—
10	Each special message shall specify, with respect
11	to the dollar amount of discretionary budget au-
12	thority, item of direct spending, or targeted tax
13	benefit proposed to be rescinded—
14	"(i) the dollar amount of discretionary
15	budget authority available and proposed for
16	rescission from accounts, departments, or
17	establishments of the government and the
18	dollar amount of the reduction in outlays
19	that would result from the enactment of
20	such rescission of discretionary budget au-
21	thority for the time periods set forth in
22	clause (iii);
23	"(ii) the specific items of direct spend-
24	ing and targeted tax benefits proposed for
25	rescission and the dollar amounts of the re-

1	ductions in budget authority and outlays or
2	increases in receipts that would result from
3	enactment of such rescission for the time pe-
4	riods set forth in clause (iii);
5	"(iii) the budgetary effects of proposals
6	for rescission, estimated as of the date the
7	President submits the special message, rel-
8	ative to the most recent levels calculated
9	consistent with the methodology described in
10	section 257 of the Balanced Budget and
11	Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and
12	included with a budget submission under
13	section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
14	Code, for the time periods of—
15	"(I) the fiscal year in which the
16	proposal is submitted; and
17	"(II) each of the 10 following fis-
18	cal years beginning with the fiscal year
19	after the fiscal year in which the pro-
20	$posal\ is\ submitted;$
21	"(iv) any account, department, or es-
22	tablishment of the Government to which
23	such dollar amount of discretionary budget
24	authority or item of direct spending is

1	available for obligation, and the specific
2	project or governmental functions involved;
3	"(v) the reasons why such dollar
4	amount of discretionary budget authority or
5	item of direct spending or targeted tax ben-
6	efit should be rescinded;
7	"(vi) the estimated fiscal and economic
8	impacts, of the proposed rescission;
9	"(vii) to the maximum extent prac-
10	ticable, all facts, circumstances, and consid-
11	erations relating to or bearing upon the
12	proposed rescission and the decision to effect
13	the proposed rescission, and the estimated
14	effect of the proposed rescission upon the ob-
15	jects, purposes, and programs for which the
16	budget authority or items of direct spending
17	or targeted tax benefits are provided; and
18	"(viii) a draft bill that, if enacted,
19	would rescind the budget authority, items of
20	direct spending and targeted tax benefits
21	proposed to be rescinded in that special
22	message.
23	"(2) Analysis by congressional budget of-
24	FICE AND JOINT COMMITTEE ON TAXATION —

1	"(A) In general.—Upon the receipt of a
2	special message under this part proposing to re-
3	scind dollar amounts of discretionary budget au-
4	thority, items of direct spending, and targeted
5	tax benefits—
6	"(i) the Director of the Congressional
7	Budget Office shall prepare an estimate of
8	the savings in budget authority or outlays
9	resulting from such proposed rescission and
10	shall include in its estimate, an analysis
11	prepared by the Joint Committee on Tax-
12	ation related to targeted tax benefits; and
13	"(ii) the Director of the Joint Com-
14	mittee on Taxation shall prepare an esti-
15	mate and forward such estimate to the Con-
16	gressional Budget Office, of the savings from
17	repeal of targeted tax benefits.
18	(B) Methodology.—The estimates re-
19	quired by subparagraph (A) shall be made rel-
20	ative to the most recent levels calculated con-
21	sistent with the methodology used to calculate a
22	baseline under section 257 of the Balanced Budg-
23	et and Emergency Control Act of 1985 and in-
24	cluded with a budget submission under section

1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and

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transmitted to the chairmen of the Committees on the Budget of the House of Representatives and Senate.

# "(3) Enactment of rescission bill.—

"(A) DEFICIT REDUCTION.—Amounts of budget authority or items of direct spending or targeted tax benefit that are rescinded pursuant to enactment of a bill as provided under this part shall be dedicated only to deficit reduction and shall not be used as an offset for other spending increases or revenue reductions.

"(B) Adjustment of Budget targets.—
Not later than 5 days after the date of enactment of a rescission bill as provided under this part, the chairs of the Committees on the Budget of the Senate and the House of Representatives shall revise spending and revenue levels under section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and adjust the committee allocations under section 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 or any other adjustments as may be appropriate to reflect the rescission. The adjustments shall reflect the budgetary effects of such rescissions as estimated by the President pursuant to paragraph (1)(B)(iii). The appropriate commit-

1 tees shall report revised allocations pursuant to 2 section 302(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. Notwithstanding any other provision of 3 4 law, the revised allocations and aggregates shall 5 be considered to have been made under a concur-6 rent resolution on the budget agreed to under the 7 Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and shall be 8 enforced under the procedures of that Act.

"(C) Adjustments to caps.—After enactment of a rescission bill as provided under this part, the President shall revise applicable limits under the Stop Over Spending Act of 2006, as appropriate.

14 "(c) Procedures for Expedited Consider-15 ation.—

16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—

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"(A) Introduction.—Before the close of the second day of session of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, after the date of receipt of a special message transmitted to Congress under subsection (b), the majority leader of each House, for himself, or minority leader of each House, for himself, or a Member of that House designated by that majority leader or minority leader shall introduce (by request)

the President's draft bill to rescind the amounts of budget authority or items of direct spending or targeted tax benefits, as specified in the special message and the President's draft bill. If the bill is not introduced as provided in the preceding sentence in either House, then, on the third day of session of that House after the date of receipt of that special message, any Member of that House may introduce the bill.

# "(B) Referral and reporting.—

"(i) ONE COMMITTEE.—The bill shall be referred by the presiding officer to the appropriate committee. The committee shall report the bill without any revision and with a favorable, an unfavorable, or without recommendation, not later than the fifth day of session of that House after the date of introduction of the bill in that House. If the committee fails to report the bill within that period, the committee shall be automatically discharged from consideration of the bill, and the bill shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

"(ii) Multiple committees.—

1	"(I) Referrals.—If a bill con-
2	tains provisions in the jurisdiction of
3	more than 1 committee, the bill shall
4	be jointly referred to the committees of
5	jurisdiction and the Committee on the
6	Budget.
7	"(II) Views of committee.—
8	Any committee, other than the Com-
9	mittee on the Budget, to which a bill is
10	referred under this clause may submit
11	a favorable, an unfavorable rec-
12	ommendation, without recommenda-
13	tion with respect to the bill to the Com-
14	mittee on the Budget prior to the re-
15	porting or discharge of the bill.
16	"(III) Reporting.—The Com-
17	mittee on the Budget shall report the
18	bill not later than the fifth day of ses-
19	sion of that House after the date of in-
20	troduction of the bill in that House,
21	without any revision and with a favor-
22	able or unfavorable recommendation,
23	or with no recommendation, together
24	with the recommendations of any com-

1	mittee to which the bill has been re-
2	ferred.
3	"(IV) Discharge.—If the Com-
4	mittee on the Budget fails to report the
5	bill within that period, the committee
6	shall be automatically discharged from
7	consideration of the bill, and the bill
8	shall be placed on the appropriate cal-
9	endar.
10	"(C) Final passage.—A vote on final pas-
11	sage of the bill shall be taken in the Senate and
12	the House of Representatives on or before the
13	close of the 10th day of session of that House
14	after the date of the introduction of the bill in
15	that House. If the bill is passed, the Clerk of the
16	House of Representatives shall cause the bill to
17	be transmitted to the Senate before the close of
18	the next day of session of the House.
19	"(2) Consideration in the house of rep-
20	RESENTATIVES.—
21	"(A) MOTION TO PROCEED TO CONSIDER-
22	ATION.—A motion in the House of Representa-
23	tives to proceed to the consideration of a bill
24	under this subsection shall be highly privileged
25	and not dehatable. An amendment to the motion

shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

- "(B) LIMITS ON DEBATE.—Debate in the House of Representatives on a bill under this subsection shall not exceed 4 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the bill. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. It shall not be in order to move to recommit a bill under this subsection or to move to reconsider the vote by which the bill is agreed to or disagreed to.
- "(C) APPEALS.—Appeals from decisions of the chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to a bill under this part shall be decided without debate.
- "(D) APPLICATION OF HOUSE RULES.—Except to the extent specifically provided in this part, consideration of a bill under this part shall be governed by the Rules of the House of Representatives. It shall not be in order in the House of Representatives to consider any bill introduced pursuant to the provisions of this part

1	under a suspension of the rules or under a spe-
2	cial rule.
3	"(3) Consideration in the senate.—
4	"(A) MOTION TO PROCEED TO CONSIDER-
5	ATION.—A motion to proceed to the consider-
6	ation of a bill under this subsection in the Sen-
7	ate shall not be debatable. A motion to proceed
8	to consideration of the bill may be made even
9	though a previous motion to the same effect has
10	been disagreed to. It shall not be in order to
11	move to reconsider the vote by which the motion
12	to proceed is agreed to or disagreed to.
13	"(B) Limits on debate.—Debate in the
14	Senate on a bill under this subsection, and all
15	debatable motions and appeals in connection
16	therewith, shall not exceed a total of 10 hours,
17	equally divided and controlled in the usual form.
18	"(C) Debatable motions and appeals.—
19	Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion or
20	appeal in connection with a bill under this sub-
21	section shall be limited to not more than 1 hour
22.	from the time allotted for debate to be equally

divided and controlled in the usual form.

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1	"(D) Motion to limit debate.—A motion
2	in the Senate to further limit debate on a bill
3	under this subsection is not debatable.
4	"(E) Motion to recommit.—A motion to
5	recommit a bill under this subsection is not in
6	order.
7	"(F) Consideration of the house
8	BILL.—
9	"(i) In general.—If the Senate has
10	received the House companion bill to the
11	bill introduced in the Senate prior to the
12	vote required under paragraph (1)(C), then
13	the Senate shall consider, and the vote
14	under paragraph (1)(C) shall occur on, the
15	House companion bill.
16	"(ii) Procedure After vote on
17	SENATE BILL.—If the Senate votes, pursu-
18	ant to paragraph (1)(C), on the bill intro-
19	duced in the Senate, the Senate bill shall be
20	held pending receipt of the House message
21	on the bill. Upon receipt of the House com-
22	panion bill, the House bill shall be deemed
23	to be considered, read for the third time,
24	and the vote on passage of the Senate bill

1	shall be considered to be the vote on the bill
2	received from the House.
3	"(d) Amendments and Divisions Prohibited.—
4	"(1) In general.—No amendment to a bill con-
5	sidered under this part shall be in order in either the
6	Senate or the House of Representatives.
7	"(2) No division.—It shall not be in order to
8	demand a division of the question in the House of
9	Representatives (or in a Committee of the Whole).
10	"(3) No suspension.—No motion to suspend the
11	application of this subsection shall be in order in the
12	House of Representatives, nor shall it be in order in
13	either the House of Representatives or the Senate to
14	suspend the application of this subsection by unani-
15	mous consent.
16	"(e) Temporary Presidential Authority To
17	Withhold.—
18	"(1) AVAILABILITY.—The President may not
19	withhold any dollar amount of discretionary budget
20	authority until the President transmits and Congress
21	receives a special message pursuant to subsection (b).
22	Upon receipt by Congress of a special message pursu-
23	ant to subsection (b), the President may direct that
24	any dollar amount of discretionary budget authority
25	proposed to be rescinded in that special message shall

1	be withheld from obligation for a period not to exceed
2	45 calendar days from the date of receipt by Congress.
3	"(2) Early availability.—The President may
4	make any dollar amount of discretionary budget au-
5	thority withheld from obligation pursuant to para-
6	graph (1) available at an earlier time if the President
7	determines that continued withholding would not fur-
8	ther the purposes of this Act.
9	"(f) Temporary Presidential Authority To Sus-
10	PEND.—
11	"(1) Suspend.—
12	"(A) In General.—The President may not
13	suspend the execution of any item of direct
14	spending or targeted tax benefit until the Presi-
15	dent transmits and Congress receives a special
16	message pursuant to subsection (b). Upon receipt
17	by Congress of a special message, the President
18	may suspend the execution of any item of direct
19	spending or targeted tax benefit proposed to be
20	rescinded in that message for a period not to ex-
21	ceed 45 calendar days from the date of receipt by
22	Congress.
23	"(B) Limitation on 45-day period.—The
24	45-day period described in subparagraph (A)
25	shall be reduced by the number of days contained

1	in the period beginning on the effective date of
2	the item of direct spending or targeted tax ben-
3	efit; and ending on the date that is the later of—
4	"(i) the effective date of the item of di-
5	rect spending or targeted benefit; or
6	"(ii) the date that Congress receives the
7	special message.
8	"(C) Clarification.—Notwithstanding
9	subparagraph (B), in the case of an item of di-
10	rect spending or targeted tax benefit with an ef-
11	fective date within 45 days after the date of en-
12	actment, the beginning date of the period cal-
13	culated under subparagraph (B) shall be the date
14	that is 45 days after the date of enactment and
15	the ending date shall be the date that is the later
16	of—
17	"(i) the date that is 45 days after en-
18	$actment;\ or$
19	"(ii) the date that Congress receives the
20	special message.
21	"(2) Early availability.—The President may
22	terminate the suspension of any item of direct spend-
23	ing or targeted tax benefit suspended pursuant to
24	paragraph (1) at an earlier time if the President de-

1	termines that continuation of the suspension would
2	not further the purposes of this Act.
3	"(g) Definitions.—In this part:
4	"(1) Appropriation law.—The term 'appro-
5	priation law' means any general or special appro-
6	priation Act, and any Act or joint resolution making
7	supplemental, deficiency, or continuing appropria-
8	tions.
9	"(2) Calendar day.—The term 'calendar day'
10	means a standard 24-hour period beginning at mid-
11	night.
12	"(3) Days of session.—The term 'days of ses-
13	sion' means only those days on which both Houses of
14	Congress are in session.
15	"(4) Dollar amount of discretionary budg-
16	ET AUTHORITY.—The term 'dollar amount of discre-
17	tionary budget authority' means the dollar amount of
18	budget authority and obligation limitations—
19	"(A) specified in an appropriation law, or
20	the dollar amount of budget authority required
21	to be allocated by a specific proviso in an appro-
22	priation law for which a specific dollar figure
23	was not included;
24	"(B) represented separately in any table,
25	chart, or explanatory text included in the state-

1	ment of managers or the governing committee re-
2	port accompanying such law;
3	"(C) required to be allocated for a specific
4	program, project, or activity in a law (other
5	than an appropriation law) that mandates obli-
6	gations from or within accounts, programs,
7	projects, or activities for which budget authority
8	or an obligation limitation is provided in an ap-
9	$propriation \ law;$
10	"(D) represented by the product of the esti-
11	mated procurement cost and the total quantity of
12	items specified in an appropriation law or in-
13	cluded in the statement of managers or the gov-
14	erning committee report accompanying such law;
15	or
16	"(E) represented by the product of the esti-
17	mated procurement cost and the total quantity of
18	items required to be provided in a law (other
19	than an appropriation law) that mandates obli-
20	gations from accounts, programs, projects, or ac-
21	tivities for which dollar amount of discretionary
22	budget authority or an obligation limitation is
23	provided in an appropriation law.
24	"(5) Rescind or rescission.—The term 're-
25	scind' or 'rescission' means—

- "(A) in the case of a dollar amount of discretionary budget authority, to reduce or repeal a provision of law to prevent that budget authority or obligation limitation from having legal force or effect; and
  - "(B) in the case of direct spending or targeted tax benefit, to repeal a provision of law in order to prevent the specific legal obligation of the United States from having legal force or effect.
  - "(6) DIRECT SPENDING.—The term 'direct spending' means budget authority provided by law (other than an appropriation law), mandatory spending provided in appropriation Acts, and entitlement authority.
  - "(7) ITEM OF DIRECT SPENDING.—The term 'item of direct spending' means any specific provision of law enacted after the effective date of the Legislative Line Item Veto Act of 2006 that is estimated to result in an increase in budget authority or outlays for direct spending relative to the most recent levels calculated consistent with the methodology described in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and included with a budget submission under section 1105(a) of title 31,

United States Code, and, with respect to estimates made after that budget submission that are not included with it, estimates consistent with the economic and technical assumptions underlying the most recently submitted President's budget.

- "(8) SUSPEND THE EXECUTION.—The term 'suspend the execution' means, with respect to an item of direct spending or a targeted tax benefit, to stop the carrying into effect of the specific provision of law that provides such benefit; and
- "(9) TARGETED TAX BENEFIT.—The term 'targeted tax benefit' means only those provisions—

"(A) estimated by the Joint Committee on Taxation to result in a loss of revenues relative to the most recent levels calculated consistent with the methodology described in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 and included with a budget submission under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and with respect to estimates made after that budget submission that are not included with it, estimates consistent with the economic and technical assumptions underlying the most recently submitted President's budget: and

1	"(B) having the practical effect of providing
2	more favorable tax treatment to a particular tax-
3	payer or limited group of taxpayers when com-
4	pared with other similarly situated taxpayers.
5	"(h) Congressional Identification of Targeted
6	Tax Benefits.—
7	"(1) Statement by joint tax committee.—
8	The Joint Committee on Taxation shall review any
9	revenue or reconciliation bill or joint resolution which
10	includes any amendment to the Internal Revenue
11	Code of 1986 that is being prepared for filing by a
12	committee of conference of the 2 Houses, and shall
13	identify, prior to consideration of such conference re-
14	port, whether such bill or joint resolution contains
15	any targeted tax benefits. The Joint Committee on
16	Taxation shall provide to the committee of conference
17	a statement identifying any such targeted tax benefits
18	or declaring that the bill or joint resolution does not
19	contain any targeted tax benefits. The statement shall
20	be included in the statement of managers to accom-
21	pany such conference report and made available to
22	any Member of Congress by the Joint Committee on
23	Taxation immediately upon request.
24	"(2) Statement included in legislation.—
25	Notwithstanding any other rule of the House of Rep-

1	resentatives or any rule or precedent of the Senate,
2	any revenue or reconciliation bill or joint resolution,
3	which includes any amendment to the Internal Rev-
4	enue Code of 1986 reported by a committee of con-
5	ference of the House of Representatives and the Sen-
6	ate, may include, as a separate section of such bill or
7	joint resolution, the information contained in the
8	statement of the Joint Committee on Taxation.".
9	(b) Exercise of Rulemaking Powers.—Section
10	904 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621
11	note) is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "and 1017"
13	and inserting "1017, and 1021"; and
14	(2) in subsection (d), by striking "section 1017"
15	and inserting "sections 1017 and 1021".
16	(c) Clerical Amendments.—
17	(1) Short title.—Section 1(a) of the Congres-
18	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974
19	is amended by—
20	(A) striking "Parts A and B" before "title
21	X" and inserting "Parts A, B, and C"; and
22	(B) striking the last sentence and inserting
23	at the end the following new sentence: "Part C
24	of title X also may be cited as the 'Legislative
25	Line Item Veto Act of 2006'.".

1	(2) Table of contents.—The table of contents
2	set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional Budget
3	and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended by
4	deleting the contents for part C of title X and insert-
5	ing the following:
	"Part C—Legislative Line Item Veto
	"Sec. 1021. Expedited consideration of certain proposed rescissions.".
6	(d) Severability.—If any provision of this Act or the
7	amendments made by it is held to be unconstitutional, the
8	remainder of this Act and the amendments made by it shall
9	not be affected by the holding.
10	(e) Effective Date and Expiration.—
11	(1) Effective date.—The amendments made
12	by this Act shall—
13	(A) take effect on the date of enactment of
14	this Act; and
15	(B) apply to any dollar amount of discre-
16	tionary budget authority, item of direct spend-
17	ing, or targeted tax benefit provided in an Act
18	enacted on or after September 1, 2006.
19	(2) Expiration.—The amendments made by
20	this Act shall expire on December 31, 2010.

1	TITLE II—DEFICIT REDUCTION
2	Subtitle A—Definitions,
3	Administration, and Sequestration
4	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this title:
6	(1) Account.—The term "account" means—
7	(A) for discretionary budget authority, an
8	item for which appropriations are made in any
9	appropriation Act; and
10	(B) for items not provided for in appro-
11	priation Acts, direct spending and outlays there-
12	from identified in the program and finance
13	schedules contained in the appendix to the Budg-
14	et of the United States for the current year.
15	(2) Breach.—The term "breach" means, for
16	any fiscal year, the amount by which discretionary
17	budget authority enacted for that year exceeds the
18	spending limit for budget authority for that year.
19	(3) Budget authority; new budget author-
20	ITY; AND OUTLAYS.—The terms "budget authority",
21	"new budget authority", and "outlays" have the
22	meanings given to such terms in section 3 of the Con-
23	gressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
24	1974 (2 U.S.C. 622).

1	(4) Budget year.—The term "budget year"						
2	means, with respect to a session of Congress, the fiscal						
3	year of the Government that starts on October 1 of the						
4	calendar year in which that session begins.						
5	(5) CBO.—The term "CBO" means the Director						
6	of the Congressional Budget Office.						
7	(6) Current.—The term "current" means—						
8	(A) with respect to the Office of Manage-						
9	ment and Budget estimates included with a						
10	budget submission under section 1105(a) of title						
11	31, United States Code, the estimates consistent						
12	with the economic and technical assumptions un-						
13	derlying that budget;						
14	(B) with respect to estimates made after						
15	that budget submission that are not included						
16	with it, the estimates consistent with the eco-						
17	nomic and technical assumptions underlying the						
18	most recently submitted President's budget; and						
19	(C) with respect to the Congressional Budg-						
20	et Office, estimates consistent with the economic						
21	and technical assumptions as required by section						
22	202(e)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of						
23	1974.						

2

- (7) CURRENT YEAR.—The term "current year" means, with respect to a budget year, the fiscal year that immediately precedes that budget year.
- 4 (8) Deficit.—The term "deficit" means, with 5 respect to any fiscal year, the amount by which total 6 budget outlays for such fiscal year exceed total govern-7 mental receipts for such fiscal year. In calculating the 8 deficit for purposes of comparison with the maximum 9 deficit amount under section 221 and in calculating 10 the excess deficit for purposes of subtitle C (notwith-11 standing section 710(a) of the Social Security Act (42) 12 U.S.C. 911)) for any fiscal year, the receipts of the 13 Federal Old-Age and Survivors Insurance Trust Fund 14 and the Federal Disability Insurance Trust Fund for 15 such fiscal year and the taxes payable under sections 16 1401(a), 3101(a), and 3111(a) of the Internal Rev-17 enue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 1401, 3101, 3111) dur-18 ing such fiscal year shall be included in total revenues 19 for such fiscal year, and the disbursements of each 20 such Trust Fund for such fiscal year shall be included 21 in total budget outlays for such fiscal year. Notwith-22 standing any other provision of law except to the ex-23 tent provided by section 710(a) of the Social Security 24 Act (42 U.S.C. 911) the receipts, revenues, disburse-25 ments, budget authority, and outlays of each off-budg-

1	et Federal entity for a fiscal year shall be included
2	in total budget authority, total budget outlays, and
3	total revenues and the amounts of budget authority
4	and outlays set forth for each major functional cat-
5	egory, for such fiscal year.
6	(9) Direct spending.—The term "direct spend-
7	ing" shall have the meaning given such term in sec-
8	tion 3(3) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974.
9	(10) Discretionary budget authority.—The
10	term "discretionary budget authority" means budg-
11	etary authority (except to fund mandatory programs)
12	provided in appropriation Acts.
13	(11) Discretionary spending limit.—The
14	term "discretionary spending limit" shall mean the
15	amounts specified in section 212.
16	(12) Excess deficit amount.—The term "ex-
17	cess deficit amount", with respect to any fiscal year,
18	means the amount of the deficit reduced by the esti-

- cess deficit amount", with respect to any fiscal year, means the amount of the deficit reduced by the estimated reductions of outlays resulting from any sequestration in subtitle C, that exceeds the maximum deficit amount.
- (13) OMB.—The term "OMB" means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- 24 (14) SEQUESTRATION.—The term "sequestra-25 tion"—

20

1	(A) with respect to discretionary budget au-
2	thority, means the cancellation or reduction of
3	budget authority (except budget authority to
4	fund mandatory programs) provided in appro-
5	priation Acts; and
6	(B) with respect to the excess deficit
7	amount, means the amount cancelled or reduced
8	from direct spending and outlays flowing there-
9	from.
10	SEC. 202. ADMINISTRATION, RECONCILIATION, AND EFFECT
11	OF SEQUESTRATION.
12	(a) Timetable.—The timetable with respect to this
13	title is as follows:

Date	Action to be completed		
5 days before the President's budget sub- mission	CBO Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Preview Report.		
The President's budget submission	OMB Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Preview Report.		
August 15	CBO Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Reconcili- ation Report.		
August 20	OMB Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Reconcili- ation Report.		
September 15	Budget Committee Reconciliation Directives.		
20 days after Budget Committee Action	Committees Respond to Reconciliation Directives		
10 days after end of session	CBO Final Discretionary Sequestration and Maximum Deficit Amount Se- questration Report.		
15 days after end of session	OMB Final Discretionary Sequestra- tion and Maximum Deficit Amount Sequestration Report/Presidential Sequestration Order.		

1	(b) Presidential Order.—
2	(1) In general.—On the date specified in sub-
3	section (a), if in its Final Sequestration Report,
4	OMB estimates that any sequestration is required, the
5	President shall issue an order fully implementing
6	without change all sequestrations required by the
7	OMB calculations set forth in that report. This order
8	shall be effective on issuance.
9	(2) Special Rule.—If the date specified for the
10	submission of a Presidential order under subsection
11	(a) falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, such order
12	shall be issued on the following day.
13	(c) Effects of Sequestration.—The effects of se-
14	questration shall be as follows:
15	(1) Budgetary resources sequestered from any ac-
16	count shall be permanently cancelled, except as pro-
17	vided in paragraph (5).
18	(2) Except as otherwise provided, the same per-
19	centage sequestration shall apply to all programs,
20	projects, and activities within a budget account (with
21	programs, projects, and activities as delineated in the
22	appropriation Act or accompanying report for the
23	relevant fiscal year covering that account).
24	(3) Administrative regulations or similar actions
25	implementing a sequestration shall be made within

- 120 days of the sequestration order. To the extent that formula allocations differ at different levels of budg-etary resources within an account, program, project, or activity, the sequestration shall be interpreted as producing a lower total appropriation, with the re-maining amount of the appropriation being obligated in a manner consistent with program allocation for-mulas in substantive law.
  - (4) Except as otherwise provided in this subtitle, obligations or budgetary resources in sequestered accounts shall be reduced only in the fiscal year in which a sequester occurs.
  - (5) Budgetary resources sequestered in special fund accounts and offsetting collections sequestered in appropriation accounts shall not be available for obligation during the fiscal year in which the sequestration occurs, but shall be available in subsequent years to the extent otherwise provided in law.
- 19 (d) Submission and Availability of Reports.—
  20 Each report required by this section shall be submitted, in
  21 the case of CBO, to the House of Representatives, the Sen22 ate, and OMB and, in the case of OMB, to the House of
  23 Representatives, the Senate, and the President on the day
  24 it is issued. On the following day a notice of the report
  25 shall be printed in the Federal Register.

SEC	203	GAO	COMPLIA	ANCE	REPORT

2	Upon request of the Committee on the Budget of the
3	House of Representatives or the Senate, the Comptroller
4	General shall submit to the Congress and the President a
5	report on—
6	(1) the extent to which each order issued by the
7	President under this title complies with all of the re-
8	quirements contained in this title, either certifying
9	that the order fully and accurately complies with such
10	requirements or indicating the respects in which it
11	does not; and
12	(2) the extent to which each report issued by
13	OMB or CBO under this section complies with all of
14	the requirements contained in this title, either certi-
15	fying that the report fully and accurately complies
16	with such requirements or indicating the respects in
17	which it does not.
18	Subtitle B—Discretionary Spending
19	Limits
20	SEC. 211. DISCRETIONARY SEQUESTRATION REPORTS.
21	(a) Discretionary Sequestration Preview Re-
22	PORTS.—
23	(1) Reporting requirement.—
24	(A) In General.—On the dates specified in
25	section 202(a), OMB shall report to the Presi-
26	dent and Congress and CBO shall report to Con-

- gress a Discretionary Sequestration Preview Report regarding discretionary sequestration based on laws enacted through those dates.
  - (B) PRESIDENT'S BUDGET.—When the President submits the budget under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, OMB shall calculate and the budget shall include adjustments to discretionary spending limits (and those limits as cumulatively adjusted) for the budget year and each outyear to reflect adjustments under section 212(b).
  - (C) Consultation.—Any determination or change under subparagraph (B) may only be made after consultation with the Committees on Appropriations and the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Senate, and that consultation shall include written communication to such committees that affords such committees the opportunity to comment before official action is taken with respect to such changes.
  - (2) DISCRETIONARY.—The Discretionary Sequestration Preview Report shall set forth estimates for the current year and each subsequent year through 2009 of the applicable discretionary spending limits and an explanation of any adjustments in such limits

1	under section 212, and a projection of budget author-
2	ity exceeding discretionary caps subject to sequester.
3	(3) Explanation of differences.—The OMB
4	reports shall explain the differences between OMB and
5	CBO estimates for each item set forth in this sub-
6	section.
7	(b) Discretionary Sequestration Reports.—On
8	the dates specified in section 202(a), OMB and CBO shall
9	issue Discretionary Sequestration Reports, reflecting laws
10	enacted through those dates, containing all of the informa-
11	tion required in the Discretionary Sequestration Preview
12	Reports.
13	(c) Final Discretionary Sequestration Re-
14	PORTS.—
15	(1) Reporting requirements.—On the dates
16	specified in section 202(a), OMB and CBO shall each
17	issue a Final Discretionary Sequestration Report, up-
18	dated to reflect laws enacted through those dates.
19	(2) Discretionary spending.—The Final Dis-
20	cretionary Sequestration Reports shall set forth esti-
21	mates for each of the following:
22	(A) For the current year and each subse-
23	quent year through 2009; the applicable discre-
24	tionary spending limits.

1	(B) For the current year, if applicable, and
2	the budget year; the new budget authority and
3	the breach, if any.
4	(C) The sequestration percentages necessary
5	to eliminate the breach.
6	(D) For the budget year, for each account to
7	be sequestered, the level of enacted, sequesterable
8	budget authority and resulting estimated outlays
9	to be sequestered.
10	(3) Explanation of differences.—The OMB
11	report shall explain any differences between OMB and
12	CBO estimates for any breach and any required dis-
13	cretionary sequestration percentages. The OMB report
14	shall also explain differences in the amount of
15	sequesterable resources for any budget account to be
16	reduced if such difference is greater than \$5,000,000.
17	(d) Economic and Technical Assumptions.—In all
18	reports required by this section, OMB shall use the same
19	economic and technical assumptions as used in the most
20	recent budget submitted by the President under section
21	1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.
22	(e) Adjustments.—When OMB submits a report
23	under this section for a fiscal year, OMB shall calculate,
24	and the subsequent reports and budgets submitted by the
25	President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States

1	Code shall include, adjustments to discretionary spending
2	limits (and those limits as adjusted) for the fiscal year and
3	each succeeding year.
4	SEC. 212. LIMITS.
5	(a) Discretionary Spending Limits.—As used in
6	this subtitle, the term "discretionary spending limit"
7	means—
8	(1) with respect to fiscal year 2007,
9	\$872,504,000,000 in new budget authority;
10	(2) with respect to fiscal year 2008,
11	\$895,358,000,000 in new budget authority;
12	(3) with respect to fiscal year 2009,
13	\$919,516,000,000 in new budget authority; and
14	(4) with respect to fiscal years following 2009,
15	the President shall recommend and the Congress shall
16	consider legislation setting limits for those fiscal
17	years.
18	(b) Adjustments.—
19	(1) Emergency spending.—If, for fiscal year
20	2007, 2008, or 2009, appropriations for discretionary
21	accounts are enacted that the President designates as
22	emergency requirements, and that the Congress so des-
23	ignates in statute, the adjustment shall be the total of
24	such appropriations in discretionary accounts des-

ignated as emergency requirements, but not to exceed

1	\$90,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2007, \$50,000,000,000
2	for 2008, and \$30,000,000,000 for 2009. Appropria-
3	tions designated as emergencies in excess of these lim-
4	itations shall be treated as new budget authority for
5	the purpose of calculating a breach of the discre-
6	tionary spending limits.
7	(2) FEDERAL TAX GAP INITIATIVE.—If an appro-
8	priation bill or joint resolution is enacted for fiscal
9	year 2007, 2008, or 2009, that includes
10	\$6,824,000,000 plus an additional amount for the en-
11	hanced tax enforcement initiative of the Internal Rev-
12	enue Service, the adjustment shall be the amount of
13	budget authority in that measure for that initiative
14	but not to exceed—
15	(A) with respect to fiscal year 2007,
16	\$274,000,000 in new budget authority;
17	(B) with respect to fiscal year 2008,
18	\$414,000,000 in new budget authority; and
19	(C) with respect to fiscal year 2009,
20	\$554,000,000 in new budget authority.
21	(c) Enforcement.—
22	(1) Sequestration.—On the date specified in
23	section 202(a), there shall be a sequestration to elimi-
24	nate a budaet-uear breach.

1	(2) Eliminating a breach.—Each account
2	shall be reduced by a dollar amount calculated by
3	multiplying the enacted level of budget authority for
4	that year in that account at that time by the uniform
5	percentage necessary to eliminate a breach of the dis-
6	cretionary spending limit.
7	(3) Part-year appropriations.—If, on the
8	date the report is issued under paragraph (1), there
9	is in effect an Act making continuing appropriations
10	for part of a fiscal year for any budget account, then
11	the dollar sequestration calculated for that account
12	under paragraph (2) shall be subtracted from—
13	(A) the annualized amount otherwise avail-
14	able by law in that account under that or a sub-
15	sequent part-year appropriation; and
16	(B) when a full-year appropriation for that
17	account is enacted, from the amount otherwise
18	provided by the full-year appropriation.
19	(4) Look-Back.—If, after June 30, an appro-
20	priation for the fiscal year in progress is enacted that

priation for the fiscal year in progress is enacted that causes a breach for that year (after taking into account any previous sequestration), the discretionary spending limit for the next fiscal year shall be reduced by the amount of that breach.

(5) WITHIN-SESSION SEQUESTRATION REPORTS

AND ORDER.—If an appropriation for a fiscal year in progress is enacted (after Congress adjourns to end the session for that budget year and before July 1 of that fiscal year) that causes a breach, 10 days later CBO shall issue a report containing the information required in section 211(c). Fifteen days after enactment, OMB shall issue a report containing the information required in section 211(c). On the same day as the OMB report, the President shall issue an order fully implementing without change all sequestrations required by the OMB calculations set forth in that report. This order shall be effective on issuance.

## (d) Estimates.—

- (1) CBO ESTIMATES.—As soon as practicable after Congress completes action on any legislation providing discretionary appropriations, CBO shall provide an estimate to OMB of that legislation.
- (2) OMB ESTIMATES.—Not later than 7 calendar days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays) after the date of enactment of any discretionary appropriations, OMB shall transmit a report to the House of Representatives and to the Senate containing—
- (A) the CBO estimate of that legislation;

1	(B) an OMB estimate of that legislation
2	using current economic and technical assump-
3	tions; and
4	(C) an explanation of any difference be-
5	tween the 2 estimates.
6	(3) Differences.—If during the preparation of
7	the report under paragraph (2), OMB determines that
8	there is a difference between the OMB and CBO esti-
9	mates, OMB shall consult with the Committees on the
10	Budget of the House of Representatives and the Sen-
11	ate regarding that difference and that consultation, to
12	the extent practicable, shall include written commu-
13	nication to such committees that affords such commit-
14	tees the opportunity to comment before the issuance of
15	that report.
16	(4) Assumptions and guidelines.—OMB and
17	CBO shall prepare estimates under this paragraph in
18	conformance with scorekeeping guidelines determined
19	after consultation among the House and Senate Com-
20	mittees on the Budget, CBO, and OMB.
21	(5) Deferrals and rescissions.—Deferrals
22	and rescissions proposed under the Impoundment
23	Control Act of 1974 for the budget year shall not be

taken into account in determining such budget base.

1	Subtitle C—Maximum Deficit
2	Amount Limitation
3	SEC. 221. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT.
4	In this subtitle, the term "maximum deficit amount"
5	means—
6	(1) with respect to 2007, equals 2.75 percent of
7	the Gross Domestic Product for 2007, as estimated by
8	OMB for 2007;
9	(2) with respect to 2008, equals 2.25 percent of
10	the Gross Domestic Product for 2008, as estimated by
11	OMB for 2008;
12	(3) with respect to 2009, equals 1.75 percent of
13	the Gross Domestic Product for 2009, as estimated by
14	OMB for 2009;
15	(4) with respect to 2010, equals 1.25 percent of
16	the Gross Domestic Product for 2010, as estimated by
17	OMB for 2010;
18	(5) with respect to 2011, equals 0.75 percent of
19	the Gross Domestic Product for 2011, as estimated by
20	OMB for 2011; and
21	(6) with respect to 2012 and thereafter, equals
22	0.5 percent of Gross Domestic Product for 2012 and
23	thereafter, as estimated by OMB for 2012, and there-
24	after.

1 SEC. 222. REPORTING OF EXCESS DEFICITS	1	SEC.	222.	REPORTIN	G OF	EXCESS	DEFICITS.
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2	(a) Maximum Deficit Amount Preview Report by
3	OMB AND CBO.—
4	(1) Estimates and determinations.—On the
5	dates specified in section 202(a), OMB and CBO shall
6	with respect to each fiscal year estimate—
7	(A) the deficit;
8	(B) the maximum deficit amount; and
9	(C) any excess deficit amount for the budget
10	year.
11	(2) Report.—OMB shall report to the President
12	and Congress and CBO shall report to Congress esti-
13	mating the budget base levels of total revenues and
14	total budget outlays for the budget year, identifying
15	the deficit, the maximum deficit amount, and the
16	amount of any deficit excess for such fiscal year, the
17	base from which direct spending reductions are taken
18	and the amounts based upon uniform percentages, by
19	which such direct spending accounts must be reduced
20	for the budget year, in accordance with the succeeding
21	provisions of this part, in order to eliminate such ex-
22	cess based on laws enacted through those dates.
23	(3) Determination of Reductions.—The
24	amounts based upon uniform percentages, by which
25	accounts must be reduced for the budget year shall be
26	determined by, subject to the exemptions set forth in

1	section 227, the reductions necessary to eliminate the
2	excess deficit amount for the fiscal year.
3	(4) Basis for directors' estimates, deter-
4	MINATIONS, AND SPECIFICATIONS.—
5	(A) BUDGET BASE.—In computing the
6	amounts and percentages by which accounts
7	must be reduced during a fiscal year as set forth
8	in the report required under paragraph (2) for
9	such fiscal year, OMB and CBO shall use cur-
10	rent economic and technical assumptions con-
11	sistent with the methodology set forth in section
12	257 of the Balanced Budget and Enforcement
13	Deficit Control Act of 1985.
14	(B) Deferrals and rescissions.—Defer-
15	rals and rescissions proposed under the Im-
16	poundment Control Act of 1974 for the budget
17	year shall not be taken into account in deter-
18	mining such budget base.
19	(C) Explanation of differences.—The
20	OMB shall explain the differences between OMB
21	and CBO estimates for each item in the report.
22	(b) REVISED ESTIMATES AND MAXIMUM DEFICIT
23	Amount Reconciliation Reports.—
24	(1) RECONCILIATION REPORT BY OMB AND
25	CBO.—On the date specified in section 202(a), the Di-

1	rector of OMB shall submit to the President and Con-
2	gress, and the Director of CBO shall submit to Con-
3	gress, a revised report—

- (A) indicating whether and to what extent, as a result of laws enacted and regulations promulgated after the submission of their maximum deficit amount preview report under subsection (a), the excess deficit identified in the report submitted under such subsection has been eliminated, reduced, or increased; and
- (B) adjusting the determinations for the effects of any discretionary sequestration that may be required under subtitle B.

The reconciliation report submitted under this paragraph shall contain estimates, determinations, and specifications for all of the items contained in the preview report and the OMB report shall be based on the same economic and technical assumptions and employ the same methodologies as applied in the supplemental budget estimates submitted under section 1106 of title 31, United States Code, and the CBO report shall be based on the most recent report required by section 202(e)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974. Estimates shall be consistent with methodology in section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Enforce-

1	ment Act Deficit Control Act of 1985. The reports
2	shall provide for the determination of reductions in
3	the manner specified in subsection $(a)(3)$ .
4	(2) Explanation of differences.—The OMB
5	shall explain the differences between OMB and CBC
6	estimates for each item in the reconciliation report.
7	(c) Dates for Submission of Reports and
8	Issuance of Orders.—If the date specified for the sub-
9	mission of a report by the Director of OMB or the issuance
10	of a Presidential order under this section falls on a Sunday
11	or legal holiday, such report shall be submitted or such
12	order issued on the following day.
13	(d) Printing of Reports.—Each report submitted
14	under this section shall be printed in the Federal Register
15	on the date it is issued; and the reports of the Director of
16	OMB submitted to the Congress under subsection (b) shall
17	be printed as documents of the House of Representatives
18	and the Senate.
19	(e) Estimates.—
20	(1) CBO ESTIMATES.—As soon as practicable
21	after Congress completes action on any legislation
22	under this section, CBO shall provide an estimate to
23	OMB of that legislation.
24	(2) OMB ESTIMATES.—Not later than 7 cal-
25	endar days (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal

1	holidays) after the date of enactment of any direct
2	spending, OMB shall transmit a report to the House
3	of Representatives and to the Senate containing—
4	(A) the CBO estimate of that legislation;
5	(B) an OMB estimate of that legislation
6	using current economic and technical assump-
7	tions; and
8	(C) an explanation of any difference be-
9	tween the 2 estimates.
10	(3) Differences.—If during the preparation of
11	the report under paragraph (2), OMB determines that
12	there is a difference between the OMB and CBO esti-
13	mates, OMB shall consult with the Committees on the
14	Budget of the House of Representatives and the Sen-
15	ate regarding that difference and that consultation, to
16	the extent practicable, shall include written commu-
17	nication to such committees that affords such commit-
18	tees the opportunity to comment before the issuance of
19	that report.
20	(4) Assumptions and Guidelines.—OMB and
21	CBO shall prepare estimates under this paragraph in
22	conformance with scorekeeping guidelines determined
23	after consultation among the House and Senate Com-
24	mittees on the Budget CBO, and OMB.

1	SEC. 223. CONGRESSIONAL RESPONSE TO OMB AND CBO
2	RECONCILIATION REPORT.
3	(a) Reporting of Resolutions, and Reconcili-
4	ATION BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS, IN THE SENATE.—
5	(1) Committee alternatives to presi-
6	DENTIAL ORDER.—For the purpose of assisting the
7	Committees on the Budget of the House and Senate
8	in preparing Reconciliation Directive Reports under
9	paragraph (3) and not later than 20 days after the
10	submission of the OMB Reconciliation Report, each
11	standing committee of the House and Senate may
12	submit to the Committees on the Budget of the House
13	and Senate information of the type described in sec-
14	tion 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
15	with respect to alternatives to the order envisioned by
16	such report insofar as such order affects laws within
17	the jurisdiction of the committee.
18	(2) Application of the congressional budg-
19	ET ACT OF 1974.—Sections 305 and 310 of the Con-
20	gressional Budget Act of 1974 shall apply to any bill
21	considered under this section, except as otherwise pro-
22	vided in this section.
23	(3) Reconciliation directives.—On the date
24	specified in section 202(a), the Chairmen of the Com-
25	mittees on the Budget of the House and Senate shall

submit a Reconciliation Directive Report to the Presi-

1	dent of the Senate or the Speaker of the House for ap-
2	propriate referral to the committees of its House, the
3	OMB Reconciliation Report containing the maximum
4	deficit amount and the excess deficit and reconcili-
5	ation directives. Such directives shall—
6	(A) specify the total amount by which—
7	(i) direct spending budget authority
8	and outlays for such fiscal year; and
9	(ii) governmental receipts, other than
10	income taxes, estate and gift taxes, excise
11	taxes, payroll taxes, or tariffs, for such fis-
12	cal year;
13	are to be changed; and
14	(B) include directives to committees to rec-
15	ommend changes in laws within their jurisdic-
16	tion—
17	(i) to accomplish the total amount of
18	deficit reduction necessary to eliminate the
19	excess deficit so that the deficit does not ex-
20	ceed the maximum deficit amount set forth
21	in the OMB Reconciliation Report; and
22	(ii) with amounts required for each
23	committee proportionally based on the out-
24	lays allocated to that committee for pro-
25	grams under section 302(a) of the Congres-

1	sional Budget Act of 1974 in the most re-
2	cent adopted concurrent resolution on the
3	budget.
4	(4) Response of committees.—Committees di-
5	rected pursuant to paragraph (3), shall submit their
6	recommendations to comply with the directives to the
7	Budget Committee no later than 20 days after the di-
8	rectives referred to in paragraph (3) are issued.
9	(5) Budget committee action.—Upon receipt
10	of the recommendations received in response to direc-
11	tives referred to in paragraph (3), the Budget Com-
12	mittees shall report to the House and Senate, a rec-
13	onciliation bill carrying out all such recommenda-
14	tions.
15	(b) Legislative Procedure.—If a Reconciliation
16	Directive Report containing reconciliation directives to
17	committees to determine and recommend changes in laws,
18	bills, or resolutions is issued in accordance with subsection
19	(a)(3)—
20	(1) each such committee so directed shall make
21	such recommendations to the Committee on the Budg-
22	et of its House, which upon receiving all such rec-
23	ommendations, shall report to its House reconcili-
24	ation legislation carrying out all such recommenda-
25	tions without any substantive revision; and

- 1 (2) in the event that any committee fails to com2 ply with its directive, then the Committees on the
  3 Budget may report amendments recommending
  4 changes within the jurisdiction of the noncompliant
  5 committee to achieve the changes contained in the di6 rective.
- 7 (c) Adjustment of Budget Targets.—Upon enact-8 ment of a reconciliation bill conference report, the chairmen of the Committees on the Budget of the Senate and the House of Representatives shall revise spending and revenue 10 levels under section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and adjust the committee allocations under section 12 302(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, or any other adjustments as may be appropriate to reflect any 14 15 changes made in the reconciliation bill. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the revised allocations and ag-16 gregates shall be considered to have been made under a concurrent resolution on the budget agreed to under the Con-18 gressional Budget Act of 1974, and shall be enforced under 19 the procedures of that Act. 20
- 21 (d) COMPLIANCE WITH RECONCILIATION DIREC-22 TIVES.—Secondary or indirect effects of the legislative rec-23 ommendations submitted by any committee of the House 24 of Representatives or the Senate that is directed, shall be 25 attributed to the committee proposing the change in law,

- 1 but shall not be considered for the purpose of determining
- 2 compliance with such directives.
- 3 (e) Limitation on Amendments to Reconciliation
- 4 BILLS.—
- 5 (1) House of representatives.—It shall not 6 be in order in the House of Representatives to con-7 sider any amendment to a reconciliation bill if such 8 amendment would have the effect of increasing any 9 specific budget outlays above the level of such outlays 10 provided in the bill (for the fiscal years covered by the 11 reconciliation directives), or would have the effect of 12 reducing any specific governmental receipts below the 13 level of such governmental receipts provided in the 14 bill (for such fiscal year), unless such amendment 15 makes at least an equivalent reduction in other spe-16 cific budget outlays, an equivalent increase in other 17 specific governmental receipts, or an equivalent com-18 bination thereof (for such fiscal year).
  - (2) Senate.—It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider any amendment to a reconciliation bill if such amendment would have the effect of increasing any specific budget outlay level above the level of such outlay reductions provided (for the fiscal year covered) in the reconciliation directives or would have the effect of reducing governmental receipts in-

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- creases below the level of such increases in such governmental receipts provided (for such fiscal year) in the reconciliation directives, unless such amendment makes a reduction in other specific budget outlays, an increase in other specific governmental receipts, or a combination thereof (for such fiscal year) at least equivalent to any increase in outlays or decrease in governmental receipts provided by such amendment, except that a motion to strike a provision shall always be in order.
  - (3) BUDGET AUTHORITY, OUTLAYS, AND RE-CEIPTS.—For purposes of this section, the levels of budget authority, outlays, and governmental receipts for a fiscal year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made by the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives or of the Senate, as the case may be.
  - (4) House Rules.—The Committee on Rules of the House of Representatives may make in order amendments to achieve changes specified by reconciliation directives if a committee or committees of the House fail to submit recommended changes to its Committee on the Budget pursuant to its instruction.
- 24 (f) Procedure in the Senate.—Consideration in 25 the Senate on any reconciliation bill reported under this

- 1 subsection, and all amendments thereto and debatable mo-
- 2 tions and appeals in connection therewith, shall be limited
- 3 to not more than 20 hours.
- 4 (g) Limitation on Changes to the Social Secu-
- 5 RITY ACT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it
- 6 shall not be in order in the Senate or the House of Rep-
- 7 resentatives to consider any reconciliation bill, or any
- 8 amendment thereto or conference report thereon, that con-
- 9 tains recommendations with respect to the old-age, sur-
- 10 vivors, and disability insurance program established under
- 11 title II of the Social Security Act.
- 12 (h) Extraneous Matter in Reconciliation Legis-
- 13 LATION.—
- 14 (1) In General.—When the Senate is consid-
- ering a reconciliation bill pursuant to this section
- 16 (whether that bill originated in the Senate or the
- 17 House), upon a point of order being made by any
- 18 Senator against material extraneous to the instruc-
- 19 tions to a committee which is contained in any title
- or provision of the bill or offered as an amendment
- 21 to the bill, and the point of order is sustained by the
- 22 Chair, any part of said title or provision that con-
- tains material extraneous to the directives to said
- 24 Committee as defined in paragraph (2), shall be

1	deemed stricken from the bill and may not be offered
2	as an amendment from the floor.
3	(2) Extraneous provisions.—Except as pro-
4	vided in paragraph (3)—
5	(A) a provision of a reconciliation bill con-
6	sidered pursuant to this subsection shall be con-
7	sidered extraneous if such provision does not
8	produce a decrease in outlays or an increase in
9	governmental receipts, including changes in out-
10	lays and governmental receipts brought about by
11	changes in the terms and conditions under which
12	outlays are made or governmental receipts are
13	required to be collected;
14	(B) a provision that is not in the jurisdic-
15	tion of the Committee with jurisdiction over said
16	title or provision shall be considered extraneous
17	(except that amendments reported by the Com-
18	mittee on the Budget to achieve compliance with
19	reconciliation directives shall be in order not-
20	withstanding any other rule of the Senate and
21	not be deemed extraneous);
22	(C) a provision shall be considered to be ex-
23	traneous if it increases, or would increase, net
24	outlays, or if it decreases, or would decrease, gov-

ernmental receipts during a fiscal year after the

1	fiscal years covered by such reconciliation bill,
2	and such increases or decreases are greater than
3	outlay reductions or governmental receipts in-
4	creases resulting from other provisions in such
5	title in such year; and
6	(D) a provision shall be considered extra-
7	neous if it violates section 310(g) of the Congres-
8	sional Budget Act of 1974.
9	(3) Senate-originated provisions.—A Sen-
10	ate-originated provision shall not be considered extra-
11	neous under paragraph (2) if the Chairman and
12	Ranking Minority Member of the Committee on the
13	Budget and the Chairman and Ranking Minority
14	Member of the Committee which reported the provi-
15	sion certify that—
16	(A) the provision mitigates direct effects
17	clearly attributable to a provision changing out-
18	lays or revenue and both provisions together
19	produce a net reduction in the deficit;
20	(B) the provision will result in a substan-
21	tial reduction in outlays or a substantial in-
22	crease in governmental receipts during fiscal
23	years after the fiscal years covered by the rec-
24	onciliation bill or reconciliation resolution;

1	(C) a reduction of outlays or an increase in
2	governmental receipts is likely to occur as a re-
3	sult of the provision, in the event of new regula-
4	tions authorized by the provision or likely to be
5	proposed, court rulings on pending litigation, or
6	relationships between economic indices and stip-
7	ulated statutory triggers pertaining to the provi-
8	sion, other than the regulations, court rulings, or
9	relationships currently projected by the Congres-
10	sional Budget Office for scorekeeping purposes;
11	or
12	(D) such provision will be likely to produce
13	a significant reduction in outlays or increase in
14	governmental receipts but, due to insufficient
15	data, such reduction or increase cannot be reli-
16	ably estimated.
17	(4) Committee reported provisions.—a pro-
18	vision reported by a committee shall not be considered
19	extraneous under paragraph (2) if—
20	(A) the provision is an integral part of a
21	provision or title, which if introduced as a bill,
22	would be referred to such committee, and the

provision sets forth the procedure to carry out or

implement the substantive provisions that were

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- 1 reported and which fall within the jurisdiction of 2 such committee; or
  - (B) the provision states an exception to, or a special application of, the general provision or title of which it is a part and such general provision or title if introduced as a bill, would be referred to such committee.
    - (5) Technical and conforming provisions shall not be considered extraneous under this subsection.
    - (6) Extraneous materials.—Upon the reporting of a reconciliation bill pursuant to this subsection in the Senate, and again upon the submission of a conference report on such a reconciliation bill, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate shall submit for the record a list of material considered to be extraneous under paragraph (2) (A), (C), and (D), to the instructions of a committee as provided in this section. The inclusion or exclusion of a provision shall not constitute a determination of extraneousness by the Presiding Officer of the Senate.
    - (7) Conference reports.—When the Senate is considering a conference report on, or an amendment between the Houses in relation to, a reconciliation bill pursuant to this section, upon a point of order being

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made by any Senator against extraneous material meeting the definition of this subsection, and such point of order being sustained, such material contained in such conference report or amendment shall be deemed stricken, and the Senate shall proceed, without intervening action or motion, to consider the question of whether the Senate shall recede from its amendment and concur with a further amendment, or concur in the House amendment with a further amendment, as the case may be, which further amendment shall consist of only that portion of the conference report or House amendment, as the case may be, not so stricken. Any such motion in the Senate shall be debatable for two hours. In any case in which such point of order is sustained against a conference report (or Senate amendment derived from such conference report by operation of this subsection), no further amendment shall be in order.

(i) Determinations and Points of Order.—Not-20 withstanding any other law or rule of the Senate, it shall 21 be in order for a Senator to raise a single point of order 22 that several provisions of a bill, resolution, amendment, mo-23 tion, or conference report violate this section. The Presiding 24 Officer may sustain the point of order as to some or all 25 of the provisions against which the Senator raised the point

- 1 of order. If the Presiding Officer so sustains the point of
- 2 order as to some of the provisions (including provisions of
- 3 an amendment, motion, or conference report) against which
- 4 the Senator raised the point of order, then only those provi-
- 5 sions (including provisions of an amendment, motion, or
- 6 conference report) against which the Presiding Officer sus-
- 7 tains the point of order shall be deemed stricken pursuant
- 8 to this section. Before the Presiding Officer rules on such
- 9 a point of order, any Senator may move to waive such a
- 10 point of order as it applies to some or all of the provisions
- 11 against which the point of order was raised. Such a motion
- 12 to waive is amendable in accordance with the rules and
- 13 precedents of the Senate. After the Presiding Officer rules
- 14 on such a point of order, any Senator may appeal the rul-
- 15 ing of the Presiding Officer on such a point of order as
- 16 it applies to some or all of the provisions on which the Pre-
- 17 siding Officer ruled.
- 18 SEC. 224. REVISED ESTIMATES AND FINAL MAXIMUM DEF-
- 19 ICIT AMOUNT SEQUESTRATION REPORTS.
- 20 (a) Revised Estimates, Determinations, and
- 21 Final Maximum Deficit Amount Sequestration Re-
- 22 PORTS.—On the dates specified in section 202(a), OMB
- 23 shall submit to the President and Congress, and CBO shall
- 24 submit to Congress, a revised report—

1	(1) indicating whether and to what extent, as a
2	result of laws enacted and regulations promulgated
3	after the submission of their preview report under sec-
4	tion 222(a), the excess deficit identified in the report
5	submitted under such subsection has been eliminated,
6	reduced, or increased; and
7	(2) adjusting the determinations made under sec-
8	tion 222(a) to the extent necessary.
9	The final report submitted under this subsection shall con-
10	tain estimates, determinations, and specifications for all of
11	the items contained in the maximum deficit amount rec-
12	onciliation report and shall be based on the same economic
13	and technical assumptions and employ the same methodolo-
14	gies shall be based on the supplemental budget estimates
15	under section 1106 of title 31, United States Code, and the
16	CBO report shall be based on the most recent report re-
17	quired by section 202(e)(2) of the Congressional Budget Act
18	of 1974. Estimates shall be consistent with the methodology
19	under section 257 of the Balanced Budget and Enforcement
20	Act Deficit Control Act of 1985. The reports shall provide
21	for the determination of reductions in the manner specified
22	in section $222(a)(3)$ .
23	(b) Dates for Submission of Reports and
24	Issuance of Orders.—If the date specified for the sub-
25	mission of a report by the Director of OMB under this sec-

- 1 tion falls on a Sunday or legal holiday, such report shall
- 2 be submitted or such order issued on the following day.
- 3 (c) Printing of Reports.—Each report submitted
- 4 under this section shall be printed in the Federal Register
- 5 on the date it is issued; and the reports of the Director of
- 6 OMB submitted to the Congress under subsection (a)(1)
- 7 shall be printed as documents of the House of Representa-
- 8 tives and the Senate.
- 9 SEC. 225. MAXIMUM DEFICIT AMOUNT-PRESIDENTIAL
- 10 *ORDER*.
- 11 (a) In General.—On the date specified in section
- 12 202(a) and following the submission of a report by the Di-
- 13 rector of OMB to the President and Congress under section
- 14 224 that identifies an amount by which the deficit for a
- 15 fiscal year will exceed the maximum deficit amount for such
- 16 fiscal year the President, in strict accordance with the re-
- 17 quirements set forth in section 227, shall eliminate the full
- 18 amount of the deficit excess by issuing an order that elimi-
- 19 nates the direct spending authority and outlays resulting
- 20 therefrom in accordance with such report from each budget
- 21 account activity as identified in the program and financing
- 22 schedules contained in the appendix to the Budget of the
- 23 United States Government for that fiscal year, applying the
- 24 same reduction percentage as the percentage by which the
- 25 account is reduced in such report.

1	(b) Order To Be Based on OMB Report.—The
2	order must provide for reductions in the manner specified
3	in section 224, and must be consistent with such report in
4	all respects. The President may not modify or recalculate
5	any of the estimates, determinations, specifications, bases,
6	amounts or percentages set forth in the report submitted
7	under section 224 in determining the reductions to be speci-
8	fied in the order with respect to budget activities, within
9	an account.
10	(c) Effect of Sequestration Under Presi-
11	DENTIAL ORDER.—Amounts sequestered under an order
12	issued by the President under subsection (a) for a fiscal
13	year shall be permanently cancelled in accordance with
14	such final order.
15	(d) Accompanying Message.—At the time the ac-
16	tions described in the preceding provisions of this subsection
17	with respect to any fiscal year are taken, the President shall
18	transmit to both Houses of the Congress a message con-
19	taining all the information required by this section and fur-
20	ther specifying in strict accordance with subsection (b)—
21	(1) within each account, and the amounts which
22	are to be sequestered or reduced for each such pro-

gram, project, and activity or budget account activ-

ity; and

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1	(2) such other supporting details as the President
2	may determine to be appropriate.
3	Upon receipt in the Senate and the House of Representa-
4	tives, the message shall be referred to all committees with
5	jurisdiction over programs, projects, and activities affected
6	by the order.
7	(e) Effective Date of Order.—The order issued by
8	the President under subsection (a) with respect to any fiscal
9	year shall be effective as of the date of its issuance.
10	SEC. 226. CONGRESSIONAL RESPONSE TO LOW GROWTH.
11	(a) Special Procedures in the Event of Low
12	Economic Growth.—
13	(1) In General.—The Director of the Congres-
14	sional Budget Office shall notify the Congress at any
15	time if—
16	(A) during the period consisting of the
17	quarter during which such notification is given,
18	the quarter preceding such notification, and the
19	four quarters following such notification, such
20	Office or the Office of Management and Budget
21	has determined that real economic growth is pro-
22	jected or estimated to be less than zero with re-
23	spect to each of any two consecutive quarters
24	within such period, or

1 (B) the Department of Commerce prelimi2 nary reports of actual real economic growth (or
3 any subsequent revision thereof) indicate that the
4 rate of real economic growth for each of the most
5 recent reported quarter and the immediately pre6 ceding quarter is less than one percent.

Upon such notification the majority leader of each House shall introduce a joint resolution (in the form set forth in paragraph (2)) declaring that the conditions specified in this paragraph are met and suspending the relevant provisions of this title for the remainder of the current fiscal year or for the following fiscal year or both.

#### (2) Form of joint resolution.—

(A) MATTER.—The matter after the resolving clause in any joint resolution introduced pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be as follows: "That the Congress declares that the conditions specified in section 226(a)(1) of the Stop Over Spending Act of 2006 are met and the provisions of that Act, including sequestration of discretionary spending under subtitle B and sequestration of direct spending under subtitle C of that Act are suspended for the remainder of the current year, and for the fiscal year following the

current year. This joint resolution shall not have
the effect of suspending any final order which
was issued for the current fiscal year under the
SOS Act if such order was issued before the date
of the enactment of this joint resolution.

- (B) TITLE.—The title of the joint resolution shall be "Joint resolution suspending certain provisions of law pursuant to SOS Act." and the joint resolution shall not contain any preamble.
- 10 (b) Committee Action.—Each joint resolution introduced pursuant to subsection (a) shall be referred to the 11 12 Committee on the Budget of the appropriate House; and such Committee shall report the joint resolution to its House 14 without amendment on or before the fifth day on which such 15 House is in session after the date on which the joint resolution is introduced. If the Committee fails to report the joint 16 17 resolution within the five-day period referred to in the pre-18 ceding sentence, it shall be automatically discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution, and the joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar. 20

# 21 (c) Consideration of Joint Resolution.—

(1) In General.—A vote on final passage of a joint resolution reported to a House of the Congress or discharged pursuant to subsection (b) shall be taken on or before the close of the fifth calendar day

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1	of session of such House after the date on which the
2	joint resolution is reported to such House or after the
3	Committee has been discharged from further consider-
4	ation of the joint resolution. If prior to the passage
5	by one House of a joint resolution of that House, that
6	House received the same joint resolution from the
7	other House, then—
8	(A) the procedure in that House shall be the
9	same as if no such joint resolution had been re-
10	ceived from the other House; and
11	(B) the vote on final passage shall be on the
12	joint resolution of the other House.
13	When the joint resolution is agreed to, the Clerk of the
14	House of Representatives (in the case of a House joint
15	resolution agreed to in the House of Representatives)
16	or the Secretary of the Senate (in the case of a Senate
17	joint resolution agreed to in the Senate) shall cause
18	the joint resolution to be engrossed, certified, and
19	transmitted to the other House of Congress as soon as
20	practicable.
21	(2) House.—
22	(A) Proceeding.—A motion in the House
23	of Representatives to proceed to the consideration
24	of a joint resolution under this subsection shall
25	be highly privileged and not debatable. An

amendment to the motion shall not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to.

(B) Debate.—Debate in the House of Representatives on a joint resolution under this subsection shall be limited to not more than 5 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the joint resolution. A motion to postpone, made in the House of Representatives with respect to the consideration of a joint resolution under this subsection, and a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, shall not be in order. A motion further to limit debate shall not be debatable. It shall not be in order to move to table or to recommit a joint resolution under this subsection or to move to reconsider the vote by which the joint resolution is agreed to or disagreed to.

(C) APPEALS.—All appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the Rules of the House of Representatives to the procedure relating to a joint resolution under this subsection shall be decided without debate.

1 (D) FORM OF RESOLUTION.—Except to the 2 extent specifically provided in this subsection or 3 in paragraph (4), consideration of a joint resolu-4 tion under this paragraph shall be governed by the Rules of the House of Representatives. 5 6 (3) Senate.— 7 (A) Proceeding.—A motion in the Senate 8 to proceed to the consideration of a joint resolu-9 tion under this subsection shall be privileged and 10 not debatable. An amendment to the motion shall 11 not be in order, nor shall it be in order to move 12 to reconsider the vote by which the motion is agreed to or disagreed to. 13 14 (B) Debate in the Senate on a 15 joint resolution under this subsection, and all de-16 batable motions and appeals in connection there-17 with, shall be limited to not more than five 18 hours. The time shall be equally divided between, 19 and controlled by, the majority leader and the 20 minority leader or their designees.

(C) Motions and appeals.—Debate in the Senate on any debatable motion or appeal in connection with a joint resolution under this subsection shall be limited to not more than one hour, to be equally divided between, and con-

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1	trolled by, the mover and the manager of the
2	joint resolution, except that in the event the
3	manager of the joint resolution is in favor of any
4	such motion or appeal, the time in opposition
5	thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader
5	or his designee.

- (D) Limit debate or recommit a joint resolution under this subsection is not debatable. A motion to table or to recommit a joint resolution under this subsection is not in order.
- 12 (4) No AMENDMENTS.—No amendment to a joint 13 resolution considered under this subsection shall be in 14 order in either the House of Representatives or the 15 Senate.

## 16 SEC. 227. EXEMPTIONS FROM SEQUESTRATION.

17 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection 18 (b), all direct spending and outlays flowing therefrom shall 19 be subject to the sequestration procedures under this subtitle.

# 20 (b) Exemptions.—

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21 (1) Social security benefits and tier i 22 Railroad retirement benefits.—Benefits payable 23 under the old-age, survivors, and disability insurance 24 program established under title II of the Social Secu-25 rity Act, or in benefits payable under section 3(a), 3(f)(3), 4(a), or 4(f) of the Railroad Retirement Act
 of 1974, shall be exempt from any reduction under
 any order issued under this part.

## (2) In Budget.—

- (A) President's budget submitted pursuant shall include in the budget submitted pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, exemptions from sequestration procedures for specific accounts or activities where amounts are not available for sequestration (which includes outlays for interest on the public debt, outlays for claims against the United States, outlays for miscellaneous permanent appropriations and outlays for existing contracts.)
- (B) Justification.—The President shall include a justification for each exemption submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (C) APPLICATION.—The exemptions provided in paragraph (1) and the exemptions submitted by the President under this paragraph shall stand as the only exemptions to sequestration procedures under this subtitle, unless otherwise provided by law.

1	SEC. 228. SUBMISSION OF PRESIDENT'S BUDGET; MAXIMUM
2	DEFICIT AMOUNT MAY NOT BE EXCEEDED.
3	Section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
4	ed by adding at the end thereof the following:
5	"(i) The budget transmitted pursuant to subsection (a)
6	for a fiscal year shall be prepared consistent with section
7	257 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control
8	Act of 1985, in such a manner as to ensure that the discre-
9	tionary spending limits under section 212 of the Stop Over
10	Spending Act of 2006 and the deficit for such fiscal year
11	shall not exceed the maximum deficit amount for such fiscal
12	year.".
13	TITLE III—BIENNIAL BUDGET
14	AND APPROPRIATIONS
15	SEC. 301. REVISION OF TIMETABLE.
16	Section 300 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
17	(2 U.S.C. 631) is amended to read as follows:
18	``TIMETABLE
19	"Sec. 300. (a) In General.—Except as provided by
20	subsection (b), the timetable with respect to the congres-
21	sional budget process for any Congress (beginning with the
22	One Hundred Tenth Congress) is as follows:
	"First Session
	On or before: Action to be completed:  First Monday in Feb-  President submits the biennial budget rec-
	ruary. ommendations.  February 15 Congressional Budget Office submits report to Budget Committees.

Not later than 6 weeks after the biennial budg- et submission.	Committees submit views and estimates to Budget Committees.
April 1	Budget Committees report concurrent resolution on the biennial budget.
May 15	Congress completes action on concurrent resolution on the biennial budget.
May 15	Biennial appropriation bills may be considered in the House.
June 10	House Appropriations Committee reports last biennial appropriation bill.
June 30	House completes action on biennial appropriation bills.
August 1	Congress completes action on reconciliation legislation.
October 1	Biennium begins.
6	'Second Session
On or before:	Action to be completed:
February 15	President submits biennial budget review.
Not later than 6 weeks after President submits budget review.	Congressional Budget Office submits report to Budget Committees.
The last day of the session	Congress completes action on bills and resolu- tions authorizing new budget authority for the succeeding biennium.

- 1 "(b) Special Rule.—In the case of any first session
- 2 of Congress that begins in any year immediately following
- 3 a leap year and during which the term of a President (ex-
- 4 cept a President who succeeds himself or herself) begins, the
- 5 following dates shall supersede those set forth in subsection
- 6 *(a)*:

#### "First Session

	TTIST BESSION
On or before:	Action to be completed:
First Monday in April	President submits the biennial budget recommendations.
April 20	Committees submit views and estimates to Budget Committees.
May 15	Budget Committees report concurrent resolu- tion on the biennial budget.
June 1	Congress completes action on concurrent resolution on the biennial budget.
July 1	Biennial appropriation bills may be considered in the House.
July 20	House completes action on biennial appropria- tion bills

	"First Session—Continued
	August 1 Congress completes action on reconciliation legislation.
	October 1 Biennium begins.".
1	SEC. 302. AMENDMENTS TO THE CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET
2	AND IMPOUNDMENT CONTROL ACT OF 1974.
3	(a) Declaration of Purpose.—Section 2(2) of the
4	Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of
5	1974 (2 U.S.C. 621(2)) is amended by striking "each year"
6	and inserting 'biennially''.
7	(b) Definitions.—
8	(1) Budget resolution.—Section 3(4) of such
9	Act (2 U.S.C. 622(4)) is amended by striking "fiscal
10	year" each place it appears and inserting "bien-
11	nium".
12	(2) Biennium.—Section 3 of such Act (2 U.S.C.
13	622) is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
14	lowing new paragraph:
15	"(11) The term biennium' means the period of
16	2 consecutive fiscal years beginning on October 1 of
17	any odd-numbered year.".
18	(c) Biennial Concurrent Resolution on the
19	Budget.—
20	(1) Section heading of
21	section 301 of such Act is amended by striking "AN-
22	NUAL" and inserting "BIENNIAL".

1	(2) Contents of Resolution.—Section 301(a)
2	of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(a)) is amended—
3	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)
4	<i>by</i> —
5	(i) striking "April 15 of each year"
6	and inserting "May 15 of each odd-num-
7	bered year";
8	(ii) striking "the fiscal year beginning
9	on October 1 of such year" the first place it
10	appears and inserting "the biennium begin-
11	ning on October 1 of such year"; and
12	(iii) striking "the fiscal year beginning
13	on October 1 of such year" the second place
14	it appears and inserting "each fiscal year
15	in such period";
16	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "for the
17	fiscal year" and inserting "for each fiscal year
18	in the biennium"; and
19	(C) in paragraph (7), by striking "for the
20	fiscal year" and inserting "for each fiscal year
21	in the biennium".
22	(3) Additional matters.—Section 301(b)(3) of
23	such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(b)) is amended by striking
24	"for such fiscal year" and inserting "for either fiscal
25	year in such biennium".

1	(4) Views of other committees.—Section
2	301(d) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(d)) is amended by
3	inserting "(or, if applicable, as provided by section
4	300(b))" after "United States Code".
5	(5) Hearings.—Section 301(e)(1) of such Act (2
6	U.S.C. 632(e)) is amended by—
7	(A) striking "fiscal year" and inserting "bi-
8	ennium"; and
9	(B) inserting after the second sentence the
10	following: "On or before April 1 of each odd-
11	numbered year (or, if applicable, as provided by
12	section 300(b)), the Committee on the Budget of
13	each House shall report to its House the concur-
14	rent resolution on the budget referred to in sub-
15	section (a) for the biennium beginning on Octo-
16	ber 1 of that year.".
17	(6) Goals for reducing unemployment.—
18	Section 301(f) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 632(f)) is amend-
19	ed by striking "fiscal year" each place it appears and
20	inserting "biennium".
21	(7) Economic Assumptions.—Section 301(g)(1)
22	of such Act (2 U.S.C. $632(g)(1)$ ) is amended by strik-
23	ing "for a fiscal year" and inserting "for a bien-
24	nium".

1	(8) Table of contents.—The item relating to
2	section 301 in the table of contents set forth in section
3	1(b) of such Act is amended by striking "Annual"
4	and inserting "Biennial".
5	(d) Committee Allocations.—Section 302 of such
6	Act (2 U.S.C. 633) is amended—
7	(1) in subsection (a)
8	(A) in paragraph (1), by—
9	(i) striking "for the first fiscal year of
10	the resolution," and inserting "for each fis-
11	cal year in the biennium,";
12	(ii) striking "for that period of fiscal
13	years" and inserting "for all fiscal years
14	covered by the resolution"; and
15	(iii) striking "for the fiscal year of
16	that resolution" and inserting "for each fis-
17	cal year in the biennium"; and
18	(B) in paragraph (5), by striking "April
19	15" and inserting "May 15 or June 1 (under
20	section 300(b))";
21	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "budget year"
22	and inserting "biennium";
23	(3) in subsection (c) by striking "for a fiscal
24	year" each place it appears and inserting "for each
25	fiscal year in the biennium";

1	(4) in subsection $(f)(1)$ , by striking "for a fiscal
2	year" and inserting "for a biennium";
3	(5) in subsection (f)(1), by striking "the first fis-
4	cal year" and inserting "each fiscal year of the bien-
5	nium";
6	(6) in subsection $(f)(2)(A)$ , by—
7	(A) striking "the first fiscal year" and in-
8	serting "each fiscal year of the biennium"; and
9	(B) striking "the total of fiscal years" and
10	inserting "the total of all fiscal years covered by
11	the resolution"; and
12	(7) in subsection $(g)(1)(A)$ , by striking "April"
13	and inserting "May".
14	(e) Section 303 Point of Order.—
15	(1) In General.—Section 303(a) of such Act (2
16	U.S.C. 634(a)) is amended by—
17	(A) striking "the first fiscal year" and in-
18	serting "each fiscal year of the biennium"; and
19	(B) striking "that fiscal year" each place it
20	appears and inserting "that biennium".
21	(2) Exceptions in the house.—Section
22	303(b)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 634(b)) is amended—
23	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "the
24	budget year" and inserting "the biennium": and

1	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "the
2	fiscal year" and inserting "the biennium".
3	(3) Application to the senate.—Section
4	303(c)(1) of such Act (2 U.S.C. 634(c)) is amended
5	by—
6	(A) striking "fiscal year" and inserting "bi-
7	ennium"; and
8	(B) striking "that year" and inserting
9	"each fiscal year of that biennium".
10	(f) Permissible Revisions of Concurrent Reso-
11	LUTIONS ON THE BUDGET.—Section 304 of such Act (2
12	U.S.C. 635) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "fiscal year" the first two places
14	it appears and inserting 'biennium'; and
15	(2) by striking "for such fiscal year" and insert-
16	ing "for such biennium".
17	(g) Procedures for Consideration of Budget
18	Resolutions.—Section 305 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 636(3))
19	is amended—
20	(1) in subsection (a)(3), by striking "fiscal year"
21	and inserting 'biennium'; and
22	(2) in subsection (b)(3), by striking "fiscal year"
23	and inserting 'biennium''.

1	(h) Completion of House Action on Appropria-
2	TION BILLS.—Section 307 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 638) is
3	amended—
4	(1) by striking "each year" and inserting "each
5	odd-numbered year";
6	(2) by striking "annual" and inserting "bien-
7	nial";
8	(3) by striking "fiscal year" and inserting "bien-
9	nium"; and
10	(4) by striking "that year" and inserting "each
11	odd-numbered year".
12	(i) Completion of Action on Regular Appropria-
13	TION BILLS.—Section 309 of such Act (2 U.S.C. 640) is
14	amended—
15	(1) by inserting "of any odd-numbered calendar
16	year" after "July";
17	(2) by striking "annual" and inserting "bien-
18	nial"; and
19	(3) by striking "fiscal year" and inserting "bien-
20	nium".
21	(j) Reconciliation Process.—Section 310(a) of
22	such Act (2 U.S.C. 641(a)) is amended—
23	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by
24	striking "any fiscal year" and inserting "any bien-
25	nium"; and

1	(2) in paragraph (1) by striking "such fiscal
2	year" each place it appears and inserting "any fiscal
3	year covered by such resolution".
4	(k) Section 311 Point of Order.—
5	(1) In the house.—Section 311(a)(1) of such
6	Act (2 U.S.C. 642(a)) is amended—
7	(A) by striking "for a fiscal year" and in-
8	serting "for a biennium";
9	(B) by striking "the first fiscal year" each
10	place it appears and inserting "either fiscal year
11	of the biennium"; and
12	(C) by striking "that first fiscal year" and
13	inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
14	(2) In the senate.—Section 311(a)(2) of such
15	Act is amended—
16	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "for
17	the first fiscal year" and inserting "for either
18	fiscal year of the biennium"; and
19	(B) in subparagraph (B)—
20	(i) by striking "that first fiscal year"
21	the first place it appears and inserting
22	"each fiscal year in the biennium"; and
23	(ii) by striking "that first fiscal year
24	and the ensuing fiscal years" and inserting
25	"all fiscal years".

1	(3) SOCIAL SECURITY LEVELS.—Section
2	311(a)(3) of such Act is amended by—
3	(A) striking "for the first fiscal year" and
4	inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium";
5	and
6	(B) striking "that fiscal year and the ensu-
7	ing fiscal years" and inserting "all fiscal years".
8	(1) Maximum Deficit Amount Point of Order.—
9	Section 312(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2
10	U.S.C. 643) is amended—
11	(1) by striking "for a fiscal year" and inserting
12	"for a biennium";
13	(2) in paragraph (1), by striking "the first fiscal
14	year" and inserting "either fiscal year in the bien-
15	nium'';
16	(3) in paragraph (2), by striking "that fiscal
17	year" and inserting "either fiscal year in the bien-
18	nium"; and
19	(4) in the matter following paragraph (2), by
20	striking "that fiscal year" and inserting "the applica-
21	ble fiscal year".

1	SEC. 303. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 31, UNITED STATES
2	CODE.
3	(a) Definition.—Section 1101 of title 31, United
4	States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the
5	following new paragraph:
6	"(3) biennium' has the meaning given to such
7	term in paragraph (11) of section 3 of the Congres-
8	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974
9	(2 U.S.C. 622(11)).".
10	(b) Budget Contents and Submission to the Con-
11	GRESS.—
12	(1) Schedule.—The matter preceding para-
13	graph (1) in section 1105(a) of title 31, United States
14	Code, is amended to read as follows:
15	"(a) On or before the first Monday in February of each
16	odd-numbered year (or, if applicable, as provided by section
17	300(b) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974), beginning
18	with the One Hundred Tenth Congress, the President shall
19	transmit to the Congress, the budget for the biennium begin-
20	ning on October 1 of such calendar year. The budget of the
21	United States Government transmitted under this sub-
22	section shall include a budget message and summary and
23	supporting information. The President shall include in each
24	budget the following:".
25	(2) Expenditures.—Section 1105(a)(5) of title
26	31, United States Code, is amended by striking "the

- fiscal year for which the budget is submitted and the
  4 fiscal years after that year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium for which the budget is submitted and in the succeeding 4 fiscal years".
  - (3) RECEIPTS.—Section 1105(a)(6) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "the fiscal year for which the budget is submitted and the 4 fiscal years after that year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium for which the budget is submitted and in the succeeding 4 years".
  - (4) BALANCE STATEMENTS.—Section 1105(a)(9)(C) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
  - (5) Functions and activities.—Section 1105(a)(12) of title 31, United States Code, is amended in subparagraph (A), by striking "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
  - (6) Allowances.—Section 1105(a)(13) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium".
- 23 (7) ALLOWANCES FOR UNCONTROLLED EXPENDI-24 TURES.—Section 1105(a)(14) of title 31, United 25 States Code, is amended by striking "that year" and

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1	inserting "each fiscal year in the biennium for which
2	the budget is submitted".
3	(8) Tax expenditures.—Section 1105(a)(16) of
4	title 31, United States Code, is amended by striking
5	"the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in
6	the biennium".
7	(9) Future years.—Section 1105(a)(17) of title
8	31, United States Code, is amended—
9	(A) by striking "the fiscal year following
10	the fiscal year" and inserting "each fiscal year
11	in the biennium following the biennium";
12	(B) by striking "that following fiscal year"
13	and inserting "each such fiscal year"; and
14	(C) by striking "fiscal year before the fiscal
15	year" and inserting "biennium before the bien-
16	nium".
17	(10) Prior year outlays.—Section
18	1105(a)(18) of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
19	ed—
20	(A) by striking "the prior fiscal year" and
21	inserting "each of the 2 most recently completed
22	fiscal years,";
23	(B) by striking "for that year" and insert-
24	ing "with respect to those fiscal years"; and

1	(C) by striking "in that year" and insert-
2	ing "in those fiscal years".
3	(11) Prior year receipts.—Section
4	1105(a)(19) of title 31, United States Code, is amend-
5	ed—
6	(A) by striking "the prior fiscal year" and
7	inserting "each of the 2 most recently completed
8	fiscal years";
9	(B) by striking "for that year" and insert-
10	ing "with respect to those fiscal years"; and
11	(C) by striking "in that year" each place it
12	appears and inserting "in those fiscal years".
13	(c) Estimated Expenditures of Legislative and
14	Judicial Branches.—Section 1105(b) of title 31, United
15	States Code, is amended by striking "each year" and insert-
16	ing "each even-numbered year".
17	(d) Recommendations To Meet Estimated Defi-
18	CIENCIES.—Section 1105(c) of title 31, United States Code,
19	is amended—
20	(1) by striking "the fiscal year for" the first
21	place it appears and inserting "each fiscal year in
22	the biennium for";
23	(2) by striking "the fiscal year for" the second
24	place it appears and inserting "each fiscal year of the
25	biennium, as the case may be, for"; and

1	(3) by striking "for that year" and inserting
2	"for each fiscal year of the biennium".
3	(e) Capital Investment Analysis.—Section
4	1105(e)(1) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by
5	striking "ensuing fiscal year" and inserting "biennium to
6	which such budget relates".
7	(f) Supplemental Budget Estimates and
8	Changes.—
9	(1) In general.—Section 1106(a) of title 31,
10	United States Code, is amended—
11	(A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1),
12	by—
13	(i) inserting after "Before July 16 of
14	each year" the following: "and February 15
15	of each even-numbered year"; and
16	(ii) striking "fiscal year" and insert-
17	ing "biennium";
18	(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "that fis-
19	cal year" and inserting "each fiscal year in such
20	biennium";
21	(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "fiscal
22	year" and inserting "biennium"; and
23	(D) in paragraph (3), by striking "fiscal
24	year" and inserting "biennium".

1	(2) CHANGES.—Section 1106(b) of title 31,
2	United States Code, is amended by—
3	(A) striking "the fiscal year" and inserting
4	"each fiscal year in the biennium";
5	(B) inserting after "Before July 16 of each
6	year" the following: "and February 15 of each
7	even-numbered year"; and
8	(C) striking "submitted before July 16" and
9	inserting "required by this subsection".
10	(g) Current Programs and Activities Esti-
11	MATES.—
12	(1) In General.—Section 1109(a) of title 31,
13	United States Code, is amended—
14	(A) by striking "On or before the first Mon-
15	day after January 3 of each year (on or before
16	February 5 in 1986)" and inserting "At the
17	same time the budget required by section 1105 is
18	submitted for a biennium"; and
19	(B) by striking "the following fiscal year"
20	and inserting "each fiscal year of such period".
21	(2) Joint Economic committee.—Section
22	1109(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended
23	by striking "March 1 of each year" and inserting
24	"within 6 weeks of the President's budget submission
25	for each odd-numbered year (or, if applicable, as pro-

1	vided by section 300(b) of the Congressional Budget
2	Act of 1974)".
3	(h) Year-Ahead Requests for Authorizing Leg-
4	ISLATION.—Section 1110 of title 31, United States Code,
5	is amended by—
6	(1) striking "May 16" and inserting "March
7	31"; and
8	(2) striking "year before the year in which the
9	fiscal year begins" and inserting "calendar year pre-
10	ceding the calendar year in which the biennium be-
11	gins".
12	SEC. 304. TWO-YEAR APPROPRIATIONS; TITLE AND STYLE
13	OF APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.
13 14	OF APPROPRIATIONS ACTS.  Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended.
14	
14	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended
14 15	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
14 15 16 17	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:  "§ 105. Title and style of appropriations Acts
14 15 16 17	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:  "§ 105. Title and style of appropriations Acts  "(a) The style and title of all Acts making appropria-
114 115 116 117 118	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:  "§ 105. Title and style of appropriations Acts  "(a) The style and title of all Acts making appropriations for the support of the Government shall be as follows:
114 115 116 117 118	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:  "§ 105. Title and style of appropriations Acts  "(a) The style and title of all Acts making appropriations for the support of the Government shall be as follows:  'An Act making appropriations (here insert the object) for
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:  "\$105. Title and style of appropriations Acts  "(a) The style and title of all Acts making appropriations for the support of the Government shall be as follows:  'An Act making appropriations (here insert the object) for each fiscal year in the biennium of fiscal years (here insert
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 105 of title 1, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:  "§ 105. Title and style of appropriations Acts  "(a) The style and title of all Acts making appropriations for the support of the Government shall be as follows:  'An Act making appropriations (here insert the object) for each fiscal year in the biennium of fiscal years (here insert the fiscal years of the biennium).'.

25 for each fiscal year in such period.

	<b>-</b> • •
1	"(c) For purposes of this section, the term biennium
2	has the same meaning as in section 3(11) of the Congres-
3	sional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2
4	U.S.C. 622(11)).".
5	SEC. 305. MULTIYEAR AUTHORIZATIONS.
6	(a) In General.—Title III of the Congressional
7	Budget Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the
8	following new section:
9	"AUTHORIZATIONS OF APPROPRIATIONS
10	"Sec. 316. (a) Point of Order.—It shall not be in
11	order in the House of Representatives or the Senate to con-
12	sider—
13	"(1) any bill, joint resolution, amendment, mo-
14	tion, or conference report that authorizes appropria-
15	tions for a period of less than 2 fiscal years, unless
16	the program, project, or activity for which the appro-
17	priations are authorized will require no further ap-
18	propriations and will be completed or terminated
19	after the appropriations have been expended; and
20	"(2) in any odd-numbered year, any authoriza-
21	tion or revenue bill or joint resolution until Congress
22	completes action on the biennial budget resolution, all
23	regular biennial appropriations bills, and all rec-
24	$onciliation\ bills.$
25	"(b) Applicability.—In the Senate, subsection (a,
26	shall not apply to—

1	"(1) any measure that is privileged for consider-
2	ation pursuant to a rule or statute;
3	"(2) any matter considered in Executive Session;
4	or
5	"(3) an appropriations measure or reconciliation
6	bill.".
7	(b) Amendment to Table of Contents.—The table
8	of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional
9	Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended
10	by adding after the item relating to section 315 the fol-
11	lowing new item:
	"Sec. 316. Authorizations of appropriations.".
12	SEC. 306. GOVERNMENT PLANS ON A BIENNIAL BASIS.
13	(a) Strategic Plans.—Section 306 of title 5, United
14	States Code, is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30,
16	1997" and inserting "September 30, 2007";
17	(2) in subsection (b)—
18	(A) by striking "five years forward" and
19	inserting "6 years forward";
20	(B) by striking "at least every three years"
21	and inserting "at least every 4 years"; and
22	(C) by striking beginning with ", except
23	that" through "four years"; and
24	(3) in subsection (c), by inserting a comma after
25	"section" the second place it appears and adding "in-

1	cluding a strategic plan submitted by September 30,
2	2007 meeting the requirements of subsection (a)".
3	(b) Budget Contents and Submission to Con-
4	GRESS.—Paragraph (28) of section 1105(a) of title 31,
5	United States Code, is amended by striking 'beginning
6	with fiscal year 1999, a" and inserting "beginning with
7	fiscal year 2008, a biennial".
8	(c) Performance Plans.—Section 1115 of title 31,
9	United States Code, is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)—
11	(A) in the matter before paragraph (1) by
12	striking "an annual" and inserting "a bien-
13	nial";
14	(B) in paragraph (1) by inserting after
15	"program activity" the following: "for both years
16	1 and 2 of the biennial plan";
17	(C) in paragraph (5) by striking "and"
18	$after\ the\ semicolon\ ;$
19	(D) in paragraph (6) by striking the period
20	and inserting a semicolon; and inserting "and"
21	after the inserted semicolon; and
22	(E) by adding after paragraph (6) the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(7) cover a 2-year period beginning with the
25	first fiscal year of the next biennial budget cycle.";

1	(2) in subsection (d) by striking "annual" and
2	inserting "biennial"; and
3	(3) in paragraph (6) of subsection (g) by strik-
4	ing "annual" and inserting "biennial".
5	(d) Managerial Accountability and Flexi-
6	BILITY.—Section 9703 of title 31, United States Code, relat-
7	ing to managerial accountability, is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a)—
9	(A) in the first sentence by striking "an-
10	nual"; and
11	(B) by striking "section $1105(a)(29)$ " and
12	inserting "section 1105(a)(28)"; and
13	(2) in subsection (e)—
14	(A) in the first sentence by striking "one
15	or" before "years";
16	(B) in the second sentence by striking "a
17	subsequent year" and inserting "a subsequent 2-
18	year period"; and
19	(C) in the third sentence by striking "three"
20	and inserting "4".
21	(e) Pilot Projects for Performance Budg-
22	ETING.—Section 1119 of title 31, United States Code, is
23	amended—
24	(1) in paragraph (1) of subsection (d), by strik-
25	ing "annual" and inserting "biennial"; and

1	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "annual" and
2	inserting 'biennial''.
3	(f) Strategic Plans.—Section 2802 of title 39,
4	United States Code, is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30,
6	1997" and inserting "September 30, 2005";
7	(2) in subsection (b), by striking "five years for-
8	ward" and inserting "6 years forward";
9	(3) in subsection (b), by striking "at least every
10	three years" and inserting "at least every 4 years";
11	and
12	(4) in subsection (c), by inserting a comma after
13	"section" the second place it appears and inserting
14	"including a strategic plan submitted by September
15	30, 2005 meeting the requirements of subsection (a)".
16	(g) Performance Plans.—Section 2803(a) of title
17	39, United States Code, is amended—
18	(1) in the matter before paragraph (1), by strik-
19	ing "an annual" and inserting "a biennial";
20	(2) in paragraph (1), by inserting after "pro-
21	gram activity" the following: "for both years 1 and
22	2 of the biennial plan";
23	(3) in paragraph (5), by striking "and" after the
24	semicolon;

1	(4) in paragraph (6), by striking the period and
2	inserting "; and"; and
3	(5) by adding after paragraph (6) the following:
4	"(7) cover a 2-year period beginning with the
5	first fiscal year of the next biennial budget cycle.".
6	(h) Committee Views of Plans and Reports.—
7	Section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act (2 U.S.C.
8	632(d)) is amended by adding at the end "Each committee
9	of the Senate or the House of Representatives shall review
10	the strategic plans, performance plans, and performance re-
11	ports, required under section 306 of title 5, United States
12	Code, and sections 1115 and 1116 of title 31, United States
13	Code, of all agencies under the jurisdiction of the committee.
14	Each committee may provide its views on such plans or
15	reports to the Committee on the Budget of the applicable
16	House.".
17	(i) Effective Date.—
18	(1) In General.—The amendments made by
19	this section shall take effect on the date of enactment
20	$of\ this\ Act.$
21	(2) AGENCY ACTIONS.—Effective on and after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, each agency shall take
23	such actions as necessary to prepare and submit any
24	plan or report in accordance with the amendments
25	made by this Act.

#### 1 SEC. 307. BIENNIAL APPROPRIATION BILLS.

- 2 (a) In General.—Title III of the Congressional
- 3 Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 631 et seq.) is amended by
- 4 adding at the end the following:
- 5 "Consideration of Biennial Appropriations bills
- 6 "Sec. 317. It shall not be in order in the House of
- 7 Representatives or the Senate in any odd-numbered year
- 8 to consider any regular bill providing new budget authority
- 9 or a limitation on obligations under the jurisdiction of any
- 10 of the subcommittees of the Committees on Appropriations
- 11 for only the first fiscal year of a biennium, unless the pro-
- 12 gram, project, or activity for which the new budget author-
- 13 ity or obligation limitation is provided will require no ad-
- 14 ditional authority beyond 1 year and will be completed or
- 15 terminated after the amount provided has been expended.".
- 16 (b) Amendment to Table of Contents.—The table
- 17 of contents set forth in section 1(b) of the Congressional
- 18 Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 is amended
- 19 by adding after the item relating to section 316 the fol-
- 20 lowing new item:

"Sec. 317. Consideration of biennial appropriations bills.".

### 21 SEC. 308. REPORT ON CHANGES IN LAW.

- Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of
- 23 this Act, the Director of OMB shall report to the Committees
- 24 on the Budget of the House of Representatives and the Sen-
- 25 ate any changes in law to the Congressional Budget Act

1	of 1974 and the provisions of this Act required to conform
2	with a biennial budget process.
3	SEC. 309. EFFECTIVE DATE.
4	Except as provided in sections 306 and 308, this title
5	and the amendments made by this Act shall take effect on
6	January 1, 2007, and shall apply to budget resolutions and
7	appropriations for the biennium beginning with fiscal year
8	2008.
9	TITLE IV—COMMISSIONS
10	$Subtitle \ A-National \ Commission$
11	on Entitlement Solvency
12	SEC. 401. DEFINITIONS.
13	In this subtitle:
14	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
15	trator" means the Administrator of the Centers for
16	Medicare & Medicaid Services.
17	(2) Calendar day.—The term "calendar day"
18	means a calendar day other than 1 in which either
19	House is not in session because of an adjournment of
20	more than 3 days to a date certain.
21	(3) Commission.—The term "Commission"
22	means the National Commission on Entitlement Sol-
23	$vency\ established\ under\ section\ 402(a).$
24	(4) Commission BILL.—The term "Commission
25	bill" means a bill consisting of the proposed legisla-

1	tive language provisions of the Commission intro-
2	$duced\ under\ section\ 403(a).$
3	(5) Commissioner.—The term "Commissioner"
4	means the Commissioner of Social Security.
5	(6) Long-term.—The term "long-term" means a
6	period of not less than 75 years beginning on the date
7	of enactment of this Act.
8	(7) Medicaid.—The term "Medicaid" means the
9	program established under title XIX of the Social Se-
10	curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.)
11	(8) Medicare.—The term "Medicare" means the
12	program established under title XVIII of the Social
13	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.).
14	(9) Social Security.—The term "Social Secu-
15	rity" means the program of old-age, survivors, and
16	disability insurance benefits established under title II
17	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401 et seq.).
18	(10) Solvency.—The term "solvency" means—
19	(A) in relation to Social Security, any year
20	in which the balance ratio (as defined under sec-
21	tion 709(b) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
22	910(b)) of the Federal Old-Age and Survivors In-
23	surance Trust Fund and the Federal Disability
24	Insurance Trust Fund established under section

1	201 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 401)
2	is greater than zero;
3	(B) in relation to the Medicare program,
4	any year in which there is not excess general
5	revenue medicare funding (as defined in section
6	801(c)(1) of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Im-
7	provement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (Pub-
8	lic Law 108–173; 117 Stat. 2358)); and
9	(C) in relation to Medicaid, any year after
10	2012 in which Gross Domestic Product growth is
11	greater than zero and growth in total Medicaid
12	spending does not exceed growth in Gross Domes-
13	$tic\ Product.$
14	SEC. 402. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
15	(a) Establishment.—There is established a commis-
16	sion to be known as the "National Commission on Entitle-
17	ment Solvency".
18	(b) Purpose.—The Commission shall conduct a com-
19	prehensive review of the Social Security, Medicare, and
20	Medicaid programs for the following purposes:
21	(1) Review.—Reviewing relevant analyses of the
22	current and long-term actuarial financial condition
23	of the Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid pro-
24	grams.

1	(2) Identifying problems.—Identifying prob-
2	lems that may threaten the long-term solvency of the
3	Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid programs.
4	(3) Analyzing potential solutions.—Ana-
5	lyzing potential solutions to problems that threaten
6	the long-term solvency of the Social Security, Medi-
7	care, and Medicaid programs.
8	(4) Providing recommendations.—Providing
9	recommendations that will ensure the long-term sol-
10	vency of the Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid
11	programs and the provision of appropriate benefits.
12	(c) Duties.—
13	(1) In general.—The Commission shall conduct
14	a comprehensive review of the Social Security, Medi-
15	care, and Medicaid programs consistent with the pur-
16	poses described in subsection (b) and shall submit the
17	report required under paragraph (2).
18	(2) Report and recommendations.—
19	(A) In general.—Not later than May 1,
20	2007, the Commission shall submit a report on
21	the long-term solvency of the Social Security,
22	Medicare, and Medicaid programs that contains
23	a detailed statement of the findings, conclusions,

and recommendations of the Commission to the

1	President, Congress, the Commissioner, and the
2	Administrator.
3	(B) Findings, conclusions, and rec-
4	Ommendations.—A finding, conclusion, or rec-
5	ommendation of the Commission shall be in-
6	cluded in the report under subparagraph (A)
7	only if not less than 10 members of the Commis-
8	sion voted for such finding, conclusion, or rec-
9	ommendation.
10	(C) Legislative language.—If a rec-
11	ommendation submitted under subparagraph (A)
12	involves legislative action, the report shall in-
13	clude proposed legislative language to carry out
14	such action.
15	(d) Membership.—
16	(1) Number and appointment.—The Commis-
17	sion shall be composed of 15 members of whom—
18	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President;
19	(B) 3 shall be appointed by the majority
20	leader of the Senate;
21	(C) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
22	leader of the Senate;
23	(D) 3 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
24	the House of Representatives; and

1	(E) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
2	leader of the House of Representatives.
3	(2) Bipartisanship.—Not more than 2 of the 3
4	members appointed by each of the persons identified
5	in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (1)
6	may be affiliated with the same political party.
7	(3) Co-chairpersons.—The President shall des-
8	ignate 2 Co-chairpersons from among the members of
9	the Commission appointed under paragraph (1). The
10	Co-chairpersons may not be affiliated with the same
11	political party.
12	(4) Date.—Members of the Commission shall be
13	appointed by not later than 30 days after the date of
14	enactment of this Act.
15	(5) Period of appointment.—Members shall be
16	appointed for the life of the Commission. Any va-
17	cancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers,
18	but shall be filled in the same manner as the original
19	appointment.
20	(6) Termination.—The Commission shall ter-
21	minate on the date that is 90 days after the Commis-
22	sion submits the report required under subsection
23	(c)(2).
24	(e) Administration.—

1	(1) Quorum.—Eight members of the Commis-
2	sion shall constitute a quorum for purposes of voting,
3	but a quorum is not required for members to meet
4	and hold hearings.
5	(2) Meetings.—The Commission shall meet at
6	the call of the Chairpersons or a majority of its mem-
7	bers.
8	(3) Hearings.—Subject to paragraph (7), the
9	Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out this
10	subtitle—
11	(A) hold such hearings, sit and act at such
12	times and places, take such testimony, receive
13	such evidence, and administer such oaths the
14	Commission considers advisable;
15	(B) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the
16	attendance and testimony of such witnesses the
17	Commission considers advisable; and
18	(C) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the
19	production of such books, records, correspond-
20	ence, memoranda, papers, documents, tapes, and
21	other evidentiary materials relating to any mat-
22	ter under investigation by the Commission.
23	(4) Subpoenas.—
24	(A) Issuance.—

1	(i) In general.—A subpoena may be
2	issued under this subsection only—
3	(I) by the agreement of the Co-
4	chairpersons; or
5	(II) by the affirmative vote of 8
6	members of the Commission.
7	(ii) SIGNATURE.—Subpoenas issued
8	under this subsection may be issued under
9	the signature of both Co-chairpersons of the
10	Commission and may be served by any per-
11	son designated by the chairman or by a
12	member designated by a majority of the
13	Commission.
14	(B) Enforcement.—In the case of contu-
15	macy or failure to obey a subpoena issued under
16	this subsection, the United States district court
17	for the judicial district in which the subpoenaed
18	person resides, is served, or may be found, may
19	issue an order requiring such person to appear
20	at any designated place to testify or to produce
21	documentary or other evidence. Any failure to
22	obey the order of the court may be punished by
23	the court as a contempt of that court.
24	(5) Compensation.—Members of the Commis-
25	sion shall serve without any additional compensation

for their work on the Commission. However, members may be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in performance of services for the Commission.

### (6) STAFF.—

- (A) In General.—With the approval of a majority of the Commission, the chairperson of the Commission may appoint an executive director and such other additional personnel as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties.
- (B) ACTUARIAL EXPERTS AND CONSULT-ANTS.—With the approval of a majority of the Commission, the Executive Director may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code.
- (C) Compensation.—Upon the approval of the chairperson, the executive director may fix the compensation of the executive director and other personnel without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the

1	rate of pay for the executive director and other
2	personnel may not exceed the maximum rate
3	payable for a position at GS-15 of the General
4	Schedule under section 5332 of such title.
5	(D) Personnel as federal employ-
6	EES.—
7	(i) In general.—The executive direc-
8	tor and any personnel of the Commission
9	who are employees shall be employees under
10	section 2105 of title 5, United States Code,
11	for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85,
12	87, 89, 89A, 89B, and 90 of that title.
13	(ii) Members of commission.—Sub-
14	paragraph (i) shall not be construed to
15	apply to members of the Commission.
16	(E) Federal agencies.—
17	(i) Detail of government employ-
18	EES.—Upon the request of the Commission,
19	the head of any Federal agency may detail,
20	without reimbursement by the Commission,
21	any of the personnel of such agency to the
22	Commission to assist in carrying out the
23	duties of the Commission. Any such detail
24	shall not interrupt or otherwise affect the

1	civil service status or privileges of the Fed-
2	$eral\ employee.$
3	(ii) Technical assistance.—Upon
4	the request of the Commission, the head of
5	a Federal agency shall provide such tech-
6	nical assistance to the Commission as the
7	Commission determines to be necessary to
8	carry out its duties.
9	(7) Information.—
10	(A) Resources.—The Commission shall
11	have reasonable access to materials, resources,
12	statistical data, and other information the Com-
13	mission determines to be necessary to carry out
14	its duties from the Library of Congress, the Chief
15	Actuary of Social Security, the Chief Actuary of
16	the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services,
17	the Congressional Budget Office, and other agen-

(B) Receipt, Handling, Storage, and Dissemination of information.—Information shall only be received, handled, stored, and disseminated by members of the Commission and its

cies and representatives of the executive and leg-

islative branches of the Federal Government. The

Chairpersons shall make requests for such access

in writing when necessary.

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1	staff consistent with all applicable statutes, regu-
2	lations, and Executive orders.
3	(C) Limitation of access to tax infor-
4	MATION.—Information requested, subpoenaed, or
5	otherwise accessed under this subtitle shall not
6	include tax data from the United States Internal
7	Revenue Service, the release of which would oth-
8	erwise be in violation of law.
9	(8) Postal services.—The Commission may
10	use the United States mails in the same manner and
11	under the same conditions as other departments and
12	agencies of the Federal Government.
13	(f) Funding.—The Commission shall receive, from
14	amounts appropriated to the Commissioner and the Admin-
15	istrator, respectively, for fiscal year 2007 for administrative
16	expenses, such sums as are necessary to carry out the pur-
17	poses of this section.
18	SEC. 403. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF COMMISSION
19	RECOMMENDATIONS.
20	(a) Introduction and Committee Consider-
21	ATION.—
22	(1) Introduction.—The aggregate legislative
23	language provisions submitted pursuant to section
24	402(c)(2)(C) shall be combined into a Commission
25	bill and shall be introduced in the Senate by the ma-

jority leader, or the majority leader's designee, and in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or the Speaker's designee. Upon such introduction, the Commission bill shall be referred to the appropriate committees of Congress under paragraph (2). If the Commission bill is not introduced in accordance with the preceding sentence, then any member of Congress may introduce the Commission bill in their respective House of Congress beginning on the date that is the 5th calendar day that such House is in session following the date of the submission of such aggregate legislative language provisions.

## (2) Committee consideration.—

- (A) Referral.—A Commission bill introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Finance of the Senate. A Commission bill introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- (B) Reporting.—Not later than 30 calendar days after the introduction of the Commission bill, each Committee of Congress to which the Commission bill was referred shall report the bill or a bill as reported by such Committee. All

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committee amendments must comply with the re-2 quirements of section 402(b)(4) of this subtitle.

> (C) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE.—If a committee to which is referred a Commission bill has not reported a Commission bill or such bill as amended, at the end of 30 calendar days after its introduction or at the end of the first day after there has been reported to the House involved a Commission bill or such bill as amended, whichever is earlier, such committee shall be deemed to be discharged from further consideration of such Commission bill, and such Commission bill shall be placed on the appropriate calendar of the House involved.

## (b) Expedited Procedure.—

### (1) Consideration.—

(A) In General.—Not later than 7 calendar days after the date on which a committee reports a Commission bill, or such bill as amended, or has been discharged from consideration of a Commission bill, the Majority Leader of the Senate, or the Majority Leader's designee, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or the Speaker's designee, shall move to proceed to the consideration of the Commission bill or

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such bill as amended. It shall also be in order for any member of the Senate or the House of Representatives, respectively, to move to proceed to the consideration of the Commission bill at any time after the conclusion of such 7-day period.

(B) MOTION TO PROCEED.—A motion to proceed to the consideration of the Commission bill is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amendment, to a motion to postpone consideration of the Commission bill, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion to proceed is agreed to or not agreed to shall not be in order. If the motion to proceed is agreed to, the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, shall immediately proceed to consideration of the Commission bill without intervening motion, order, or other business, and the Commission bill shall remain the unfinished business of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, until disposed of.

(C) Limited dell amendments thereto and on mission bill and all amendments thereto and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith shall be limited to not more than 50 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing committee amendments to the Commission bill or the Commission bill. A motion further to limit debate on the Commission bill is in order and is not debatable. All time used for consideration of the Commission bill, including time used for quorum calls (except quorum calls immediately preceding a vote) and voting, shall come from the 50 hours of debate.

(D) AMENDMENTS.—No amendment that is not germane to the provisions of committee amendments to the Commission bill or the Commission bill shall be in order in the Senate. All amendments must comply with the requirements of section 402(b)(4) of this subtitle. In the Senate, an amendment, any amendment to an amendment, or any debatable motion or appeal is debatable for not to exceed 1 hour to be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the amendment, motion, or appeal.

1	(E) Motion to recommit.—
2	(i) Vote.—Upon expiration of time
3	for debate, the measure shall be recommitted
4	to committee for further consideration un-
5	less by a 3/5 vote of the Members, duly cho-
6	sen and sworn, the Senate agrees to proceed
7	to final passage.
8	(ii) Recommital.—If the bill is re-
9	committed to committee under clause (i),
10	any new amendments to the Commission
11	bill shall be considered under the provisions
12	of section $403(b)$ .
13	(F) Vote on final passage.—Imme-
14	diately following the conclusion of the debate the
15	Commission bill, the disposition of any pending
16	amendments under subparagraph (D), a motion
17	to recommit under subparagraph (E), and a re-
18	quest to establish the presence of a quorum, the
19	vote on final passage of the Commission bill shall
20	occur.
21	(G) Other motions not in order.—A
22	motion to postpone consideration of committee
23	amendments to the Commission bill or the Com-
24	mission bill, or a motion to proceed to the con-

 $sideration \ of \ other \ business \ is \ not \ in \ order. \ A$ 

1	motion to reconsider the vote by which the Com-
2	mission bill is agreed to or not agreed to is not
3	in order.
4	(2) Consideration by other house.—If, be-
5	fore the passage by one House of the Commission bill
6	that was introduced in such House, such House re-
7	ceives from the other House a Commission bill as
8	passed by such other House—
9	(A) the Commission bill of the other House
10	shall not be referred to a committee and may
11	only be considered for final passage in the House
12	that receives it under subparagraph (C);
13	(B) the procedure in the House in receipt of
14	the Commission bill of the other House, with re-
15	spect to the Commission bill that was introduced
16	in the House in receipt of the Commission bill
17	of the other House, shall be the same as if no
18	Commission bill had been received from the other
19	House; and
20	(C) notwithstanding subparagraph (B), the
21	vote on final passage shall be on the Commission
22	bill of the other House.
23	Upon disposition of a Commission bill that is re-
24	ceived by one House from the other House, it shall no

1	longer be in order to consider the Commission bill
2	that was introduced in the receiving House.
3	(3) Consideration in conference.—
4	(A) Convening of conference.—Imme-
5	diately upon final passage of a Commission bill
6	that results in a disagreement between the two
7	Houses of Congress with respect to a Commission
8	bill, conferees shall be appointed and a con-
9	ference convened.
10	(B) ACTION ON CONFERENCE REPORTS IN
11	THE SENATE.—
12	(i) MOTION TO PROCEED.—The motion
13	to proceed to consideration in the Senate of
14	the conference report on a Commission bill
15	may be made even though a previous mo-
16	tion to the same effect has been disagreed to.
17	(ii) Debate.—During the consider-
18	ation in the Senate of the conference report
19	(including a message between Houses) on a
20	Commission bill, and all amendments in
21	disagreement, including all amendments
22	thereto, and debatable motions and appeals
23	in connection therewith, consideration shall
24	be limited to 20 hours, equally divided and
25	controlled by the majority leader and the

minority leader or their designees. Debate on any debatable motion or appeal related to the conference report (or a message be-tween Houses) shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the con-ference report (or a message between Houses).

## (iii) Motion to recommit.—

(I) Vote.—Upon expiration of time for debate, the conference report and any amendments in disagreement shall be recommitted to committee for further consideration unless by a 3/5 vote of the Senate, duly chosen and sworn, the Senate agrees to proceed to final passage.

(II) RECOMMITAL.—If the conference report is recommitted under subclause (I), the conference report accompanying the bill shall be recommitted to the Conference Committee or it shall be in order for the Senate to immediately proceed without intervening

1 action to consideration of a motion for 2 a new conference.

> (iv)Conference REPORTDE-FEATED.—Should the conference report be defeated, debate on any request for a new conference and the appointment of conferees shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the manager of the conference report and the minority leader or the minority leader's designee, and should any motion be made to instruct the conferees before the conferees are named, debate on such motion shall be limited to ½ hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of conference report. Debate on theamendment to any such instructions shall be limited to 20 minutes, to be equally divided between and controlled by the mover and the manager of the conference report. In all cases when the manager of the conference report is in favor of any motion, appeal, or amendment, the time in opposition shall be under the control of the minority leader or the minority leader's designee.

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1	(v) Amendments in disagree-
2	MENT.—In any case in which there are
3	amendments in disagreement, time on each
4	amendment shall be limited to 30 minutes,
5	to be equally divided between, and con-
6	trolled by, the manager of the conference re-
7	port and the minority leader or the minor-
8	ity leader's designee. No amendment that is
9	not germane to the provisions of such
10	amendments shall be received.
11	(c) Rules of the Senate and the House of Rep-
12	RESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted by Congress—
13	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the
14	Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively,
15	and is deemed to be part of the rules of each House,
16	respectively, but applicable only with respect to the
17	procedure to be followed in that House in the case of
18	a Commission bill, and it supersedes other rules only
19	to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules;
20	and
21	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
22	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
23	they relate to the procedure of that House) at any
24	time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as
25	in the case of any other rule of that House.

1	Subtitle B—Commission on Con-
2	gressional Budgetary Account-
3	ability and Review of Federal
4	Agencies
5	SEC. 411. DEFINITIONS.
6	In this subtitle:
7	(1) AGENCY.—The term "agency" means—
8	(A) an Executive agency, as defined under
9	section 105 of title 5, United States Code; and
10	(B) the Executive Office of the President.
11	(2) Calendar day.—The term "calendar day"
12	means a calendar day other than 1 on which either
13	House is not in session because of an adjournment of
14	more than 3 days to a date certain.
15	(3) Commission bill.—The term "Commission
16	bill" means only a bill which is introduced as pro-
17	vided under section 416, and contains the proposed
18	legislation included in the report submitted to Con-
19	gress under section $413(b)(3)$ , without modification.
20	(4) Program.—The term "program" means any
21	activity or function of an agency.
22	SEC. 412. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
23	(a) Establishment.—There is established the Com-
24	mission on Congressional Budgetary Accountability and

1	Review of Federal Agencies (referred to in this subtitle as
2	the "Commission").
3	(b) Membership.—
4	(1) In general.—The Commission shall consist
5	of 15 members, of which, not later than 30 days after
6	the date of enactment of this Act—
7	(A) 3 shall be appointed by the President;
8	(B) 3 shall be appointed by the majority
9	leader of the Senate;
10	(C) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
11	leader of the Senate;
12	(D) 3 shall be appointed by the Speaker of
13	the House of Representatives; and
14	(E) 3 shall be appointed by the minority
15	leader of the House of Representatives.
16	(2) Chairperson and vice chairperson.—The
17	President shall designate a Chairperson and Vice
18	Chairperson from among the members of the Commis-
19	sion. The Chairperson and the Vice Chairperson may
20	not be affiliated with the same political party.
21	(c) Timing.—Members of the Commission shall be ap-
22	pointed by not later than 30 days after the date of enact-
23	ment of this Act.
24	(d) Period of Appointment; Vacancies.—Members
25	shall be appointed for the life of the Commission. Any va-

1	cancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but
2	shall be filled in the same manner as the original appoint-
3	ment.
4	(e) Meetings.—
5	(1) Initial meeting.—Not later than 30 days
6	after the date on which all members of the Commis-
7	sion have been appointed, the Commission shall hold
8	its first meeting.
9	(2) Subsequent meetings.—The Commission
10	shall meet at the call of the chairperson.
11	(f) Quorum.—A majority of the members of the Com-
12	mission shall constitute a quorum, but a lesser number of
13	members may hold hearings.
14	SEC. 413. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.
15	(a) Systematic Assessment of Programs by the
16	President.—
17	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
18	the date of enactment of this Act and each of the next
19	3 years thereafter, the President shall—
20	(A) establish a systematic method for assess-
21	ing the effectiveness and accountability of agency
22	programs in accordance with paragraph (2) and
23	divide the programs into 4 approximately equal
24	budgetary parts based on the size of the budget

1	and number of personnel of the agency program;
2	and
3	(B) submit, to the Commission each year,
4	an assessment of the programs within each part
5	(one each year) that use the method established
6	under subparagraph (A).
7	(2) Method objectives.—The method estab-
8	lished under paragraph (1) shall—
9	(A) recognize different types of Federal pro-
10	grams;
11	(B) assess programs based on the achieve-
12	ment of performance goals (as defined under sec-
13	$tion \ 1115(g)(4) \ of \ title \ 31, \ United \ States \ Code);$
14	(C) assess programs based in part on the
15	adequacy of the program's performance meas-
16	ures, financial management, and other factors
17	determined by the President;
18	(D) assess programs based in part on
19	whether the program has fulfilled the legislative
20	intent surrounding the creation of the program,
21	taking into account any change in legislative in-
22	tent during the program's existence; and
23	(E) assess programs based in part on col-
24	laborative analysis, with the program or agency,

1	of program policy and goals which may not fit
2	into easily measurable performance goals.
3	(3) Common performance measures.—Not
4	later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this
5	Act, the President shall identify common performance
6	measures for programs covered in paragraph (1) that
7	have similar functions and, to the extent feasible, pro-
8	vide the Commission with data on such performance
9	measures.
10	(b) Evaluation and Plan by Commission.—
11	(1) Development.—The method established
12	under subsection (a) shall be subject to review and
13	change by the Commission. If the Commission makes
14	any changes in the method, the Commission shall no-
15	tify Congress not later than 1 year after reviewing the
16	first assessment from the President under this section.
17	(2) Consideration of Assessments.—The
18	Commission shall consider assessments submitted
19	under subsection (a) when evaluating programs under
20	$this\ subsection.$
21	(3) Assessment and legislation.—
22	(A) In General.—The Commission shall—
23	(i) evaluate all agencies and programs
24	within those agencies in each unit identified
25	in the systemic assessment under subsection

1	(a) (one each year over the next 4 years),
2	using the criteria under subsection (a) sub-
3	ject to modification under paragraph (1);
4	and
5	(ii) submit to Congress each of the next
6	4 years beginning January 1, 2008, with
7	respect to each evaluation under clause
8	(i)—
9	(I) a plan with recommendations
10	of the agencies and programs that
11	should be realigned or eliminated with-
12	in each part; and
13	(II) proposed legislation to imple-
14	ment the plan described under sub-
15	clause $(I)$ .
16	(B) Relocation of federal employ-
17	EES.—The proposed legislation under subpara-
18	graph (A) shall provide that if the position of an
19	employee of an agency is eliminated as a result
20	of the implementation of the plan under sub-
21	paragraph (A)(i), the affected agency shall make
22	reasonable efforts to relocate such employee to
23	another position within the agency or within an-
24	other Federal agency.
25	(4) Criteria.—

1	(A) DUPLICATIVE.—If 2 or more agencies or
2	programs are performing the same essential
3	function and the function can be consolidated or
4	streamlined into a single agency or program, the
5	Commission shall recommend that the agencies
6	or programs be realigned.
7	(B) Wasteful or inefficient.—The
8	Commission may recommend the realignment or
9	elimination of any agency or program that has
10	wasted Federal funds by—
11	(i) egregious spending;
12	(ii) mismanagement of resources and
13	personnel; or
14	(iii) use of such funds for personal ben-
15	efit or the benefit of a special interest group.
16	(C) Outdated, irrelevant, or failed.—
17	The Commission shall recommend the elimi-
18	nation of any agency or program that—
19	(i) has completed its intended purpose;
20	(ii) has become irrelevant; or
21	(iii) has failed to meet its objectives.
22	SEC. 414. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.
23	(a) Hearings.—Subject to subsection (d), the chair-
24	person of the Commission, or his or her designee, may, for
25	the purpose of carrying out this subtitle—

1	(1) hold such hearings, sit and act at such times
2	and places, take such testimony, receive such evidence,
3	and administer such oaths as the chairperson of the
4	Commission considers advisable;
5	(2) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the attend-
6	ance and testimony of such witnesses as the chair-
7	person of the Commission considers advisable; and
8	(3) require, by subpoena or otherwise, the pro-
9	duction of such books, records, correspondence, memo-
10	randa, papers, documents, tapes, and other evi-
11	dentiary materials relating to any matter under in-
12	vestigation by the Commission.
13	(b) Subpoenas.—
14	(1) Issuance.—
15	(A) In general.—A subpoena may be issued
16	under this subsection only—
17	(i) by the agreement of the chairman
18	and the vice chairman of the Commission;
19	or
20	(ii) by the affirmative vote of 8 mem-
21	bers of the Commission.
22	(B) Signature.—Subpoenas issued under
23	this subsection (a) may be issued under the sig-
24	nature of the chairman of the Commission and
25	may be served by any person designated by the

- 1 chairman or by a member designated by a ma-2 jority of the Commission.
- 3 (2) Enforcement.—In the case of contumacy or 4 failure to obey a subpoena issued under subsection 5 (a), the United States district court for the judicial 6 district in which the subpoenaed person resides, is 7 served, or may be found, may issue an order requir-8 ing such person to appear at any designated place to 9 testify or to produce documentary or other evidence. 10 Any failure to obey the order of the court may be 11 punished by the court as a contempt of that court.
- 12 (c) TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—Upon the request of the 13 Commission, the head of a Federal agency shall provide 14 such technical assistance to the Commission as the Commis-15 sion determines to be necessary to carry out its duties.

# 16 (d) Information.—

17 (1) In General.—The Commission shall have 18 reasonable access to budgetary, performance or pro-19 grammatic materials, resources, statistical data, and 20 other information the Commission determines to be 21 necessary to carry out its duties from the Congres-22 sional Budget Office, and other agencies and rep-23 resentatives of the executive and legislative branches 24 of the Federal Government. The Chairpersons shall

- 1 make requests for such access in writing when nec-2 essary.
- 3 (2) Receipt, handling, storage, and dis-SEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—Information shall 5 only be received, handled, stored, and disseminated by 6 members of the Commission and its staff consistent 7 with all applicable statutes, regulations, and Executive orders.
- 9 (3) Limitation of access to personal tax 10 INFORMATION.—Information requested, subpoenaed, 11 or otherwise accessed under this subtitle shall not in-12 clude tax data from the United States Internal Rev-13 enue Service, the release of which would otherwise be 14 in violation of law.
- 15 (e) Receipt, Handling, Storage, and Dissemina-TION OF INFORMATION.—Information shall only be re-16 ceived, handled, stored, and disseminated by members of the Commission and its staff consistent with all applicable stat-18 utes, regulations, and Executive orders. 19
- 20 (f) Postal Services.—The Commission may use the 21 United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the 23 Federal Government.
- SEC. 415. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.
- 25 (a) Compensation of Members.—

- 1 (1) Non-federal members.—Except as pro-2 vided under subsection (b), each member of the Com-3 mission who is not an officer or employee of the Fed-4 eral Government shall not be compensated.
- 5 (2) FEDERAL OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES.—All
  6 members of the Commission who are officers or em7 ployees of the United States shall serve without com8 pensation in addition to that received for their serv9 ices as officers or employees of the United States.
- 10 (b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the Commis11 sion shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem
  12 in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of
  13 agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United
  14 States Code, while away from their homes or regular places
  15 of business in the performance of services for the Commis16 sion.

# 17 (c) STAFF.—

18 (1) In GENERAL.—With the approval of the ma19 jority of the Commission, the chairperson of the Com20 mission may, appoint an executive director and such
21 other additional personnel as may be necessary to en22 able the Commission to perform its duties. The em23 ployment of an executive director shall be subject to
24 confirmation by the Commission.

1 (2) Compensation.—Upon the approval of the 2 chairperson, the executive director may fix the compensation of the executive director and other per-3 4 sonnel without regard to chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relat-5 6 ing to classification of positions and General Schedule 7 pay rates, except that the rate of pay for the executive 8 director and other personnel may not exceed the max-9 imum rate payable for a position at GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of such title. 10

## (3) Personnel as federal employees.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The executive director and any personnel of the Commission who are employees shall be employees under section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, for purposes of chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, 89A, 89B, and 90 of that title.
- (B) Members of commission.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed to apply to members of the Commission.
- 21 (d) Detail of Government Employees.—Any Fed-22 eral Government employee may be detailed to the Commis-23 sion without reimbursement from the Commission, and such 24 detail shall be without interruption or loss of civil service 25 status or privilege.

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1	(e) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
2	TENT Services.—With the approval of the majority of the
3	Commission, the chairperson of the Commission may pro-
4	cure temporary and intermittent services under section
5	3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individ-
6	uals which do not exceed the daily equivalent of the annual
7	rate of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive
8	Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
9	SEC. 416. EXPEDITED CONSIDERATION OF REFORM PRO-
10	POSALS.
11	(a) Introduction and Committee Consider-
12	ATION.—
13	(1) Introduction.—The Commission bill lan-
14	guage provisions submitted pursuant to section
15	413(b)(3) shall be introduced in the Senate by the
16	majoritu laadar or the majoritu laadar's designee and
	majority leader, or the majority leader's designee, and
17	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or
17 18	
	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or
18	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or the Speaker's designee. Upon such introduction, the
18 19	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or the Speaker's designee. Upon such introduction, the Commission bill shall be referred to the appropriate
18 19 20	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or the Speaker's designee. Upon such introduction, the Commission bill shall be referred to the appropriate committees of Congress under paragraph (2). If the
18 19 20 21	in the House of Representatives, by the Speaker, or the Speaker's designee. Upon such introduction, the Commission bill shall be referred to the appropriate committees of Congress under paragraph (2). If the Commission bill is not introduced in accordance with

5th calendar day that such House is in session fol-

lowing the date of the submission of such aggregate
 legislative language provisions.

### (2) Committee consideration.—

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- (A) Referral.—A Commission bill introduced under paragraph (1) shall be referred to any appropriate committee of jurisdiction in the Senate, any appropriate committee of jurisdiction in the House of Representatives, the Committee on the Budget of the Senate and the Committee on the Budget of the House of Representatives. A committee to which a Commission bill is referred under this paragraph may review and comment on such bill, may report such bill to the respective House, and may not amend such bill.
- (B) Reporting.—Not later than 30 calendar days after the introduction of the Commission bill, each Committee of Congress to which the Commission bill was referred shall report the bill.
- (C) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE.—If a committee to which is referred a Commission bill has not reported such Commission bill at the end of 30 calendar days after its introduction or at the end of the first day after there has been reported to the House involved a Commission bill, which-

ever is earlier, such committee shall be deemed to
be discharged from further consideration of such
Commission bill, and such Commission bill shall
be placed on the appropriate calendar of the
House involved.

### (b) Expedited Procedure.—

### (1) Consideration.—

- (A) In General.—Not later than 7 calendar days after the date on which a committee has reported a Commission bill or been discharged from consideration of a Commission bill, the majority leader of the Senate, or the majority leader's designee, or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or the Speaker's designee, shall move to proceed to the consideration of the Commission bill. It shall also be in order for any member of the Senate or the House of Representatives, respectively, to move to proceed to the consideration of the Commission bill at any time after the conclusion of such 7-day period.
- (B) Motion to proceed to the consideration of a Commission bill is highly privileged in the House of Representatives and is privileged in the Senate and is not debatable. The motion is not subject to amend-

ment, to a motion to postpone consideration of the Commission bill, or to a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion to proceed is agreed to or not agreed to shall not be in order. If the motion to proceed is agreed to, the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, shall immediately proceed to consideration of the Commission bill without intervening motion, order, or other business, and the Commission bill shall remain the unfinished business of the Senate or the House of Representatives, as the case may be, until disposed of.

(C) LIMITED DEBATE.—Debate on the Commission bill and on all debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be divided equally between those favoring and those opposing the Commission bill. A motion further to limit debate on the Commission bill is in order and is not debatable. All time used for consideration of the Commission bill, including time used for quorum calls (except quorum calls immediately preceding a vote) and voting, shall come from the 10 hours of debate.

1	(D) Amendments.—No amendment to the
2	Commission bill shall be in order in the Senate
3	and the House of Representatives.
4	(E) Vote on final passage.—Imme-
5	diately following the conclusion of the debate on
6	the Commission bill, the vote on final passage of
7	the Commission bill shall occur.
8	(F) Other motions not in order.—A
9	motion to postpone consideration of the Commis-
10	sion bill, a motion to proceed to the consider-
11	ation of other business, or a motion to recommit
12	the Commission bill is not in order. A motion to
13	reconsider the vote by which the Commission bill
14	is agreed to or not agreed to is not in order.
15	(2) Consideration by other house.—If, be-
16	fore the passage by one House of the Commission bill
17	that was introduced in such House, such House re-
18	ceives from the other House a Commission bill as
19	passed by such other House—
20	(A) the Commission bill of the other House
21	shall not be referred to a committee and may
22	only be considered for final passage in the House
23	that receives it under subparagraph (C);
24	(B) the procedure in the House in receipt of
25	the Commission bill of the other House, with re-

1	spect to the Commission bill that was introduced
2	in the House in receipt of the Commission bill
3	of the other House, shall be the same as if no
4	Commission bill had been received from the other
5	House; and
6	(C) notwithstanding subparagraph (B), the
7	vote on final passage shall be on the Commission
8	bill of the other House.
9	Upon disposition of a Commission bill that is re-
10	ceived by one House from the other House, it shall no
11	longer be in order to consider the Commission bill
12	that was introduced in the receiving House.
13	(c) Rules of the Senate and the House of Rep-
14	RESENTATIVES.—This section is enacted by Congress—
15	(1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the
16	Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively,
17	and is deemed to be part of the rules of each House,
18	respectively, but applicable only with respect to the
19	procedure to be followed in that House in the case of
20	a Commission bill, and it supersedes other rules only
21	to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules;
22	and
23	(2) with full recognition of the constitutional
24	right of either House to change the rules (so far as
25	they relate to the procedure of that House) at any

1	time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as
2	in the case of any other rule of that House.
3	SEC. 417. TERMINATION OF THE COMMISSION.
4	The Commission shall terminate 90 days after the date
5	on which the Commission submits the final evaluation and
6	plan report under section 413.
7	SEC. 418. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as
9	may be necessary for carrying out this Act for each of the
10	fiscal years 2007 through 2011.
11	TITLE V—BUDGET PROCESS
12	REFORMS
13	SEC. 501. DEFINITIONS.
14	Section 3 of the Congressional Budget and Impound-
15	ment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 622) is amended by—
16	(1) redesignating paragraphs (3) through (10) as
17	paragraphs (7) through (14), respectively;
18	(2) adding after paragraph (3) the following:
19	"(3) Direct spending.—The term 'direct
20	spending' means—
21	"(A) budget authority provided by law other
22	$than\ appropriation\ Acts;$
23	"(B) mandatory spending provided in ap-
24	propriation Acts; and
25	"(C) entitlement authority.

1	"(4) DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS.—The
2	term 'discretionary appropriations' means budgetary
3	resources (except to fund direct spending programs)
4	provided in appropriation Acts.
5	"(5) Governmental receipts.—The term 'gov-
6	ernmental receipts' means revenue or collections from
7	the public based on the government's exercise of its
8	sovereign powers, including but not limited to indi-
9	vidual and corporate income taxes, social insurance
10	taxes, customs, fines, compulsory license fees, deposits
11	of earnings by the Federal Reserve System, duties,
12	tariffs, other fees, miscellaneous receipts, gifts, and
13	contributions.
14	"(6) Secondary or indirect effects.—The
15	term 'secondary or indirect effects' means changes in
16	direct spending or government receipts other than the
17	direct, observable effects of changes in legislation on
18	related accounts, including—
19	"(A) the impact of changes in spending leg-
20	islation on Federal tax receipts or the impact of
21	changes in Federal tax laws on total Federal
22	$spending;\ or$
23	"(B) the impacts on spending or govern-
24	ment receipts if there is no statutory connection
25	or established interaction between a legislative

1	proposal and its impact on the operation of cur-
2	rent law."; and
3	(3) adding at the end the following:
4	"(15) BUDGET YEAR.—The term 'budget year'
5	means, with respect to a session of Congress, the fiscal
6	year of the Government that starts on October 1 of the
7	calendar year in which that session begins.
8	"(16) Current year.—The term 'current year'
9	means, with respect to a budget year, the fiscal year
10	that immediately precedes that budget year.".
11	SEC. 502. ANNUAL CONCURRENT RESOLUTION ON THE
12	BUDGET.
13	Section 301 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
14	(2 U.S.C. 632) is amended—
15	(1) in subsection (a)—
16	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "Federal
17	revenues" both places it appears and inserting
18	$"governmental\ receipts";$
19	(B) in paragraph (4), by striking "major
20	functional category" and inserting "standing, se-
21	lect, or special committee of the House of Rep-
22	resentatives and the Senate, as appropriate,";
23	(C) in paragraphs (6) and (7), by striking
	"For" and inserting "for"; and

1	(D) in the matter following paragraph (7),
2	by striking "old age" and inserting "old-age";
3	(2) in subsection (b)—
4	(A) in paragraph (3), by striking "entitle-
5	ment authority" and inserting "direct spend-
6	ing"; and
7	(B) in paragraph (7), by inserting "is de-
8	scribed in detail to allow the Chairman of the
9	Committee on the Budget to determine whether it
10	qualifies for such revision and the legislation"
11	after "that legislation";
12	(3) in subsection (d)—
13	(A) in the caption, by striking "and esti-
14	mates of" and inserting ", estimates, and rec-
15	ommendations for deficit reduction from all";
16	(B) in the first sentence, by striking "its
17	views" and inserting "its specific recommenda-
18	tions for changes in law within the jurisdiction
19	of the committee making the submission that re-
20	sult in deficit reduction and its views"; and
21	(C) in the third sentence, by striking "or
22	functions"; and
23	(4) in subsection (e)—
24	(A) in paragraph (2)—

1	(i) by redesignating subparagraphs (B)
2	through (D) as subparagraphs (C) through
3	$(E), \ respectively;$
4	(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs
5	(E) and (F) as subparagraphs (G) and (H),
6	respectively;
7	(iii) by inserting after subparagraph
8	(A) the following:
9	"(B) with respect to the Committee on Ap-
10	propriations of the House of Representatives and
11	Senate, an estimate of total new budget author-
12	ity and total outlays with the estimates divided
13	between discretionary and mandatory amounts";
14	and
15	(iv) by adding after subparagraph (E),
16	as redesignated, the following:
17	"(F) with respect to each standing, select, or
18	special committee of the House of Representatives
19	and Senate, an estimate of governmental receipts
20	within the jurisdiction of that committee;"; and
21	(B) in paragraph (3)(B), by—
22	(i) striking "Federal revenues" and in-
23	serting "governmental receipts"; and
24	(ii) striking "such revenues" and in-
25	sert "such aovernmental receints".

# 1 SEC. 503. COMMITTEE ALLOCATIONS.

2	Section 302 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
3	(2 U.S.C. 633(a)) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraph (3)
5	and inserting the following:
6	"(3) Further division of amounts in the
7	HOUSE.—The amounts allocated to each committee of
8	the House of Representatives for each fiscal year,
9	other than the Committee on Appropriations, shall be
10	further divided between amounts provided or required
11	by law on the date of filing of that conference report
12	and amounts not so provided or required. The
13	amounts allocated to the Committee on Appropria-
14	tions shall be further divided between discretionary
15	and mandatory amounts or programs, as appro-
16	priate."; and
17	(2) in subsection $(g)(2)$ , by striking "committee"
18	and inserting "Committee".
19	SEC. 504. BUDGET RESOLUTION ADOPTION.
20	Section 303(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
21	(2 U.S.C. 634(a)) is amended to read as follows:
22	"(a) In General.—Beginning on the first day of a
23	new session of Congress, and until the concurrent resolution
24	for the fiscal year beginning in October of the year the new
25	session of Congress begins has been agreed to, it shall not
26	be in order to consider with respect to the budget year cov-

1	ered by that resolution, any bill or joint resolution, amend-
2	ment or motion thereto, or conference report thereon that—
3	"(1) provides budget authority for the budget
4	year;
5	"(2) provides an increase or decrease in govern-
6	mental receipts during the budget year;
7	"(3) provides an increase or decrease in the pub-
8	lic debt limit for the budget year;
9	"(4) in the Senate only, provides new direct
10	spending for the budget year; or
11	"(5) in the Senate only, provides for an increase
12	or decrease in outlays for the budget year.".
13	SEC. 505. CONSIDERATION OF THE BUDGET RESOLUTION.
14	Section 305 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
15	(2 U.S.C. 636) is amended by—
16	(1) redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (e);
17	and
18	(2) striking subsections (b) and (c) and inserting
19	$the\ following:$
20	"(b) Procedure in Senate After Report of Com-
21	mittee; Consideration; Amendments.—
22	"(1) Consideration in the Senate on any concur-
23	rent resolution on the budget, and all amendments
24	thereto and debatable motions and appeals in connec-
25	tion therewith, shall be limited to not more than 50

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hours, except that with respect to any concurrent resolution referred to in section 304 all such debate shall be limited to not more than 15 hours. The time shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.

"(2) Debate in the Senate on any amendment to a concurrent resolution on the budget shall be limited to 2 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution, and debate on any amendment to an amendment, debatable motion, or appeal shall be limited to 1 hour to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution, except that in the event the manager of the concurrent resolution is in favor of any such amendment, motion, or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee. No dilatory motion, or dilatory amendment shall be in order. Amendments that are not germane to the provisions of such concurrent resolution shall not be in order. For the purpose of this Act, amendments that are predominantly precatory shall not be in order. Such managers, or either leader, may, from the time under their control on the consid-

- eration of the concurrent resolution, allot additional time to any Senator during the consideration of any amendment, debatable motion, or appeal.
  - "(3) Following the presentation of opening statements on the concurrent resolution on the budget for a fiscal year by the chairman and ranking minority member of the Committee on the Budget of the Senate, there shall be a period of up to 4 hours for debate on economic goals and policies.
  - "(4) Subject to the other limitations of this Act, only if a concurrent resolution on the budget reported by the Committee on the Budget of the Senate sets forth the economic goals (as described in sections 3(a)(2) and 4(b) of the Employment Act of 1946) which the estimates, amounts, and levels (as described in section 301(a)) set forth in such resolution are designed to achieve, shall it be in order to offer to such resolution an amendment relating to such goals, and such amendment shall be in order only if it also proposes to alter such estimates, amounts, and levels in germane fashion in order to be consistent with the goals proposed in such amendment.
  - "(5) A motion to further limit consideration is not debatable. A motion to recommit (except a motion to recommit with instructions to report back within

- a specified number of days, not to exceed 3, not counting any day on which the Senate is not in session)
  is not in order. Debate on any such motion to recommit shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided
  between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the concurrent resolution.
- 7 "(6) Notwithstanding any other rule, an amend-8 ment or series of amendments to a concurrent resolu-9 tion on the budget proposed in the Senate shall al-10 ways be in order if such amendment or series of 11 amendments proposes to change any figure or figures 12 then contained in such concurrent resolution so as to 13 make such concurrent resolution mathematically con-14 sistent or so as to maintain such consistency.
- 15 "(c) Request for Conference in the Senate.— Consideration of all motions in relation to a request for 16 a conference with the House of Representatives shall be lim-17 18 ited to not more than 1 hour and debate on a motion to 19 instruct the conferees shall be limited to 20 minutes to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and 20 21 the manager of the concurrent resolution, except that in the event the manager of the concurrent resolution is in favor 23 of any such amendment, motion, or appeal, the time in opposition thereto shall be controlled by the minority leader or his designee.

1	"(d)	ACTION	ON	Conference	Reports	IN	THE	SEN-
2	ATE.—							

"(1) A motion to proceed to the consideration of the conference report on any concurrent resolution on the budget (or a reconciliation bill or resolution) may be made even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to.

"(2) During the consideration in the Senate of a conference report (including a message between Houses) on any concurrent resolution on the budget, including all amendments in disagreement, and all amendments thereto, and debatable motions and appeals in connection therewith, consideration shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and minority leader or their designees. Debate on any debatable motion or appeal related to the conference report (or a message between Houses) shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the mover and the manager of the conference report (or a message between Houses).

"(3) Should the conference report be defeated, consideration of any request for a new conference and the appointment of conferees shall be limited to 1 hour, to be equally divided between, and controlled by,

1 the manager of the conference report and the minority 2 leader or his designee, and should any motion be 3 made to instruct the conferees before the conferees are named, debate on such motion shall be limited to 20 minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled 5 6 by, the mover and the manager of the conference re-7 port. Debate on any amendment to any such instruc-8 tions shall be limited to 10 minutes, to be equally di-9 vided between and controlled by the mover and the 10 manager of the conference report. In all cases when 11 the manager of the conference report is in favor of 12 any motion, appeal, or amendment, the time in oppo-13 sition shall be under the control of the minority lead-14 er or his designee.

"(4) In any case in which there are amendments in disagreement, the time for debate on each amendment shall be limited to 30 minutes, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the manager of the conference report and the minority leader or his designee. No amendment that is not germane to the provisions of such amendments shall be received."

### 22 SEC. 506. BUDGET PROJECTIONS.

- 23 Section 308(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
- 24 (2 U.S.C. 639(c)) is amended—

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1	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "revenues" and
2	inserting "governmental receipts"; and
3	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking "entitlement"
4	and inserting "direct spending".
5	SEC. 507. RECONCILIATION.
6	Section 310 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974
7	(2 U.S.C. 641) is amended—
8	(1) in subsection (a), by striking paragraphs (1)
9	and (2) and inserting the following:
10	"(1) specify the total amount by which—
11	"(A) new budget authority;
12	"(B) budget authority;
13	"(C) new direct spending authority; and
14	"(D) governmental receipts other than in-
15	come taxes, estate and gift taxes, excise taxes or
16	payroll taxes, duties, or tariffs;
17	contained in laws, bills, and resolutions within the
18	jurisdiction of a committee is to be changed for any
19	of the fiscal years covered by the resolution and direct
20	that committee to determine and recommend changes
21	to accomplish a change of such total amount;
22	"(2) specify the total amount by which govern-
23	mental receipts including income taxes, estate and
24	gift taxes, excise taxes or social insurance taxes, mis-
25	cellaneous receipts, duties, or tariffs are to be changed

1	and direct that the committees having jurisdiction to					
2	determine and recommend changes in the govern-					
3	mental receipt laws, bills, and resolutions to accom					
4	plish a change of such total amount;";					
5	(2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the					
6	following:					
7	"(b) Legislative Procedure.—					
8	"(1) If a conference report on a concurrent reso					
9	lution containing reconciliation instructions to 1 of					
10	more committees to determine and recommen					
11	changes in laws, bills, or resolutions is agreed to in					
12	accordance with subsection (a)—					
13	"(A) each such committee so instructed shall					
14	promptly make such determination and rec-					
15	ommendations and submit such recommenda-					
16	tions to the Committee on the Budget of its					
17	House, which upon receiving all such rec-					
18	ommendations, shall report to its House rec-					
19	onciliation legislation carrying out all such rec-					
20	ommendations without any substantive revision;					
21	and					
22	"(B) in the event that any committee fails					
23	to comply with its instruction, then the Commit-					
24	tees on the Budget may report amendments rec-					

ommending changes within the jurisdiction of

1	the noncompliant committee to achieve the					
2	changes contained in the instruction.					
3	"(2) For purposes of this subsection, a reconcili-					
4	ation resolution is a concurrent resolution directing					
5	the Clerk of the House of Representatives or the Sec					
6	retary of the Senate, as the case may be, to mak					
7	specified changes in bills and resolutions which hav					
8	not been enrolled.";					
9	(3) in subsection (c), by adding at the end th					
10	following:					
11	"(3) Secondary or indirect effects of the legislative rec-					
12	ommendations submitted by any committee of the House					
13	of Representatives or the Senate that is instructed pursuant					
14	to a concurrent resolution on the budget, shall be attributed					
15	to the committee proposing the change in law, but shall not					
16	be considered for the purpose of determining compliance					
17	with such instructions.";					
18	(4) by striking paragraphs (1) through (4) of					
19	subsection (d) and inserting the following:					
20	"(1) It shall not be in order in the House of Represent-					
21	atives to consider any amendment to a reconciliation bill					
22	or reconciliation resolution if such amendment would have					
23	the effect of increasing any specific budget outlays above					
24	the level of such outlays provided in the bill or resolution					
25	(for the fiscal years covered by the reconciliation instruc					

- 1 tions set forth in the most recently agreed to concurrent res-
- 2 olution on the budget), or would have the effect of reducing
- 3 any specific governmental receipts below the level of such
- 4 governmental receipts provided in the bill or resolution (for
- 5 such fiscal years), unless such amendment makes at least
- 6 an equivalent reduction in other specific budget outlays, an
- 7 equivalent increase in other specific governmental receipts,
- 8 or an equivalent combination thereof (for such fiscal years),
- 9 except that a motion to strike a provision providing new
- 10 budget authority or new entitlement authority may be in
- 11 order.
- 12 "(2) It shall not be in order in the Senate to consider
- 13 any amendment to a reconciliation bill or reconciliation
- 14 resolution if such amendment would have the effect of de-
- 15 creasing any specific budget outlay reductions below the
- 16 level of such outlay reductions provided (for the fiscal years
- 17 covered) in the reconciliation instructions which relate to
- 18 such bill or resolution set forth in a resolution providing
- 19 for reconciliation, or would have the effect of reducing gov-
- $20\ \ ernmental\ receipts\ increases\ below\ the\ level\ of\ such\ increases$
- 21 in such governmental receipts provided (for such fiscal
- 22 years) in such instructions relating to such bill or resolu-
- 23 tion, unless such amendment makes a reduction in other
- 24 specific budget outlays, an increase in other specific govern-
- 25 mental receipts, or a combination thereof (for such fiscal

1	years) at least equivalent to any increase in outlays or de-					
2	crease in governmental receipts provided by such amend					
3	ment, except that a motion to strike a provision shall at					
4	ways be in order.					
5	"(3) Paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not apply if a de					
6	laration of war by the Congress is in effect.					
7	7 "(4) For purposes of this section, the levels of bud					
8	B authority, outlays, and governmental receipts for a fisc					
9	year shall be determined on the basis of estimates made l					
10	the Committee on the Budget of the House of Represente					
11	tives or of the Senate, as the case may be."; and					
12	(5) in subsection (e)—					
13	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", mo-					
14	tions in relation to a request for conference,"					
15	after "under subsection (b)"; and					
16	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "Debate"					
17	and inserting "Consideration".					
18	SEC. 508. BUDGETING LEVELS.					
19	Section 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974					
20	(2 U.S.C.642(a)) is amended—					
21	(1) in the matter after subparagraph (C) in					
22	paragraph (1), by striking "total revenues" and in-					
23	serting "total governmental receipts"; and					
24	(2) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "revenues"					
25	and inserting "governmental receipts".					

1	SEC. 509. DETERMINATIONS AND POINTS OF ORDER.					
2	(a) In General.—Section 312 of the Congressiona					
3	Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 643) is amended—					
4	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "revenues" a					
5	inserting "governmental receipts";					
6	(2) by striking subsections (b) and (c);					
7	(3) by redesignating subsections (d) through (					
8	as subsections (b) through (d), respectively; and					
9	(4) by adding at the end the following:					
10	"(e) Congressional Budget Office Score fo					
11	1 Conference Reports.—It shall not be in order to co					
12	2 sider a report of a committee of conference unless an offici					
13	written cost estimate or table by the Congressional Budge					
14	Office is available at the time of consideration.".					
15	(b) Supermajority Points of Order.—Subsection					
16	$\delta$ (c)(1) and (d)(2) of section 904 of the Congressional Budge					
17	and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 621 note)					
18	are amended by—					
19	(1) inserting "312(e)," after "310(d)(2),"; and					
20	(2) inserting "and section 223 of the Stop Over					
21	Spending Act of 2006" after "of this Act".					
22	SEC. 510. EXTRANEOUS MATTER IN RECONCILIATION LEG-					
23	ISLATION.					
24	Section 313 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974					
25	(2 U.S.C. 644) is amended—					

1	(1) in subsection (a) by striking "or section					
2	258C" through "1985";					
3	(2) in subsection (b), by—					
4	(A) striking paragraph (1) and inserting					
5	$the\ following:$					
6	"(1)(A) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a provided					
7	7 sion of a reconciliation bill or reconciliation resolution of					
8	3 sidered pursuant to section 310 shall be considered extr					
9	neous if such provision does not produce a change in ou					
10	) lays or governmental receipts, including changes in outla					
11	and governmental receipts brought about by changes in the					
12	2. terms and conditions under which outlays are made or go					
13	ernmental receipts are required to be collected (but a prov					
14	sion in which outlay decreases or governmental receipts in					
15	creases exactly offset outlay increases or governmental re					
16	ceipts decreases shall not be considered extraneous by virtue					
17	of this subparagraph); (B) except with respect to consider-					
18	ation of conference reports, any provision producing an in-					
19	crease in outlays or decrease in governmental receipts shall					
20	be considered extraneous if the net effect of provisions re-					
21	ported by the committee reporting the title containing the					
22	provision is that the committee fails to achieve its reconcili-					
23	ation instructions, or if the increase in outlays or decreases					
24	in governmental receipts exceeds 20 percent of the total					
25	change required in a committee's instruction: (C) a provi-					

sion that is not in the jurisdiction of the Committee with jurisdiction over said title or provision shall be considered 3 extraneous (except that amendments reported by the Com-4 mittee on the Budget to achieve compliance with reconcili-5 ation instructions shall not be extraneous); (D) a provision shall be considered to be extraneous if it increases, or would 6 increase, net outlays, or if it decreases, or would decrease 8 governmental receipts during a fiscal year after the fiscal years covered by such reconciliation bill or reconciliation 10 resolution, and such increases or decreases are greater than outlay reductions or governmental receipts increases resulting from other provisions in such title in such year; and 12 (E) a provision shall be considered extraneous if it violates 13 section 310(q)."; and 14 15 (B) adding at the end the following: 16 "(4) Technical and conforming provisions shall not be considered extraneous under this section."; and 18 (3) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "(b)(1)(E), 19 or (b)(1)(F)" and inserting "(b)(1)(E)". 20 SEC. 511. ADJUSTMENTS. 21 Title III of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 22 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) is amended by— 23 (1) striking section 314; and 24 (2) redesignating section 315 as section 314.

### 1 SEC. 512. DIRECT SPENDING LIMITATION.

- 2 Title III of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2)
- 3 U.S.C. 621 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the
- 4 following:
- 5 "DIRECT SPENDING LIMITATION
- 6 "Sec. 315. (a) In General.—The chairman of the
- 7 Committee on the Budget of the Senate may submit to the
- 8 Senate a notification of a Medicare funding warning if the
- 9 chairman projects that within 7 years General Fund of the
- 10 Treasury contributions to Medicare funding, expressed as
- 11 a percentage of total Medicare outlays, will exceed 45 per-
- 12 cent.
- 13 "(b) Point of Order.—It shall not be in order to
- 14 consider any bill, joint resolution, amendment or conference
- 15 report that would cause any increase in direct spending,
- 16 net of proposals to change direct spending, receipts, or reve-
- 17 nues contained in the measure, if a Medicare Funding
- 18 warning has been submitted to the Senate pursuant to sub-
- 19 section (a) for 2 consecutive calendar years.
- 20 "(c) Waiver.—This section may be waived or sus-
- 21 pended only by an affirmative vote of three-fifths of the
- 22 members, duly chosen and sworn.
- 23 "(d) APPEALS.—An affirmative vote of three-fifths of
- 24 the Members, duly chosen and sworn, shall be required to
- 25 sustain an appeal of the ruling of the Chair on a point
- 26 of order raised under this section.

- 1 "(e) Determinations.—For the purposes of this sec-
- 2 tion, the determination of whether Medicare funding war-
- 3 rants a funding warning and when it may be appropriate
- 4 to withdraw such warning, as well as the levels of net direct
- 5 spending as required under subsection (b), shall be provided
- 6 by the chairman of the Committee on the Budget.
- 7 "(f) Cancellations.—If legislation is enacted to re-
- 8 duce the general fund contribution below 45 percent, as de-
- 9 termined by the chairman of the Committee on the Budget,
- 10 any notification of a Medicare funding warning is with-
- 11 *drawn*.".
- 12 SEC. 513. APPROPRIATIONS REQUESTS OF THE PRESIDENT.
- 13 Section 1108(e) of title 31, United States Code, is
- 14 amended by striking "Congress or a" and inserting "Con-
- 15 gress and a".

# Calendar No. 520

109TH CONGRESS S. 3521

[Report No. 109-283]

# A BILL

To establish a new budget process to create a comprehensive plan to rein in spending, reduce the deficit, and regain control of the Federal budget process.

July 14, 2006

Reported with an amendment